## **COWELL Implant Solution**

Ver.30 Help your daily practice superior

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# The Beginning of Premium Korean Dental Implant



# THE OLDEST IMPLANT CASE IN KOREA



#35: BIOPLANT, 1st generation of the COWELL Implant, Korea's first dental implant developed in 1994.
#25, 36 & 37: ATLAS Implant System, 3rd generation of the COWELL Implant, Korea's first ASD treated Implant.
#32, 33 & 47: INNO Implant System, Cowellmedi's 4th generation implant surface, SLA-SH treated implant.





Atlas

INNO Implant

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# COWELLMEDI HISTORY

### For the first time in Korea,

Beginning with Korea's First Dental Implant, the COWELLMEDI has been leading the way to the future biomedia industry with the fusion technology to its E.rhBMP-2 developed for the first time in the world.

<ul> <li>Developed KOREA'S FIRST DENTAL IMPLANT, BIOPLANT.</li> <li>Succeed in localizing DENTAL IMPLANT FOR THE FIRST TIME IN KOREA.</li> </ul>
1998 • Founded Asrahi Medical.
1999 • Established R&D corporation with PNU's Oral and Biotechnology Research Center.
<ul> <li>Converted to COWELLMEDI corporation (Cowellmedi Co., Ltd.).</li> <li>Obtained ISO9001 certificate.</li> </ul>
• Developed ASD surface treatment technology for dental implant for the first time in Korea.
• Obtained US FDA approval for the BIOPLANT Implant System.
• Medaled for contribution of developing KOREA'S FIRST DENTAL IMPLANT from Korean Government.
<ul> <li>Obtained GMP, ISO13485 and CE certificate.</li> <li>Obtained US FDA approval for the ATLAS Implant System.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>• Established COWELLMEDI USA and COWELLMEDI Taiwan.</li> <li>• Established COWELLMEDI Tissue Engineering Institute for Growth Factors.</li> </ul>
• Obtained a KR patent for dental implants coated with E.rhBMP-2, E.Coli derived Recombinant Human Bone Morphogenetic Protein type 2, developed for THE FIRST TIME IN THE WORLD.
• Completed preclinical trials on E.rhBMP-2 (COWELL BMP).
• Obtained MFDS approval for clinical trials on the COWELL BMP.

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### Noun, singular

1. Cowellmedi is a manufacturer of dental implants, regenerativ materials, instruments and The company is well known as the manufacturer that developed and launched Korea's first dental implant, called Bioplant<sup>™</sup>. As one of key players in dental healthcare industry, the company was founded in wing obtained a patent in Korea and USA for its rhB implant surface coating technology, Cowellmy tic attention from the world dental com dental implant manufactur

2010	• Held the 1st WORLD BMP Symposium in Seoul, Ko
2011	Obtained a US patent for E.rhBMP-2 Coated Imp
2012	Obtained MFDS Approval for E.rhBMP-2 Spinal For Launched the INNO Implant System.
2013	Obtained US FDA approval for the the INNO Impl
2014	Established a R&D and Education Organization,
2015	Developed SUPER-HYDROPHILIC implant surface     (Sandblasted, Large-grit, Acid-etched, and S
2016	<ul> <li>Established COWELLMEDI China.</li> <li>Established educational cooperation with MMS</li> </ul>
2017	Launched the Sonator 80's System, an implant-set
2018	<ul> <li>Launched the InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh, a non-resort</li> <li>Appointed as a global IP(Intellectual Property) st</li> </ul>
2019	<ul> <li>Published "20 YEARS OF OUTCOMES, 20 YEARS C a clinical case collection with a record of COWEL</li> </ul>
2020	Obtained MDSAP certificate.
2021	<ul> <li>Obtained CE certificate for the InnoGenic Wifi-M</li> <li>Obtained Health Canada approval for the INNO I</li> </ul>
2022	Obtained a new factory site for Cowellmedi Glob

• Obtained MFDS manufacturing and sales approval for the COWELL BMP. lorea.

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-usion Clinical Test Plan

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S (Miami Medical Seminars).

supported overdenture system

rbable membrane.

star enterprise.

OF CLINICAL EVIDENCE OF COWELL Implant System", LL Implant System for over 20 years.

Aesh and PTFE-Mesh. Implant System.

bal Innovation Centre in Busan

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COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

COWELLMEDI History 005



# Research and Education in Implant Dentistry.

The REID is a global institute, standing for Research and Education in Implant Dentistry.

The REID has been dedicated to researching technology and knowledge for implant dentistry, creating more predictable concepts of treatment, and developing cutting-edge products in implant dentistry and related fields as its first objective of the establishment.

As its second objective of the establishment, the REID also has been committed to training dental professionals with world-class clinicians, lecturers, and education curricula.

The REID is now reaching more clinicians with easier access to a variety of clinical solutions and open discussions where everyone can attend.

Should you have any to share with us to achieve our mission together, be a part of us. The REID is always open for you.

### MISSION

To improve how the world dental community treats implant dentistry by providing dental professionals with internationally multidisciplinary education service and state of the art treatment concepts as well as comprehensive quality research for the benefit of patients.

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION



- Constructing the future of implant dentistry and related fields.
- The world-class education provider and research institute.
- Sharing more know-hows to have better ideas by expanding a worldwide network of members.
- Providing training systems accessible to any dental professional across the globe.

## **Process Flow Chart**

### **CNC** Machining



Precise machining process using state of the art computer numerical control system fused to the COWELL Class 1000, operated by a world-class technical unit.

### **Surface Treatment**



The SLA-SH Surface treatment with biologically active materials to achieve the ideal osseointegration.

### Cleansing



The cleansing process by ultrasonic wave using the 3rd distilled water, vacuum dry, and heating dry sterilization leaves no residue and ultimately sterilizes the products.

### **Packing and Sterilization**



Sanitarily packed products at cleanrooms are sterilized by gamma-ray using radiation isotope.

### **Shipping Warehouse**



The finished products are sorted and stored at warehouses for immediate delivery.

Inspection



Absolutely accurate test and quality control system with cutting edge equipment such as optical profiling measurer, stereoscopic microscope, micrometer scope, and other specialized devices for dental implant manufacturing.



# **COWELL Warranty**

### \* For more details, visit our website at www.cowellmedi.com

. Guarantee bene	ficiary and scope		
Products	Period		Remarks
Implant	Lifetime	Replacement with equivalent Implant	The period shall begin from the sale date
Scope of Warranty	,		
2) Surgical benefit	oduct material or t	he manufacturing process is flawed. d to the bone.	
within 30 days 2) When such con	thereafter.	ansplanting implants (procedure), the staff in charge ustomer Complaint Report shall be written out and s fuct.	
. Exclusions from W			
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# **Package System**

### 1. Color classification (Coding) by fixture type and external label marking

A. Color classification by fixture type



B. External label marking and color coding by fixture diameter & fixture type

- > Color coding by diameter on the external label.
- > Reuse is prohibited after opening as the product is sterilized.
- > After the ampule is opened, care should be taken from dropping, which may be caused by incomplete fastening.
- > Store at room temperature and in a dry place, and care should be taken from contamination after the product is opened.
- > Discard expired products.

SAND Sub. Fixture     SAND Sub. Fixture     SAND Sub. Fixture     SAND Sub. Fixture     Sandarana	Do Not Reuse
	Diameter
INNO Fixture (No-Mount)	Fixture Type(abbr.)
PRODUCT NAME : COWELL INNO Implant System CATALOG No. REF: ST4010SM	Submerged (Sub.)
SIZE : Ø4.0X10mm(Sub.Hex.Taper) LOT NO. LOT : 22A060040A DATE OF MANUFACTURE MI : 2022-01-06	Submerged Short (Sub.)
USE BY 2: 2027-01-05 PACKING UNIT : 1EA STORAGE CONDITION : Store at room temperature and in a dry place.	Internal (Int.)
Do Not Reuse Caution 1°C 30°C	External (Ext.)
STERILE R Using Inadiation I Instructions Manufacture I Cowellimedi 48, Hakqam-daero 221 beon-qil, Sasanq-qu, Busan,	Submerged Narrow (Sub-N.)
46986, Republic of Korea TEL.;+82-51-312-2027-8 Website: http://www.cowellmedi.com D/T : 218 Trianon LN Villanova PA 19085-1442 USA EC-Representative [E][82]: Certification Experts B.V.	Mini Cement (1P-C.)
Ameriandseweg 7, 3621 ZC Breukelen, The Netherlands (01) 08800016106725 (11) 220106	Mini Ball (1P-B.)
(10) 22A060040A (21) 0004	
Rx Only UI23 CONTROL DEVICE CWM-L-004 (Ver.3)	

\*Ex.) INNO Sub. Fixture (No-Mount) Dimension: Ø4.0X10mm



Ø2.5

Bisque

1

4

1°C 30°C <u>(aut</u>		aution	STERILE R Sterilized Using Irradiation		Consult Instructions for Use			
Ø3.0	Ø3.1	Ø3.3	Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0	Ø5.5	Ø6.0
Green	Burgundy	Orange	Yellow	Emerald	Red	Pink	Violet	Gray
-	-	-	*	~	V	st.	-	~
_	-	-	_	~	~	*	~	×
_	_	_	*	~		*	_	×
_	_	_	×	~	4	~	_	×.
_	~	×.	-	_	-	_	-	_
st.	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_
~	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_

COWELLMEDI HISTORY



### COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM Instructions for Use

#### 1 Device Description

The COWFLLMEDL implant system includes a variety of precision-machined fixtures manufactured from titanium. These implants are surgically inserted into a mandible (the lower jawbone) or a maxillary bone (the upper jawbone) and serve as a replacement for a patient's tooth root providing a stable foundation for restoration.

#### 2. Intended for use

To support dental prosthesis as a dental device, which is implanted into alveolar bone to recover masticatory function and give better esthetics in patients with partially or full edentulous jaws

#### 3. Directions for use

1) Surgery - The first stage

- a. According to the patient's condition, appropriate dental cleaning operations may be performed and preventive antibiotics may be administered prior to implant operation.
- b. Clean and disinfect the operative site, administer local anesthesia in the area and expose the alveolar bone by making appropriate incisions and reflecting the gingival tissues along the alveolar crest in the area from where teeth were extracted.
- c. Drill into the gum in order to implant a fixture into the planned place with various dental operation tools. The speed of the revolution of the drill should be adjusted by the condition of the bone and the kinds of operation tools. Saline solution should be poured onto the area so that necrosis doesn't occur by heating of the bone (The speed for all drilling should be less than 1,200 rpm).
- d. Remove the external sterile package cover sheet: open the cap of the ampule: affix the Fixture Driver (in case of No-mount Fixture) or the Mount Driver (in case of Pre-mount Fixture) to the Hand-piece and connect it to the fixture: move the assembled piece to the osteotomy site for the implant using care to prevent the assembled piece from being separated or contaminated with foreign materials.
- e. A fixture is implanted into the bone as planned depth by turning (25~30 rpm) a hand-piece clockwise with 15~50 N.cm torque. In event that it is hard to insert, extend the width of bone by Tap Drill or Countersink (less than 1,200 rpm) in
- order to facilitate better implantation f. After finishing implantation, the treated part should be sutured by using a hex driver to connect to the Cover Screw with torque 5 N.cm to prevent the intrusion of a foreign substance in the fixture.

#### 2) Surgery - The second stage

- a. Incise gingival of the upper part of fixture subsequent to bone fusion and remove Cover Screw, tighten up Healing Abutment and start gingival curing for a prosthesis
- b. In general, surgery is done by a method that makes prosthesis.

#### 4 Contraindication

- The operation should be reconsidered when the patient has any of the following conditions.
- a. Patient with oral infection or inflammation
- b. In the case of low-quality bone which will result in an unstable implant. c. Patients who have a drinking problem or mental disease or substance or
- medicine abuse.
- d. Internal diseases such as hematodyscrasia or diabetes and undernourishment. e. Any patient who is not suitable for operation

#### 5. Warnings

Implant surgery and restoration involve complex dental procedures. For safe and effective use of the COWELLMEDI fixtures, it is strongly suggested that specialized training be undertaken since the surgical techniques required to place dental implants are highly specialized and complex procedures. Improper patient selection and technique can contribute to fixture failure and/or loss of supporting bone. the COWELLMEDI fixtures are intended for use only in the indicated applications. Dental fixtures must not be altered in any way. The use of electro-surgical instruments or lasers around metallic fixtures and their abutments is not recommended due to the risk of electric shock and/or burns. Fixture mobility, bone loss, or chronic infection may indicate fixture failure. The treatment should be done in an aseptic condition by an operator who wears an aseptic costume. If the fixture becomes contaminated by the patient's body fluids in any way, the fixture cannot be used in any other patient.

#### 6. Precautions

The surgical techniques required to place endosseous dental fixtures require specialized and complex procedures. Formal training for the placement of fixtures is recommended

Important: Determine local anatomy and suitability of the available bone for fixture placement. Thorough screening of prospective fixture candidates must be performed. Visual inspection as well as panoramic and periapical radiographs are essential to determine anatomical landmarks, occlusal conditions, periodontal

status, and adequacy of bone. Lateral cephalometric radiographs, CT scans and tomograms may also be beneficial. Adequate radiographs, direct palpation and visual inspection of the fixture site are necessary prior to treatment, planning and use of the COWELLMEDI fixtures.

#### 7. Adverse Effects

Some of the complications (loss of fixture anchorage, prosthesis etc.) are possible occurrences after surgery. Lack of quantity or poor quality of remaining bone, infections, poor patient oral hygiene or cooperation, patient discomfort, fixture mobility, local soft tissue degeneration, and unfavorable fixture placement or alignment are some potential causes for loss of anchorage.

#### 8. Surgical complications

The implant procedure has risks, including localized swelling, dehiscence, tenderness of short duration, edema, hematoma or bleeding. Numbness of the lower lip and chin region following lower jaw surgery, and of the tissue beside the nose following upper jaw surgery, is a possible side-effect of the surgery. Though it would most probably be of a temporary nature, in very rare cases, the numbness has been permanent. Gingival mucosal (gum tissue) ulceration, tissue reaction, or infection may occur, but generally responds to local care.

#### 9. Post-implant Management

- a. The upper jaw requires a healing period of 6-8 months depending on the bone quality, and the lower jaw requires a healing period of 3-5 months, again depending on the bone quality. If pressure is applied to the fixture during the healing period, such as in mastication, early fixation may not be achieved or sseointegration of the fixture may not occur within the healing period.
- b. Once the operator clinically determines that sufficient osseointegration has been achieved, he/she should begin producing the dental prosthesis.
- c. The Lot Number Identification Tag and the X-ray film should be attached to the patient's chart, to track the product when needed.
- d. The operator should determine the osseointegration status of the implant through X-ray and clinical methods such as percussion and/or reverse torquing.

#### 10. Storage / Sterilization and Handling

- a. Store the product at room temperature and in a dry place.
- b. The fixture, fixture mount, and cover screw have been cleaned and sterilized through radiation (gamma irradiation) and are ready for use.
- c. The product packages should be opened just before their use during the operation. Expired products should not be used.
- d. Only appropriate sterilized surgical tools made specifically for dental implants should be used during the operation.

#### 11 Expiration date

The expiration date of the product is 5 years from manufacturing.

### 12. Cleaning & Sterilization

Cleaning of surgical instruments supplied non-sterile should be performed according to current dental standard practices. Select a suitable method of cleaning that removes all visible contamination from the product in sterilized and distilled water. After cleaning, package the product appropriately and then sterilized by autoclave at the minimum condition of 250°F (121°C/15 mins).

#### 13. Caution

- a. As this product is sterilized by Gamma radiation, it should not be used under any circumstances if open
- b. Every product is disposable. It should not be reused.

#### COWELLMEDI Co., Ltd.

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D/T

#### COWELLMEDI USA INC. 218 Trianon LN Villanova PA 19085-1442 USA Tel. +1-623-939-1344 Fax. +1-623-939-1472

EC-REPRESENTATIVE Certification Experts B.V. Amerlandseweg 7, 3621 ZC Breukelen, The Netherlands







### Taking out the ampule



Press the upper dotted area to open, and take out the sterilized blister pack.

### **Fixture separation**



Hold the ampule with both hands and twist it 45 degrees to separate the middle part. Care should be taken to prevent the fixture from falling off.

### **Cover Screw separation**



Separate the upper part of the ampule.

### 3. Fixture packaging opening and the sequence of the product extraction





2 Remove the moisture-resistant paper on the back of the blister pack and drop the amount back of the blister pack, and drop the ampule lightly on the palm of a practitioner or surgical clothes.



2 Fixtures are fastened in two ways. 1) No-Mount -> Fasten with the Fixture Driver. 2) Pre-Mount -> Fasten with the Mount Driver.



Fasten the Hex Driver to the Cover Screw completely. Care must be taken to prevent the patient from swallowing the Cover Screw at the time of placing.

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

REID

### 4. Abutment packaging and external label marking



### 5. Surgical Kit packaging and external label marking



Implant Innovation



# Achieving cell-to-cell communication with SLA-SH

### made with the longest experience in Korea

Superhydrophilicity, Uniform micro-surface geometry, Maximized BIC, and Acceleration of osseointegration

### Aspiring for 100% perfection with SLA-SH



## **SLA-SH Surface Treatment**

Achieving cell-to-cell communication

### SLA-SH: Sandblasted, Large-grit, Acid-etched, and Super-Hydrophilised

- > Long-lasting super-hydrophilic activation by special soaking technology.
- > Macro-pore & micro-pore of Ti-oxide layer mimicking the etched enamel rod of the tooth.
- > Even distribution of roughness through the whole portion of the implant surface.
- > No destruction or alteration of the surface is caused even with torgue force of 120 N.cm.
- > Acceleration of osseointegration and maximization of BIC.

### 1. Evaluation using SEM (Scanning Electron Microscope) Images

A. SLA-SH Surface magnified X300, 1,000 and 3,000





X300

X1.000

B. Comparison to other SLA treated implants currently sold in the market



- > Surface treatment patterns were observed on electron microscope photographs of 5,000 magnifications for top parts of the implants.
- > Sand-blasted surface conditions were observed in the product A, B, and C due to insufficient acid etching patterns in
- > The entire surface of the SLA-SH treated implant showed uniform acid etching patterns. This implies that the acid etching of the SLA-SH surface is perfect.

>  $Al_2O_3$  free, sandblasted with biocompatible grits unlike the majority of other implants sold in the market.





deep parts as the SLA-SH is sandblasted with biocompatible grits with even particle size unlike others are done with alumina.

REID

SLA-SH 017

### 2. Evaluation using SSEM (Stereo Scanning Electron Microscope) 3D images

### A. SLA-SH Surface



B. Comparison to other SLA treated implants currently sold in the market



Upper Ra : 2.47 µm Lower Ra: 3.11,4m Deviation: 0.64µm



Upper Ra : 1.07 µm Lower Ra: 1.13 µm Deviation: 0.06µm





Upper Ra: 2.65 µm Lower Ra : 2.09 µm Deviation: 0,56µm



Upper Ra : 1.80 µm Lower Ra : 1.95,4m Deviation: 0,15µm

> Uniform distribution of Macro-pore and micro-pore.

> Roughness of the SLA-SH showed 1.90um while the others were 1.07 to 3.11um.

### 3. The surface activity increased due to the great surface wetness

A. Contact angle measurement evaluation result for the saline solution





After SLA treatment (133.06°)

activation treatment (36.33°)

After the hydrophilic and super-hydrophilic activation by special soaking technology, the sample became extremely hydrophilic and the surface energy increased, which facilitated the expedition of osteoblast activation to fuse to the bone faster.

Capillarity in the actual clinical setting, which accelerated the penetration of blood. \* Quoted from the website of Cowellmedi Clinical Research Group (www.e-cowellmedi.com)

B. Relation between surface wetness and roughness



After SLA treatment (Ra: 1.78/J)

> There was almost no difference in surface roughness and micro-geometry, and the difference of surface wetness took place in the same physicochemical properties as surface energy increased by hydrophilic activation treatment.

C. Physicochemical alteration of surface by hydrophilic activation treatment

Name	Start BE	Peak BE	End BE
C1s	290	284.6	280.5
)1s	535.3	530.42	525.6
Ti2p	468.1	458.78	450.4

### After SLA treatment

- by carbon in the atmosphere is prevented during packing and sterilization.

activation treatment (9°)





Scan or click to see how hydrophilic SLA-SH is



After super-hydrophilicity activation treatment (Ra: 1.90//m)

### After hydrophilicity activation treatment

> Surface wetness was improved by the increased surface energy of C1s, O1s and Ti2p after hydrophilic activation treatment. > To maintain and even to enhance surface wetness, super-hydrophilic activation treatment was carried out and contamination REID

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

### 4. Its safety has been proven through perfect cleaning with an automated system

A. Comparison of surface element tests through X-ray diffraction



> Cutting-edge automated system that produces the 3rd distilled water.

### B. Comparison of surface element tests (X-ray Photo-electron Spectroscopy, XPS)

					Unit:9	D
Sample	C1s	01s	Ti2p	Si2p	N1s	
Α	34.12	45.05	15.11	5.24	0.47	
В	31.84	46.49	15.22	4.87	1.57	
С	32.19	47.58	17.58	2.65	N.D	
SLA-SH	27.19	50.81	17.61	N.D	N.D	

> Quantitative analysis of each surface element found 30% carbon, 47% oxygen, 16% titanium, and 4% silicon in all products.

> For the SLA-SH, they only consisted of carbons(C1s), oxygen(O1s), and titanium(Ti2p).

> Sodium hydroxide, the main element of the alkali washing solution, combined with silicon(Si) to form water-soluble  $Na_2SiO_2(OH)_2 \cdot 4H_2O(water glass)$ , which removed the other elements.

C. Comparison of elution tests using combustion ion chromatography

							Unit : ppm
Sample	F-	CI-	NO <sub>2</sub> -	SO4 <sup>2-</sup>	Br⁻	NO <sub>3</sub> -	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>
А	N.D	0.024	0.027	0.002	N.D	0.031	N.D
В	N.D	0.027	0.019	0.002	N.D	0.030	N.D
С	N.D	0.071	0.020	N.D	N.D	0.023	N.D
SLA-SH	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	0.032	N.D

> Similar ions were detected in all the products, but they are not harmful to humans because their elements and quantities do not affect the human body and those have been proven in many studies.

I Init : nom

- > For the SLA-SH, no other elements except for  $NO_3^-$  were detected. Alkali washing completely removed the  $SO_4^{2-}$  and Cl<sup>-</sup> ions of sulfuric acid and hydrochloric acid, which are used for heated acid etching because they form water-soluble salts of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and NaCl.
- > No elements that interfere with osteo anagenesis were found from both the surface and elution elements, which shows that the cleansing process was perfectly carried out.

### **COWELL CLASS 1000** A SUBTLE DIFFERENCE MAKES THE DENTAL IMPLANT OR NOT

### 1. Fixture manufacturing tolerance evaluation



### 2. Prosthetic component manufacturing tolerance evaluation



	Manufacturing Tolerance								
imens	ecimen was fixed in Jig. imensional difference of 3 inner hexagonal connection sides Hex-2, Hex-3) of 5 specimens was measured.								
ng Mic	roscope and Jig								
	ensional difference of 3 inner hexagonal sides is than ±0.001mm (1.000/#) from 2.500mm.								
	INNO Submerg	ged Fixture (5 Piece	es of ST4510S)						
	#2	#3	#4	#5					
	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500					
	2.500	2.501	2.500	2.500					
	2.500	2.500	2.501	2.499					
	2.500 2.500 2.500 2.500								
	2.500								
		Pass							
	No more than ±0.001mm (1.000/#\)								

Manu	factu	rina <sup>.</sup>	Toler	ance
Ivianu	iactu	inig	IOICI	ance

a. The specimen was fixed in Micro-Measuring Instrument. b. Each dimensional difference of 3 outer hexagonal connection sides (Hex-1, Hex-2, Hex-3) of 5 specimens was measured.

Micro-Measuring Instrument

Each dimensional difference of 3 outer hexagonal connection sides is no more than ±0.001mm (1.000/#) from 2.490mm.

INNO Sub. Cemented Abutmen	t (5 Pieces of 2SCH4515)
----------------------------	--------------------------

	#2	#3	#4	#5
	2.490	2.490	2.490	2.490
1	2.490	2.490	2.490	2.490
	2.490	2.490	2.490	2.491
1	2.490	2.490	2.490	2.490
		2.490		

Pass

No more than ±0.001mm (1.000 //m) COWELLMEDI HISTORY

REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

COWELL CLASS 1000 021

## **COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM**

### Help your daily practice superior

### Volume-up Healing Abutment

Devised to prevent food penetration and form aesthetic cervical areas by restoring the contracted buccal alveolar bone and gingiva to their original shape and width.

INNO Submerged Narrow Fixture

Designed for the anterior esthetic zone with the narrow alveolar ridge. Double tapered threads acquire higher primary stability through a wedge action.

### **INNO Submerged Short Fixture**

Designed for severe bone resorption. Wide and deep upper threads prevent the compressive necrosis of the cortical bone.

### **Miniplus Fixture**

Designed for mandible anterior spaces and edentulous arch. Semi-permanent or temporary solution for anterior spaces with the extremely narrow ridge.

### **INNO Submerged Fixture**

Designed for all clinical cases, including immediate implant placement, immediate loading, implant depth adjustment, maxillary sinus, etc. Simply doing all for your implant treatment.

FULL SURGICAL KIT

Cowellmedi

### INNO External Fixture

The platform neck with open thread aids in the stable engraftment of the periosteum at the bone-implant interface.

### **INNO Internal Fixture**

4 spiral round cutting edges maximize the efficiency of self-tapping with a sharp edge and accommodate bone chips as ideal cutting edge pocket space.

Cemented Abutment The anti-rotational face prevents the prosthesis from rotating, keeping the prosthesis stable.

### **Beauty-up Abutment**

Meta G UCLA Abutment

Castable abutment with a metal base that can be modified into angulated. telescopic, and custom abutment.

Specially designed to solve esthetical and functional challenges when SCRP with angulated screw channel is required in the anterior portion.

### **COWELL** IMPLANT SYSTEM

Easy Temporary Abutment

Temporary restoration for the anterior esthetic zone that offers a simpler, speedier, and safer chair-side process.

Angulated Abutment A simple solution for the anterior esthetic zone.

> Milling Abutment Block abutment to customize contouring.

### Multi S&A Abutment

Designed for both edentulous and partially edentulous arches. A broad range of prosthetic options meets diverse clinical requirements.

### Lock Abutment

Designed for the same purpose as the Multi S&A Abutment, but for prosthetic restorations in narrow ridges.

### **Ball Abutment**

Used to treat patients with minimal standards of care for implant-supported overdentures at an affordable cost.

Sonator 80's S&A Abutment Designed for use with removable implant-supported overdentures in whole or part by endosseous implants in maxilla and mandible.

## **INNO Implant System : Fixture Design**



#### Tapered Hex Connection with **Double Contacts**

- > Allows for an ideal cold welding between the fixture and abutment.
- > Prevents micro-sinking of the abutment.
- > Minimizes micromovement and
- distribute stress against loading.

### Wide and Deep Upper Threads

- > Prevent the compressive necrosis of the cortical bone.
- > Minimize the need for countersink drills.
- > Increase the mechanical strength by reinforcing the thickness.

### **Double Tapered Threads**

- > Ensure initial stability even in areas with poor bone quality or alveolar socket.
- > Allow the fixture inserted more than half its length into the drilled hole to be placed in only 2 to 4 turns.
- > Achieve higher primary stability with wedge action, even with an additional half turn.



Shortens the placement time with 5mm or more of already entered depth as well as double thread.

### > Enables stable engraftment of the periosteum at the interface between bone and implant.

### **Open Threads**

**Platform Neck** 

> Allow the fixture to be placed deeper without additional drilling.

#### 4 spiral round cutting edges

- > Maximize the efficiency of self-tapping with sharp edges.
- > Allow for smooth placement of the fixture but provide higher initial stability (see test table below).

### **Concave Apex Threads** with Sharp Cutting Edges

- > Prevent Schneiderian membrane from being ripped.
- > Enhance initial stability of the fixture in extraction sockets.
- \* Comparison of the average placement torque force of 4 different fixtures (4pcs each) with dimensions of Ø4.5X10mm in 5.0 and 5.5mm deep holes of type 2 bone quality test block.

Classification	INNO	А	В	C
Depth 5.0mm	26.2 N.cm	29.2 N.cm	26.8 N.cm	28.4 N.cm
Depth 5.5mm	44.0 N.cm	38.0 N.cm	34.4 N.cm	38.5 N.cm

sinus, and etc.



### Simpler, Speedier, and Safer Surgical Kits Providing dedicated kits for different types of fixtures.







### All in One Drill: Minimal drilling frequency with Initial and Final Drill

Chair time for implantation is shortened because the fixture can be implanted with just three times of drilling for general bone quality (Fixture Ø3.5 to 4.5).



### Advantageous design for all clinical cases such as immediate implant placement and loading, implant placement & immediate loading, implant depth adjustment, maxillary

bmerged Narrow (Sub-N.)	Internal (Int.)	External (Ext.)
SUB-N. HEXAGON SYSTEM	INT. OCTAGON SYSTEM	EXT. HEXAGON SYSTEM





INNO-Fixture Design 025

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

### **Abutment Prosthetic Protocol**

> For digital procedure, refer to the COWELL Digital Products (Refer to the page 166 to 187).

### **1. Fixture Level Impression - Prosthesis Fabrication**

### **\* Two Piece Screw Retained Abutment**

Submerged & Submerged Short : Temporary | Easy Temporary External : Temporary

### \* Two Piece Screw-Cement Retained / Cement Retained Abutment

Submerged & Submerged Short : Cemented | Angulated | Beauty-up | Milling | Meta G UCLA | Plastic UCLA Hybrid S | Hybrid L | Hybrid A | Ti-Block Submerged Narrow : Cemented | Angulated | Temporary | Meta G UCLA | Hybrid S | Hybrid L | Hybrid A Internal : Cemented | Angulated | Meta G UCLA | Hybrid S | Hybrid L External : Cemented | Angulated | Temporary | Meta G UCLA | Plastic Sleeve



### 2. Abutment Level Impression - Prosthesis Fabrication

- \* Two / One Piece Screw Retained Abutment Submerged & Submerged Short : Multi S | Multi A | Lock Submerged Narrow : Multi S | Multi A
- \* One Piece Cemented Retained Abutment Submerged & Submerged Short : Absolute | Straight (Direct) Submerged Narrow : Straight Internal : Solid | Shoulder External : Shoulder

### **\* Two / One Piece Attachment Retained Abutment**

Submerged & Submerged Short : Sonator S | Sonator A | Ball Internal : Sonator S | Ball External : Ball

Indirect Impression Technique











on the Lab Analog





REID

COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

Abutment Prosthetic Protocol 027

# **INNO SUBMERGED IMPLANT** (Sub.)

**System Flow** 



## **INNO Submerged Implant**

SUB. Hexagon System

Submerged Fixture Surface Treatment: SLA-SH > Interchangeable with hexagonal morse tapered fixture > Internal hex connection (Taper 11°/ Hex 2.5)



\*Ex.)

### **INNO Fixture Code**



S	Т	40	10	S	
Туре	body	Diameter	Length	Surface Treatment	Mount
<b>S</b> ubmerged	Taper	Ø <b>4.0</b>	10mm	SLA	Pre-Mount

*Ex.)	
SLA Pre-Mount	ST4010S

SLA No-Mount ST4010SM

No-Mount > Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Cover Screw.



Diameter Ø4.0 Length 7 ST4007SM 8 ST4008SM 10 ST4010SM 12 **ST**4012**SM ST**4014**SM** 14 16 ST4016SM 18 ST4018SM



Diameter Ø4.5 Length 7 ST4507SM **ST**4508**SM** 8 **ST**4510**SM** 10 12 **ST**4512**SM** 14 **ST**4514**SM** 16 **ST**4516**SM** 18 **ST**4518**SM** 



Diameter Ø5.0 Length ST5007SM 7 ST5008SM 8 10 ST5010SM 12 **ST**5012**SM** 14 ST5014SM



Diameter Length	Ø6.0
-	
7	ST6007SM
8	ST6008SM
10	ST6010SM
12	ST6012SM
14	-



### INNO-SUBMERGED IMPLANT 031



COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

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### Pre-Mount > Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Cover Screw + 1 Mount.

Diameter Length	Ø3.5
7	-
8	ST3508S
10	<b>ST</b> 3510 <b>S</b>
12	<b>ST</b> 3512 <b>S</b>
14	<b>ST</b> 3514 <b>S</b>

Diameter	Ø4.0
Length	
7	ST4007S
8	ST4008S
10	<b>ST</b> 4010 <b>S</b>
12	<b>ST</b> 4012 <b>S</b>
14	<b>ST</b> 4014 <b>S</b>
16	<b>ST</b> 4016 <b>S</b>
18	<b>ST</b> 4018 <b>S</b>

Diameter	Ø4.5
Length	
7	<b>ST</b> 4507 <b>S</b>
8	ST4508S
10	<b>ST</b> 4510 <b>S</b>
12	<b>ST</b> 4512 <b>S</b>
14	<b>ST</b> 4514 <b>S</b>
16	<b>ST</b> 4516 <b>S</b>
18	<b>ST</b> 4518 <b>S</b>

Diameter	Ø5.0
Length	
7	<b>ST</b> 5007 <b>S</b>
8	ST5008S
10	<b>ST</b> 5010 <b>S</b>
12	<b>ST</b> 5012 <b>S</b>
14	<b>ST</b> 5014 <b>S</b>

Diameter Length	Ø6.0
7	ST6007S
8	ST6008S
10	<b>ST</b> 6010 <b>S</b>
12	<b>ST</b> 6012 <b>S</b>
14	-

















COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

### Fixture Mount



Length	5.4
	2 <b>SMHR</b> 001
> Packing unit:	Mount + 1 Mount Screw.
5	Mount + 1 Mount Screw. 1 the Hex Driver.



<ul><li>Packing unit:</li><li>To seal the co</li></ul>	1 Cover Screw. nical interface of the fixture.		*Extra Product
5.2			* 2 <b>SCS</b> 002
4.2		* 2 <b>SCS</b> 001	
3	2 <b>SCS</b> 000		
Diameter Length	Ø3.35	Ø3.75	Ø4.15

> The longer Cover Screw for the deeply inserted fixture.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

### Healing Abutment



Diameter	Ø4.5		Ø5.5		Ø6.5	
Length Cuff	1	2	1	2	1	2
1	2 <b>HS</b> 4511		2 <b>HS</b> 5511		2 <b>HS</b> 6511	
2		2 <b>HS</b> 4522		2 <b>HS</b> 5522		2 <b>HS</b> 6522
3		2 <b>HS</b> 4532		2 <b>HS</b> 5532		2 <b>HS</b> 6532
4		2 <b>HS</b> 4542		2 <b>HS</b> 5542		2 <b>HS</b> 6542
5		2 <b>HS</b> 4552		2 <b>HS</b> 5552		2 <b>HS</b> 6552
7		2 <b>HS</b> 4572		2 <b>HS</b> 5572		2 <b>HS</b> 6572
Diameter	Ø7	.5	Ø	3.5	Ø9	9.5
Length Cuff	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	2 <b>HS</b> 2	7532	2HS	8532	2 <b>HS</b>	9532

> Packing unit: 1 Healing Abutment.

> For remodeling gingival contour during soft tissue healing.

> Select the abutment according to gingival height and abutment type.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

### Volume-up Healing Abutment



Diameter	Ø6.5	Ø7.5	Ø8.5			
Length Cuff	2	2	2			
3	VUHN6532	VUHN7532	VUHN8532			
> Packing unit: 1 Volume-up Healing Abutment (Inbuilt Abutment Screw).						

off-centered

> Used for an implant procedure to form the gingival tissue and alveolar bone in the form of natural teeth and gums by prevention or minimizing the food penetration.

> Extremely effective when used with the COWELL BMP.

> Recommended to use with the Volume-up Guide System.

- > Select the abutment according to gingival height and abutment type.
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver.
- > Tightening torque force: 25~35N.cm.

### **Prosthetic Procedure I**

**Components Selection Guide for Cemented and UCLA Abutment** 







Easy Temporary Abutment (Hex) (N-Hex) Temporary Abutment





### lure I d and UCLA Abutment

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

### **Cemented Abutment**

1.2 Hex.



Туре	Hex								
Diameter	Ø4.5			Ø5.5			Ø6.5		
Length Cuff	4	5.5	7	4	5.5	7	4	5.5	7
1	2 <b>SCH</b> 4514	2 <b>SCH</b> 4515	2 <b>SCH</b> 4517	2 <b>SCH</b> 5514	2 <b>SCH</b> 5515	2 <b>SCH</b> 5517	2 <b>SCH</b> 6514	2 <b>SCH</b> 6515	2 <b>SCH</b> 6517
2	2 <b>SCH</b> 4524	2 <b>SCH</b> 4525	2 <b>SCH</b> 4527	2 <b>SCH</b> 5524	2 <b>SCH</b> 5525	2 <b>SCH</b> 5527	2 <b>SCH</b> 6524	2 <b>SCH</b> 6525	2 <b>SCH</b> 6527
3	2 <b>SCH</b> 4534	2 <b>SCH</b> 4535	2 <b>SCH</b> 4537	2 <b>SCH</b> 5534	2 <b>SCH</b> 5535	2 <b>SCH</b> 5537	2 <b>SCH</b> 6534	2 <b>SCH</b> 6535	2 <b>SCH</b> 6537
4	2 <b>SCH</b> 4544	2 <b>SCH</b> 4545	2 <b>SCH</b> 4547	2 <b>SCH</b> 5544	2 <b>SCH</b> 5545	2 <b>SCH</b> 5547	2 <b>SCH</b> 6544	2 <b>SCH</b> 6545	2 <b>SCH</b> 6547
5	2 <b>SCH</b> 4554	2 <b>SCH</b> 4555	2 <b>SCH</b> 4557	2 <b>SCH</b> 5554	2 <b>SCH</b> 5555	2 <b>SCH</b> 5557	2 <b>SCH</b> 6554	2 <b>SCH</b> 6555	2 <b>SCH</b> 6557
Туре					N-Hex				
Type Diameter		Ø4.5			N-Hex Ø5.5			Ø6.5	
	4	Ø4.5 5.5	7	4		7	4	Ø6.5 5.5	7
Diameter	<b>4</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 4514		<b>7</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 4517	<b>4</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 5514	Ø5.5	<b>7</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 5517	<b>4</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 6514		<b>7</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 6517
Diameter Length Cuff	-	5.5			Ø5.5 5.5			5.5	
Diameter Length Cuff	2 <b>SCN</b> 4514	<b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 4515	2 <b>SCN</b> 4517	2 <b>SCN</b> 5514	<b>Ø5.5</b> <b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 5515	2 <b>SCN</b> 5517	2 <b>SCN</b> 6514	<b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 6515	2 <b>SCN</b> 6517
Diameter Length Cuff 1 2	2 <b>SCN</b> 4514 2 <b>SCN</b> 4524	<b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 4515 2 <b>SCN</b> 4525	2 <b>SCN</b> 4517 2 <b>SCN</b> 4527	2 <b>SCN</b> 5514 2 <b>SCN</b> 5524	<b>Ø5.5</b> <b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 5515 <b>2SCN</b> 5525	2 <b>SCN</b> 5517 2 <b>SCN</b> 5527	2 <b>SCN</b> 6514 2 <b>SCN</b> 6524	<b>5.5</b> 2 <b>SCN</b> 6515 2 <b>SCN</b> 6525	2 <b>SCN</b> 6517 2 <b>SCN</b> 6527

> Packing unit: 1 Cemented Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Prosthesis.

- > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.
- > Gold color for more translucent restoration.
- > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others.
- > Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR200).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.
- > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
- > Fixture level impression.

### Angulated Abutment



Туре	Hex-A				He	x-B		
Diameter(Angle)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)	Ø5.5(15°)	Ø5.5(25°)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)	Ø5.5(15°)	Ø5.5(25°)
Length Cuff	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
1	2 <b>SAH</b> 45151	2 <b>SAH</b> 45251	2 <b>SAH</b> 55151	2 <b>SAH</b> 55251	2 <b>SAH</b> 45151 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 45251 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55151 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55251 <b>B</b>
2	2 <b>SAH</b> 45152	2 <b>SAH</b> 45252	2 <b>SAH</b> 55152	2 <b>SAH</b> 55252	2 <b>SAH</b> 45152 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 45252 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55152 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55252 <b>B</b>
3	2 <b>SAH</b> 45153	2 <b>SAH</b> 45253	2 <b>SAH</b> 55153	2 <b>SAH</b> 55253	2 <b>SAH</b> 45153 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 45253 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55153 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55253 <b>B</b>
4	2 <b>SAH</b> 45154	2 <b>SAH</b> 45254	2 <b>SAH</b> 55154	2 <b>SAH</b> 55254	2 <b>SAH</b> 45154 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 45254 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55154 <b>B</b>	2 <b>SAH</b> 55254 <b>B</b>

Туре	N-Hex					
Diameter(Angle)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)	Ø5.5(15°)	Ø5.5(25°)		
Length Cuff	8	8	8	8		
1	2 <b>SAN</b> 45151	2 <b>SAN</b> 45251	2 <b>SAN</b> 55151	2 <b>SAN</b> 55251		
2	2 <b>SAN</b> 45152	2 <b>SAN</b> 45252	2 <b>SAN</b> 55152	2 <b>SAN</b> 55252		
3	2 <b>SAN</b> 45153	2 <b>SAN</b> 45253	2 <b>SAN</b> 55153	2 <b>SAN</b> 55253		
4	2 <b>SAN</b> 45154	2 <b>SAN</b> 45254	2 <b>SAN</b> 55154	2 <b>SAN</b> 55254		

> Packing unit: 1 Angulated Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Solution for the anterior esthetic zone.

- > Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR100).
- > Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Select Hex-A or Hex-B according to the case.

- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.
- > Fixture level impression.







> The gingival line of the B allows more esthetic prosthesis. > Oval design allows lower incisal application (Mesiodistal diameter: 3.8mm).

\* Torx A Ratchet Driver



**Milling Abutment** 

0

N-Hex

0

Hex

 $\bigcirc$ 

2.45



> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm. > Fixture level impression.

Туре 1.2 Hex. Diameter 2.15 |-----



Easy Temporary Abutment



> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 20N.cm. > Fixture level impression.

Hex	N-Hex	Hex	N-Hex
.8 (15°)	Ø3.8 (15°)	Ø3.8 (25°)	Ø3.8 (25°)
5	5	5	5
<b>H</b> 381525	2 <b>SBN</b> 381525	2 <b>SBH</b> 382525	2 <b>SBN</b> 382525
up Abutment w). hined Prosthesi hannel. or the anterior Beauty-up Abu	s > Tig > Lik esthetic zone. > Us	ghtened with the Torx A F rque Wrench. ghtening torque force: 30 orary available for EXOCA se the Scanbody for 3D W cture level impression.	N.cm. D®, 3Shape® & Others.

Не

eight Type	Ratchet
24(Short)	KRBUD15
29(Long)	KRBUD20

> Stable to internal slip or fracture due to wide contact area of the Torx A Driver and the dedicated Stargrip Abutment Screw.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm (50N.cm Max.).

	Hex			N-Hex	
.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5
	7	7	7	7	7
4527	2 <b>SMH</b> 5527	2 <b>SMH</b> 6527	2 <b>SMN</b> 4527	2 <b>SMN</b> 5527	2 <b>SMN</b> 6527
4547	2 <b>SMH</b> 5547	2 <b>SMH</b> 6547	2 <b>SMN</b> 4547	2 <b>SMN</b> 5547	2 <b>SMN</b> 6547

He	2X	N-H	ex
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
10	10	10	10
THA45C	2 <b>STHA</b> 55C	2 <b>STNA</b> 45C	2 <b>STNA</b> 55 <b>C</b>

> Packing unit: 1 Easy Temporary Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR200).

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### **Temporary Abutment**



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	10	10
1	2 <b>STHA</b> 45	2 <b>STNA</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Temporary Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> For provisional restoration. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

> Fixture level impression.

### Abutment Screw



1.2 Hex. ...•| ⊧--©

₽

100

\_\_\_\_\_ Heiaht 8.5 > Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

### Meta G UCLA Abutment



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	12	12
1	2 <b>SGH</b> 45 <b>N</b>	2 <b>SGN</b> 45N
2	2 <b>SGH</b> 452N	2 <b>SGN</b> 452N
3	2 <b>SGH</b> 453N	2 <b>SGN</b> 453N

Replica



#### > Packing unit: 1 Meta G UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Screw Retained Prosthesis.

> Modification to the angulated abutment, customized abutment, and telescopic abutment.

> CCM alloy core for precise connection.

> Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR100).

- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Fixture level impression.

### Plastic UCLA Abutment



Туре	Hex		N-Hex	
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Length Cuff	11	11	11	11
3	2 <b>SPHR</b> 001	2 <b>SPHW</b> 001	2 <b>SPNR</b> 001	2 <b>SPNW</b> 001

> Packing unit: 1 Plastic UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Same purpose of use as the Meta G UCLA Abutment but the low accuracy of connection during lab procedure. > PMMA material.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: Finger light force during wax pattern fabrication, 30N.cm after casting.

> Fixture level impression.

> Packing unit: 1 Replica. > Mimicking of the conical interface of the fixture. > Analog of fixture for the working cast.

Ø2.45	Ø2.15
2 <b>SSHR</b> 100	2 <b>SSHR</b> 200

> 2SSHR100: Angulated, Milling, Temporary, Meta G UCLA, and Plastic UCLA Abutment. > 2SSHR200: Cemented and Easy Temporary Abutment.

1/	1	n	

2**SRHR**001

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COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

### Bite Impression Coping



Туре	Hex(Short)	Hex(Long)	Hex(X-Long)
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	2	4	6
4.0	2 <b>SBIC</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2SBIC45L	2 <b>SBIC</b> 45 <b>X</b>

> Packing unit: 1 Bite Impression Coping (Inbuilt Guide Pin).

> Designed to simultaneously take bite and impression.

> For closed tray impression (Bite Impression).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

### **Prosthetic Procedure II**

**Component Selection Guide for Multi S&A Abutment** 



Pick-up Impression Coping



Ø5.5					
ØJ.J	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	
S 2 <b>SIH</b> 554 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 654 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 454 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 554 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 654 <b>S</b>	
2 <b>SIH</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 65 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 65 <b>S</b>	
2 <b>SIH</b> 55L	2 <b>SIH</b> 65L	2 <b>SIN</b> 45L	2 <b>SIN</b> 55L	2 <b>SIN</b> 65L	
	2SIH554S 2SIH555S	Image: Signal and Sig	Image: Signature         Image: Signature <th image:="" signature<<="" td=""><td>Image: Signature         Image: Signature&lt;</td></th>	<td>Image: Signature         Image: Signature&lt;</td>	Image: Signature         Image: Signature<

> Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> For open tray impression. > Connected with the Guide Pin (2SISR001SS / 2SISR001SL).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.



#### **Transfer Post**



Туре		Hex			N-Hex	
Diameter Length/Cuff	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5
9 (Short) / 2	2 <b>STH</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STH</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STH</b> 65 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 65 <b>S</b>
11 (Long) / 4	2 <b>STH</b> 45L	2 <b>STH</b> 55L	2 <b>STH</b> 65L	2 <b>STN</b> 45L	2 <b>STN</b> 55L	2 <b>STN</b> 65L

> Packing unit: Hex - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Hex - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type).

> For closed tray impression.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (2STH001SS / 2STH001SL).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.





Fixture





INNO-SUBMERGED IMPLANT 041

(N-Hex)

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### Multi S Abutment



Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Length Cuff	2	2
1	2 <b>SMS</b> 451	2 <b>SMS</b> 551
2	2 <b>SMS</b> 452	2 <b>SMS</b> 552
3	2 <b>SMS</b> 453	2 <b>SMS</b> 553
4	2 <b>SMS</b> 454	2 <b>SMS</b> 554
5	2 <b>SMS</b> 455	2 <b>SMS</b> 555

> Packing unit: 1 Multi S Abutment.

> For Screw-Retained Prosthesis.

> Titanium base for the cylinders.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Integrated with screw and abutment.

- > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others.
- > Use the S Holder for a more stable position.
- > Tightened with the S Machine & S Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Abutment level impression.

### Multi A Abutment



> Packing unit: 1 Multi A Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Retained Prosthesis.

> Titanium base for the cylinders.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & others.

> Use the A Holder for a more stable position.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR300: ★ / 2SSHR400: ● ).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.
- > Use the Multi Scanbody for digital flow.

> Abutment level impression.

### Abutment Screw



Height Diameter	7.5	6.5
2.15	★ 2 <b>SSHR</b> 300	• 2 <b>SSHR</b> 400

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> To connect the Multi A Abutment.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

### Multi Protection Cap





> Packing unit: 1 Multi Protection Cap. > Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period. > Gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin of the abutment. > Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis. > Tightened with the Hex Driver. > Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.









> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.





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Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø5.2	Ø6.2
2 <b>SMPC</b> 45	2 <b>SMPC</b> 55

H	lex	N-H	ex
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø4.65	Ø5.65	Ø4.65	Ø5.65
2 <b>SMIH</b> 45	2 <b>SMIH</b> 55	2 <b>SMIN</b> 45	2 <b>SMIN</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

He	ex	N-H	ex
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
SMTH45	2 <b>SMTH</b> 55	2 <b>SMTN</b> 45	2 <b>SMTN</b> 55

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

### Multi Lab Analog



Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Diameter Length	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
2	2 <b>SMA</b> 45	2 <b>SMA</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Lab Analog.

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

> Choose by abutment size.





> For Screw, Cement or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis. > Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100). > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.





Туре	He	ex	N-ł	Hex
Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Length Cuff	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9
0.5	2 <b>SCCH</b> 45	2 <b>SCCH</b> 55	2 <b>SCCN</b> 45	2 <b>SCCN</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Meta G UCLA Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

> For Screw, Cement, or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Modification to various types of abutments.

> CCM alloy core for precise connection.

> Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy.

> Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

### Multi Plastic UCLA Cylinder



Туре	He	x	N-H	lex
Multi S & A outment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Length Cuff	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
0.5	2 <b>SMPH</b> 45	2 <b>SMPH</b> 55	2 <b>SMPN</b> 45	2 <b>SMPN</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Plastic UCLA Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

> For Screw, Cement or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Same purpose of use as the Meta G UCLA Cylinder but the low accuracy of connection.

> PMMA material.

> Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

### Multi Cylinder Screw





> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

iuiu	Cym	laci	JUIC	_ v v



Λ <i>Λ</i> [+;	Dolid	hina	Protector
wuu	POIISI	nina	Protector



Туре Multi S & A outment Diame \_\_\_\_\_Diameter Length 2

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Polishing Protector. > To protect margin of the prosthesis while polishing procedure.

2X	N-H	lex
Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
8.5	8.5	8.5
2 <b>STCH</b> 55	2 <b>STCN</b> 45	2 <b>STCN</b> 55
	Ø5.5 8.5	Ø5.5         Ø4.5           Ø5.5         Ø4.5           8.5         8.5

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Titanium Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

	Ø2.25	
	2 <b>SMCS</b> 100	
linder Screw		

> Connected with the Meta G UCLA, Plastic UCLA, and Titanium Cylinder.

> Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

H	ex
Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø4.5	Ø5.5
2 <b>SMPP</b> 45	2 <b>SMPP</b> 55





### Lock Abutment



Diameter	Ø3.5
Length	2.15
0.5	2 <b>SLA</b> 400
1	2 <b>SLA</b> 410
2	2 <b>SLA</b> 420
3	2 <b>SLA</b> 430
4	2 <b>SLA</b> 440

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Abutment.

> For Screw-Retained Prosthesis.

> Titanium base for the cylinders.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

- > Integrated with screw and abutment.
- > Tightened with the Lock Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Abutment level impression.

### Lock Lab Analog





> Packing unit: 1 Lock Lab Analog.

- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

### Lock Protection Cap



Lock Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.3
4	2 <b>SLP</b> 45

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.

> Gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin of the abutment.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.



### Lock Pick-up Impression Coping



Lock Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.3
16	2 <b>SLIH</b> 45

on Coping + 1 Guide Pin. Packing unit: I Lock Pick-up Impress > Connected with the Guide Pin (2SLIH45S).

> For open tray impression.

### Lock Titanium Cylinder





Ø3.5	
Ø3.5	
2 <b>SLA</b> 45	

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

Ø3.5	
Ø4.3	
2 <b>SLCH</b> 45	

> Packing unit : 1 Lock Meta G UCLA Cylinder + 1 Lock Cylinder Screw. > For Screw, Cement, or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Modification to various types of abutments.

> CCM alloy core for precise connection.

> Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy.

> Connected with the Lock Cylinder Screw (2SLCS200).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

Ø3.5		
Ø4.3		
2 <b>SLTH</b> 45		

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Titanium Cylinder + 1 Lock Cylinder Screw. > For Screw, Cement, or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Connected with the Lock Cylinder Screw (2SLCS200).

### INNO-SUBMERGED IMPLANT 049

Lock Cylinder Screw

# 1.2 Hex.

Diameter Height	Ø2.3
4.8	2 <b>SLCS</b> 200

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Cylinder Screw.

- > Connected with the CCM Cylinder and Titanium Cylinder. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

### **Prosthetic Procedure IV**

**Component Selection Guide for Absolute Abutment** 











Absolute Lab Analog



Absolute Impression Cap



Absolute Protection Cap



Absolute Abutment

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### Absolute Abutment



Diameter	Ø4.5			Ø5.5			Ø6.5		
Length Cuff	4	5.5	7	4	5.5	7	4	5.5	7
1	2 <b>SAC</b> 4514	2 <b>SAC</b> 4515	2 <b>SAC</b> 4517	2 <b>SAC</b> 5514	2 <b>SAC</b> 5515	2 <b>SAC</b> 5517	2 <b>SAC</b> 6514	2 <b>SAC</b> 6515	2 <b>SAC</b> 6517
2	2 <b>SAC</b> 4524	2 <b>SAC</b> 4525	2 <b>SAC</b> 4527	2 <b>SAC</b> 5524	2 <b>SAC</b> 5525	2 <b>SAC</b> 5527	2 <b>SAC</b> 6524	2 <b>SAC</b> 6525	2 <b>SAC</b> 6527
3	2 <b>SAC</b> 4534	2 <b>SAC</b> 4535	2 <b>SAC</b> 4537	2 <b>SAC</b> 5534	2 <b>SAC</b> 5535	2 <b>SAC</b> 5537	2 <b>SAC</b> 6534	2 <b>SAC</b> 6535	2 <b>SAC</b> 6537
4	2 <b>SAC</b> 4544	2 <b>SAC</b> 4545	2 <b>SAC</b> 4547	2 <b>SAC</b> 5544	2 <b>SAC</b> 5545	2 <b>SAC</b> 5547	2 <b>SAC</b> 6544	2 <b>SAC</b> 6545	2 <b>SAC</b> 6547
5	2 <b>SAC</b> 4554	2 <b>SAC</b> 4555	2 <b>SAC</b> 4557	2 <b>SAC</b> 5554	2 <b>SAC</b> 5555	2 <b>SAC</b> 5557	2 <b>SAC</b> 6554	2 <b>SAC</b> 6555	2 <b>SAC</b> 6557
Packing unit: 1 Absolute Abutment + 1 Protection Cap. > Tightened with the Hex Driver or									

> For Cement Retained Prosthesis.

Ø4.6

19

KRAD4519L

12

**KRAD**4512**S** 

> Packing unit: 1 Absolute Ratchet Driver.

- > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.
- > Integrated with the Screw and Abutment.

12

**KRAD**5512**S** 

Ø5.6

2**SHPC**557

Ø5.5

Ø6.5

2**SIC**55

Ø5.5

the Absolute Rachet Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

12

**KRAD**6512**S** 

Ø6.6

Ø6.5

Ø7.0

2**SHPC**654

2**SHPC**655

2**SHPC**657

Ø6.5

Ø7.5

2**SIC**65

Ø6.5

19

KRAD6519L

> Abutment level impression.

19

KRAD5519L

Absolute Ratchet Driver



### Absolute Protection Cap



Absolute Abutment Diameter Ø4.5 Ø5.5 \_\_\_\_ Diameter Ø5.0 Ø6.0 2**SHPC**454 2**SHPC**554 6 2**SHPC**455 7.5 2**SHPC**555

> To install and remove the Absolute with the Torque Wrench.

> Packing unit: 1 Absolute Protection Cap.

> Packing unit: 1 Absolute Impression Cap.

Diameter

Length Height

19

26

9

Absolute Abutment Diameter

\_\_\_\_ Diameter Heiaht

10.3

Absolute Abutment Diameter

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.

2**SHPC**457

> Gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin of the abutment.

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis.

Ø4.5

Ø5.5

2**SIC**45

Ø4.5

> Confirm locking with abutment by rotation of clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.

### Absolute Impression Cap



### Absolute Lab Analog



Diameter Ø4.5 Ø5.5 Ø6.5 2**SHLA**454 2**SHLA**654 4.1 2**SHLA**554 5.6 2**SHLA**455 2**SHLA**555 2**SHLA**655 2**SHLA**657 7.1 2**SHLA**457 2**SHLA**557

> Packing unit: 1 Absolute Lab Analog.

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

> Choose according to width and length of the abutment.

### Absolute Plastic Coping (Burn Out Cylinder)



Туре		Crown Bridge						
Absolute Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5		
Diameter Height	Ø5.1	Ø6.1	Ø7.1	Ø5.1	Ø6.1	Ø7.1		
10	2 <b>SHBC</b> 45	2 <b>SHBC</b> 55	2 <b>SHBC</b> 65	2 <b>SHBB</b> 45	2 <b>SHBB</b> 55	2 <b>SHBB</b> 65		
5		Absolute Plastic Coping.						

> Burn out and casting for the metal framework.



### **Component Selection Guide for Straight Abutment**



Straight Abutment





> Packing unit: 1 Straight Abutment. > For Cement Retained Prosthesis. > Integrated with screw and abutment. > Tightened with the Shoulder Driver. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.



### Shoulder Ratchet Driver





> Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Ratchet Driver





Straight Abutment

Cover Screw

Abutment

Ø3.5	Ø4.5
8	8
2 <b>SSCM</b> 308	2 <b>SSCR</b> 408
2 <b>SSCM</b> 318	2 <b>SSCR</b> 418
2 <b>SSCM</b> 328	2 <b>SSCR</b> 428
2 <b>SSCM</b> 338	2 <b>SSCR</b> 438
2 <b>SSCM</b> 348	2 <b>SSCR</b> 448

Ø4.5 KRR19L

> To install and remove the Straight Abutment with the Torque Wrench.

### **Prosthetic Procedure VI**

**Component Selection Guide for Sonator S&A Abutment** 









Abutment Screw

1.2 Hex. → + +--

D ⊧---•I

> Abutment level impression.



> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> To connect the Sonator A Abutment. > Tighten with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. REID

	Ø4.0						
	2	3	4	5	6		
5401	SONS402	SONS403	<b>SONS</b> 404	SONS405	<b>SONS</b> 406		

> Packing unit: 1 Sonator S Abutment + 1 Carrier + 3 H-Type Inner Caps + 1 Outer Cap

> 6 kinds of Inner Caps give various holding force (Both, H and NH-Type Inner Caps are used for the Sonator S Abutment).

Ø4.0					
1.5	3.0				
3	3				
SONA415	<b>SONA</b> 430				

> Packing unit: 1 Sonator A Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw + 1 Carrier + 3 NH-Type Inner Caps + 1 Outer Cap

+ 1 Block-out Spacer + 1 Black Processing Male.

> For Implant-Supported Overdenture Prosthesis.

> 6 kinds of Inner Caps give various holding force (Both, H and NH-Type Inner Caps are used for the Sonator A Abutment). > Path compensation up to 40° based on 2 Implants.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR300).

> Carrier: Used for delivery of the abutment.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque wrench.

Ø2.15 2**SSHR**300 COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

### INNO-SUBMERGED IMPLANT 055

### Outer Cap

### Black Processing Male D

<i>Diameter</i> Height	Ø5.4			
2.25	2.25 SONOC01			
5	acking unit: 2 Outer Caps and 2 Black Processing Males. ack Processing Male: Inserted and removed with the I&R Driver.			

### Sonator Lab Analog





> Packing unit: 4 Sonator Lab Analogs. > Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

### H-Type Inner Cap Block-out Spacer Inner Cap Blue: Pink: Retention Force Retention Force About 10N About 15N White Retention Force About 22N

### Code SONIC01 > Packing unit: 3 Block-out Spacers + 3 Inner Caps (1 Blue, 1 Pink, and 1 White). > Path compensation up to 20° based on 2 implants. > Mainly used for the Sonator S Abutment. > Inner Caps: Inserted and removed with the I&R Driver.

### Sonator S Ratchet Driver



NH-Type Inner Cap		Code	SONIC02
Block-out Spacer	Inner Cap	<ul> <li>&gt; Non-humped</li> <li>&gt; Path compens</li> <li>&gt; Mainly used for</li> </ul>	Block-out Spacers + 3 Inner Caps (1 Red, 1 Orange, and 1 Green). design. ation up to 40° based on 2 implants. In the Sonator A Abutment. rerted and removed with the I&R Driver.
Red: Retention F About 10N		Green: Retention Force About 22N	
C			

# ts. iver.

Sonator I&R Driver Height н For Removal > Packing unit: 1 Sonator I&R Driver.

### Sonator Impression Coping



	Diameter Length	Ø4.8
le	3	SONIP04
	Fonator Impression Copings and 4 Black Processing Males. er the Sonator S&A Abutment after placing the Block-out Spacer.	

> For close tray impression.

056 INNO-SUBMERGED IMPLANT

Ø4 SONLA04

REID



> To install and remove the Sonator S Abutment with the Torque Wrench.



> Used to insert and remove the Inner Caps and Block Processing Male.



**Component Selection Guide for Ball Abutment** 





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2	7	Ż
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REID

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COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

Ø4.0	
4	
2 <b>SBAT</b> 414R	
2 <b>SBAT</b> 424 <b>R</b>	
2 <b>SBAT</b> 434 <b>R</b>	
2SBAT444R	
2 <b>SBAT</b> 454 <b>R</b>	

Ø	3	.4	

Ø4.0	
<b>SBAL</b> 400	

Ratchet
KRB19L

# **INNO SUBMERGED NARROW IMPLANT** (Sub-N.)

### **System Flow**



REID

COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

### **INNO Submerged** Narrow Implant (Sub-N.)



### Submerged Fixture Surface Treatment: SLA-SH

> Interchangeable with hexagonal morse tapered fixture > Internal hex connection (Taper 11°/ Hex 2.1)









**Pre-Mount** > Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Cover Screw + 1 Mount.









Fixture Mount



Cover Screw

1

Healing Abutment

D . 

D

> Packing unit: 1 Mount + 1 Mount Screw. > Tightened with the Hex Driver. > Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

Length

	 Length
L	1.7
_	2.7
	3.7

> Packing unit: 1 Cover Screw. > To seal the conical interface of the fixture.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

Diameter	Ø3.5		Ø4.5	
Length Cuff	1	2	1	2
0.5	HR3501			
1	<b>HR</b> 3511		<b>HS</b> 4511 <b>N</b>	
2		HR3522		HS4522N
3		HR3532		HS4532N
4		HR3542		HS4542N
5				HS4552N
7				HS4572N

> Packing unit: 1 Healing Abutment.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

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REID



5.4 **RSM**001

Ø2.85	Ø3.25	Ø3.6
RCS000		
	RCS001	
		RCS002

> The longer the Cover Screw for the deeply inserted fixture.

> For remodeling gingival contour during soft tissue healing.

> Select the abutment according to gingival height and abutment type.

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

### **Prosthesis Procedure I**

**Components Selection Guide for Cemented and UCLA Abutment** 





О

N-Hex

Hex



- > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis. > Gold color for more translucent restoration. > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR100N).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm.
- > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
- > Fixture level impression.





	Туре	Нех		
	Diameter(Angle)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)	
x.	Length Cuff	8	8	
	1	SAH45151NA	SAH45251NA	
	2	SAH45152NA	SAH45252NA	
	3	SAH45153NA	SAH45253NA	
	4	SAH45154NA	SAH45254NA	
	<ul> <li>&gt; Packing unit: 1 Angulated Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.</li> <li>&gt; For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Prosthesis</li> </ul>			

> Solution for the anterior esthetic zone. > Gold color for esthetics. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR100N). > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm. > Fixture level impression.



064 INNO-SUB. NARROW IMPLANT

	Hex		N-Hex		
	Ø4.5			Ø4.5	
	5.5	7	4	5.5	7
14 <b>N</b>	<b>SCH</b> 4515 <b>N</b>	<b>SCH</b> 4517 <b>N</b>	SCN4514N	<b>SCN</b> 4515 <b>N</b>	<b>SCN</b> 4517 <b>N</b>
24 <b>N</b>	SCH4525N	SCH4527N	SCN4524N	SCN4525N	SCN4527N
34 <b>N</b>	SCH4535N	SCH4537N	SCN4534N	SCN4535N	SCN4537N
44 <b>N</b>	SCH4545N	SCH4547N	SCN4544N	SCN4545N	SCN4547N
54 <b>N</b>	SCH4555N	SCH4557N	SCN4554N	SCN4555N	SCN4557N

> Packing unit: 1 Cemented Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Prosthesis.

N-Hex Hex Ø4.5 Ø4.5 10 10 STHA45N STNA45N

> Packing unit: 1 Temporary Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

REID



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	12	12
1	SGH45N	SGN45N
2	SGH452N	SGN452N
3	SGH453N	SGN453N

> Packing unit: 1 Meta G UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw Retained Prosthesis.

> Modification to the angulated abutment, customized abutment and telescopic abutment.

> CCM alloy core for precise connection.

> Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy.

- > Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR100N).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm.

> Fixture level impression.

### Abutment Screw



Diameter Height	2.25	
10.2	SSHR100N	
> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.		
> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.		
> Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm.		



### Transfer Post



Туре	
Diameter Length / Cuff	
9 (Short) / 2	
11 (Long) / 4	



# > For closed tray impression.







Replica



Diameter Height	Ø4.0
12.1	SRHR001N
> Packing unit:	1 Replica.
> Mimicking of	the conical interface of the fixture.

> Analog of fixture for the working cast.

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> Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (SIS001SN / SIS001LN).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

N-Hex
Ø4.5
STN45SN
STN45LN

> Packing unit: Hex - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Hex - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type).

> Connected with the Guide Pin (STH001SN / STH001LN).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15Ncm.

### **Prosthesis Procedure II**

**Component Selection Guide for Multi S&A Abutment** 



### Multi S Abutment





> Packing unit: 1 Multi S Abutment. > For Screw-Retained Prosthesis. > Titanium base for the cylinders. > Gold color for more translucent restoration. > Integrated with screw and abutment. > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others. > Use the S Holder for a more stable position. > Tightened with the S Machine & S Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm. > Abutment level impression.

Multi A Abutment





> Packing unit: 1 Multi A / > For Screw-Retained Pros > Titanium base for the cy > Gold color for more trans > Library available for EXO > Use the A Holder for a m > Connected with the Abu > Tightened with the Hex > Tightening torque force: > Abutment level impress

Abutment Screw



Ø1.95 > Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> To connect the Multi A Abutment. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

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Ø4.5	
2	
<b>SMS</b> 451 <b>N</b>	
<b>SMS</b> 452 <b>N</b>	
<b>SMS</b> 453 <b>N</b>	
SMS454N	

Hex						
Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)					
2	2					
* SMAH45152N						
• SMAH45153N	★ SMAH45303N					
• SMAH45154N	• SMAH45304N					
NI	Hex					
Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)					
2	2					
* SMAN45152N						
• SMAN45153N	* SMAN45303N					
• SMAN45154N	• SMAN45304N					
Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw. osthesis. cylinders. inslucent restoration. OCAD <sup>®</sup> , 3Shape <sup>®</sup> & Others. more stable position. butment Screw (SSHR200N: ★ / SSHI x Driver and Torque Wrench. e: 20~25N.cm. ssion.	R300N: ● ).					

8.7	9.3
★ SSHR200N	• SSHR300N

REID
### Multi Protection Cap



	Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5
	Diameter Height	Ø5.2
	5	2 <b>SMPC</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Protection Cap.

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period. > Gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin of the abutment.

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

### Multi Lab Analog





> Packing unit: 1 Multi Lab Analog.

### Multi Pick-up Impression Coping



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.65	Ø4.65
16	2 <b>SMIH</b> 45	2 <b>SMIN</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> For open tray impression.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (2SMGP012). > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

### Multi Meta G UCLA Cylinder



### Multi Transfer Post



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Multi S & A outment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
8.5	2 <b>SMTH</b> 45	2 <b>SMTN</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin. > For closed tray impression. > Connected with the Guide Pin (2SMTHS100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

### Multi Plastic UCLA Cylinder



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2	-	2
-	I	
5	/	3
5	2	2
1	<	2

REID

Ø4.5
Ø4.5
2 <b>SMA</b> 45

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

Hex	N-Hex
Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Ø4.5	Ø4.5
10.9	10.9
2 <b>SCCH</b> 45	2 <b>SCCN</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Meta G UCLA Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

Hex	N-Hex
Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Ø4.5	Ø4.5
11.5	11.5
2 <b>SMPH</b> 45	2 <b>SMPN</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Plastic UCLA Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

> For Screw, Cement or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Same purpose of use as the Meta G UCLA Cylinder but the low accuracy of connection.

> Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).

### Multi Titanium Cylinder



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	8.5	8.5
0.5	2 <b>STCH</b> 45	2 <b>STCN</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Titanium Cylinder + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

- > For Screw, Cement or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.
- > Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.





A Holder



> Packing unit: 1 Multi A > To position the Multi A



1.2 Hex •   •	( <b>.</b>
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Diameter Height	Ø2.25
5	2 <b>SMCS</b> 100
> Packing unit: 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.	

- > Connected with the Meta G UCLA, Plastic UCLA, and Titanium Cylinder.
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.





1 Connect the Multi A Holder with the Multi A Abutment with its Abutment Screw in it and match the direction of holes of the abutment and the holder.

Hold the handle of the Multi A Holder and bend it according to the placement position in the oral cavity.



27.5 > Packing unit: 1 Multi S Machine Driver.



### Multi Polishing Protector



Туре	Нех
Multi S & A Itment Diameter	Ø4.5
 ength	Ø4.5
2	2 <b>SMPP</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Polishing Protector.

> To protect margin of the prosthesis while polishing procedure.



### Hand

### **KMHS**01

	REID
Hand	D
KMHA01	
A Holder. A Abutment more stably.	
	COWEL
	COWELL IMPLANT SYS

3

Connect the assembled body with the fixture.



Machine	
KMMSD21L	

> To install and remove the Multi S Abutment by machine.

Ratchet
KRMSD15L

> To install and remove the Multi S Abutment with the Torque Wrench.

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### **Prosthesis Procedure III**

Component Selection Guide for Straight Abutment



### Straight Abutment

4	D
7 5.5 4	

Diameter			Ø3.5		
Length [Cuff]	8 [0.5]	8 [1]	8 [2]	8 [3]	8 [4]
	<b>SR</b> 308	<b>SR</b> 318	<b>SR</b> 328	<b>SR</b> 338	<b>SR</b> 348

> Packing unit: 1 Straight Abutment.

- > For Cement Retained Prosthesis.
- > Integrated with screw and abutment.
- > Tightened with the Shoulder Driver.
- > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm.
- > Direct impression.

### Shoulder Ratchet Driver



Diameter Height Ø4.5		
19 KRR19L		
> Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Ratchet Driver		

 $\ensuremath{\,{\scriptstyle >}}$  To install and remove the Straight Abutment with the Torque Wrench.











# **INNO INTERNAL IMPLANT** (Int.)

**System Flow** 



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# **INNO Internal Impant (Int.)**



40 10 Cuff 2.4 body Diameter Length Ø**4.0** 10mm Taper

S	Μ
Surface Treatment	Mount
SLA	No- <b>M</b> ount

\*Ex.) SLA Cuff 2.4 No-Mount IT4010SM No-Mount Cuff 1.8mm fixture > Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Cover Screw.





Ø4.0 Length 7 IPT4007SM

IPT4010SM

IPT4014SM

IPT4512SM

IPT4514SM

\* Diameter

8

10

12

12

14

14

\* Platform: Ø4.8 IPT4008SM IPT4012SM ŀ \_\_\_\_



\* Platform: Ø4.8 . ₽

\* Diameter Ø5.0 Length 7 IPT5007SM IPT5008SM 8 10 IPT5010SM 12 IPT5012SM 14 IPT5014SM

\* Platform: Ø5.9 P D





Type

Internal



### INNO-INTERNAL IMPLANT 079

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COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

### No-Mount Cuff 2.4mm fixture > Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Cover Screw.

\* Platform: Ø4.8

...... ₽

р

⊢ D

7     -       8     IT3508SM       10     IT3510SM       12     IT3512SM	* Diameter Length	Ø3.5
8         IT3508SM           10         IT3510SM           12         IT3512SM	-	
10         IT3510SM           12         IT3512SM	7	-
12 IT3512SM	8	IT3508SM
	10	IT3510SM
	12	IT3512SM
14 IT3514SM	14	IT3514SM

* Diameter Length	Ø4.0
Length <	
7	IT4007SM
8	IT4008SM
10	IT4010SM
12	IT4012SM
14	IT4014SM



* Diameter Length	Ø5.0
7	IT5007 <b>SM</b>
8	IT5008SM
10	IT5010SM
12	IT5012SM

IT5014SM

14

\* Diameter Ø6.0 Length 7 IT6007SM IT6008SM 8 IT6010SM 10 12 IT6012SM 14 -





12

14







> Packing unit: 1 Cover Screw. > To seal the conical interface of the fixture. > Tightened with the Hex Driver. > Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.



> For narrow mesiodistal distance. > Tightened with the Hex Driver.

\_\_\_\_Diameter Height

6

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.



\* Platform: Ø5.9 1 c



Healing Abutment



Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter	Ø5.5	Ø6.6
2	IHCR020	<b>IHCW</b> 020
3	IHCR030	<b>IHCW</b> 030
4.5	IHCR045	IHCW045

> Packing unit: 1 Healing Abutment.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

REID

Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Ø5.0	Ø6.0
ICVR002	ICVW002

	Ø3.5	
	ICVR001	
crew.		

> Packing unit: 1 Headless Scr

> For remodeling gingival contour during soft tissue healing.

> Select the abutment according to gingival height and abutment type.

\_\_\_\_\_

### **Prosthetic Procedure I**

**Component Selection Guide for Cemented & UCLA Abutment** 



**Cemented Extension Abutment** 

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Octa



> Packing unit: 1 Cemented Extension Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw. > For Cement Retained or Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis. > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (ISHR110). > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Fixture level impression.



Туре Platform [Fixture Dia.] Ø4.8 [Ø3.

\_\_\_\_ Diameter Length

12

Angulated Abutment







> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm. > Fixture level impression.

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REID

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Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]		Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	
Ø4.8	Ø5.8	Ø5.9	Ø6.9
6	6	6	6
<b>CR</b> 406		IECW506	
	IECR416		IECW516
	IECR426		<b>IECW</b> 526
	IECR436		IECW536
	N-C	)cta	
Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]		Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	
Ø4.8	Ø5.8	Ø5.9	Ø6.9
6	6	6	6
NR406		IENW506	
	IENR416		IENW516
	IENR426		IENW526

IENW536

Octa

IENR436

00	ta		
Ø4.8 & Ø5.9 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]			
3.8 (15°)	3.8 (25°)		
IAAR158A	IAAR258A		
ted Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.			

Octa		N-Octa	
.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5/Ø4.0/Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Ø5	Ø6	Ø5	Ø6
IGOR400N	IGOW500N	IGNR400N	IGNW500N

> Packing unit: 1 Meta G UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Screw Retained Prosthesis.

> Modification to the angulated abutment, customized abutment and telescopic abutment.

> CCM alloy core for precise connection.

> Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (ISHR120).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

### Abutment Screw

### 1.2 Hex. 1.2 Hex. 1.2 Hex. ••• | ••• ••• | ••• ••• | ••• ,D, I ⊾ P⊸+ ⊧ ⊨ Г. Н

Height	Ø2.5	Ø2.5	Ø2.5
6.3		ISHR100	
7.8			ISHR120
9.2	ISHR110		
> Packing unit:	1 Abutment Screw.		
> ISHR110: Cemented Abutment.			
> ISHR100: Angulated Abutment.			
> ISHR120: Meta G UCLA Abutment.			

### **Prosthetic Procedure II**

**Component Selection Guide for Solid Abutment** 

(Crown)



Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Height	Ø4.8	Ø5.9
12	IROR001	IROW001
> Packing unit:	1 Replica.	
Mimicking of the conical interface of the fixture		

> Analog of fixture for the working cast.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

Pick-up Impression Coping



Туре	00	ta
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0/Ø6.0]
 Length	Ø5.5	Ø6.6
13.7	IIOR001	<b>IIOW</b> 001

> Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> For open tray impression.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (IIOR001S).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.



Solid/Shoulder Impression Cap

Transfer Post



Туре	Octa		N-Octa	
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Length	Ø4.85	Ø5.95	Ø4.85	Ø5.95
11.6	ITOR400	ITOW500	ITNR400	ITNW500
Packing unit: Octa - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Octa - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type).				
> For closed tra	y impression.			
Connected with the Cuide Die (Deculer ITOD 4000 (14/14) ITOM/5000)				

> Connected with the Guide Pin (Regular: ITOR400S / Wide: ITOW500S).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.









Solid Lab Analog



Solid Positioning Cylinder





Cover Screw Headless Screw

Healing Abutment REID



Platform [Fixture Dia.]
Diameter
Length
<ul> <li>Packing unit:</li> <li>For Cement R</li> <li>Cutting surface</li> <li>Integrated with</li> <li>Tightened with</li> <li>Tightening too</li> <li>Abutment levelow</li> <li>Impression can</li> </ul>

### Solid Positioning Cylinder





### Solid Lab Analog

D



> Packing unit: 1 Solid Lab Analog. > Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

Solid/Shoulder Protection Cap



Solid Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter Height	Ø5.4
5.2	<b>IASR</b> 130
6.2	IASR140
7.7	<b>IASR</b> 155
9.2	<b>IASR</b> 170

> Packing unit: 1 Solid/Shoulder Protection Cap.

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis.





Solid Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter leight	8
8	<b>IICR</b> 001
5	1 Solid/Shoulder Impression Cap.

> Connected with the Solid Positioning Cylinder.

>

> Confirm locking with abutment by rotation of clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.







> Packing unit: 1 Solid Plastic Coping. > Connect with the Lab Analog. > Burn out and casting for the metal framework.

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Ø3.5	
Ø5.7	
IPCR001	

> Packing unit: 1 Solid Positioning Cylinder.

> Inner cutting surface for anti-rotation on the abutment.

> Insert into the Impression Cap.

	Ø	3.5	
	Ø	4.8	
3	4	5.5	7
L <b>SR</b> 030	ILSR040	ILSR055	ILSR070

> Choose according to length of the abutment.

Crown	Bridge
Ø3.5	Ø3.5
Ø5.0	Ø5.0
IPCC001	IPCB001

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COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS



00	ta	N-O	cta
5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Ø3.5	Ø4.5	Ø3.5	Ø4.5
<b>AC</b> 404	ISAC504	ISAB404	ISAB504
<b>AC</b> 405	ISAC505	ISAB405	ISAB505
<b>AC</b> 407	ISAC507	ISAB407	ISAB507

> Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Abutment + 1 Protection Cap.

> Dual anti-rotation grip with a single crown for prevention of screw loosening.

ulder Ø4.5 KF	RR19L	and the second second	Shoulder Ø5.0	KRW19L

Ø3.5	Ø4.5
Ø5.4	Ø5.4
IASR140	<b>IASW</b> 140
<b>IASR</b> 155	<b>IASW</b> 155
<b>IASR</b> 170	<b>IASW</b> 170

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis.

Ø3.5	Ø4.5
8	9
IICR001	<b>IICW</b> 001

> Confirm locking with abutment by rotation of clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.

Ø3.5	Ø4.5
5.7	6.8
SAPR001	<b>SAPW</b> 001

> Inner cutting surface for anti-rotation on the abutment.

00	ta	N-C	octa
Ø3.5	Ø4.5	Ø3.5	Ø4.5
Ø4.8	Ø5.9	Ø4.8	Ø5.9
LCR040	SLCW040	SLBR040	<b>SLBW</b> 040
LCR055	<b>SLCW</b> 055	<b>SLBR</b> 055	<b>SLBW</b> 055
LCR070	<b>SLCW</b> 070	<b>SLBR</b> 070	<b>SLBW</b> 070

Octa

N-Octa

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

> Choose according to width and length of the abutment.

### **Prosthetic Procedure IV**

**Component Selection Guide for Sonator S&A Abutment** 





Blue: Pink: Retention Force About 10N About 15N

White: Retention Force About 22N

REID

	Ø	4.0	
0.6	2	3	4
<b>DNS</b> 401	IONS402	IONS403	<b>IONS</b> 404

> Packing unit: 1 Sonator S Abutment + 1 Carrier + 3 H-Type Inner Caps + 1 Outer Cap + 1 Block-out Spacer

> 6 kinds of Inner Caps give various holding force (Both, H and NH-Type Inner Caps are used for the Sonator S Abutment).

SONOC01

#### SONIC01

> Packing unit: 3 Block-out Spacers + 3 Inner Caps (1 Blue, 1 Pink, and 1 White).



Ø4.8

SONIP04



Type Height

18

### Sonator Lab Analog

Sonator Impression Coping

Black Processing Male

\_\_\_\_\_ Diameter Length

3

> Abutment level pick-up impression.

> For close tray impression.



Diameter Length	Ø4
1.4	SONLA04
> Packing unit: 4	Sonator Lab Analogs

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast.

> Packing unit: 4 Impression Copings and 4 Black Processing Males.

> Connected over the Sonator Abutment after placing the Block-out Spacer.

REID

### Ratchet

### SONRD19L

> Packing unit: 1 Sonator S Ratchet Driver.

> To install and remove the Sonator S Abutment with the Torque Wrench.

> Used to insert and remove the Inner Caps and Block Processing Male.

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## **Prosthetic Procedure** V

**Component Selection Guide for Ball Abutment** 





REID

Ø3.4	
BATC003C	
DS.	

Ø4.0	
SBAL400	

Ratchet	
KRB19L	
chet Driver.	*Extra Product
he Ball Abutment with the Torque Wrench.	

# **INNO EXTERNAL IMPLANT** (Ext.)

System Flow



# **INNO External Implant (Ext.)**



7 -ET3508S 8 10 ET3510S 12 ET3512S 14 ET3514S \* Diameter Ø4.0 Length

Ø3.5

Pre-Mount

\* Diameter

Length

7

8

10

14

14

\* Diameter

Length

7

8 10

12

14

12



ET4007S ET4008S ET4010S ET4012S

ET4014S

ET4514S

Ø6.0

ET6007S ET6008S

ET6010S

ET6012S

-

\* Hex 2.7 \* Platform: Ø4.1 D

\* Diameter Ø4.5 Length 7 ET4507S 8 ET4508S 10 ET4510S 12 **ET**4512**S**  \* Hex 2.7 \* Platform: Ø4.1 ŀ-----D

\* Hex 3.4 \* Platform: Ø5.1

\* Diameter Ø5.0 Length 7 ET5007S 8 ET5008S 10 ET5010S 12 ET5012S 14 ET5014S

ŀ \_\_\_\_D \* Hex 3.4 \* Platform: Ø5.1



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> Packing unit: 1 Fixture + 1 Mount + 1 Mount Screw.





### INNO-EXTERNAL IMPLANT 099

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COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

#### Fixture Mount

# ⊦\_\_\_\_

Нех	Hex2.7	Hex3.4
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Length	Ø4.9	Ø5.5
7.2	<b>MER</b> 001	<b>MEW</b> 002

> Packing unit: 1 Mount + 1 Mount Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

### **Prosthetic Procedure I**

**Component Selection Guide for Cemented & UCLA Abutment** 



Cover Screw



Нех	Hex2.7	Hex3.4
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Height	Ø4.3	Ø5.4
5.8	<b>VNR</b> 001	<b>VNW</b> 001

> Packing unit: 1 Cover Screw.

> To seal the conical interface of the fixture.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.





Hex	Hex2.7	Hex3.4
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Length	Ø5.0	Ø6.0
2.8	HNR502	HNW602
3.8	HNR503	HNW603
4.8	HNR504	HNW604
5.8	HNR505	HNW605
6.8	HNR506	HNW606
7.8	HNR507	HNW607

> Packing unit: 1 Healing Abutment.

> For remodeling gingival contour during soft tissue healing.

> Select the abutment according to gingival height and abutment type.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.









Abutment Screw

#### **Cemented Abutment**



* Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]		Hex[3.4]	
* Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 /	Ø4.0/Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø	5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter	Ø	5.0	Ø	5.0
Length Cuff	6	8	6	8
1	<b>CHR</b> 516	CHR518	<b>CHW</b> 616	CHW618
2	CHR526	CHR528	CHW626	CHW628
3	CHR536	CHR538	CHW636	CHW638
4	CHR546	CHR548	CHW646	CHW648
Type[Hex]				
ijpe[ilex]		N-I	пех	
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 /	Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]		5.0 / Ø6.0]
Platform [Fixture Dia.] Diameter			Ø5.1 [Ø5	5.0 / Ø6.0] 6.0
Platform [Fixture Dia.] Diameter		Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5	
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø	Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] 5.0	Ø5.1 [Ø5 Ø	6.0
Platform [Fixture Dia.] Diameter Length Cuff	Ø! 6	Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] 5.0 8	Ø5.1 [Ø5 Ø	6.0
Platform [Fixture Dia.] Diameter Length Cuff 1	6 CNR516	Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] 5.0 8 CNR518	Ø5.1 [Ø5 Ø 6 CNW616	6.0 8 CNW618
Platform [Fixture Dia.] Diameter Length 1 2	6 CNR516 CNR526	04.0 / 04.5] 5.0 8 CNR518 CNR528	Ø5.1 [Ø5 Ø 6 CNW616 CNW626	6.0 8 CNW618 CNW628

> Packing unit: 1 Cemented Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > For Cement Retained and Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis. > Connected with the Abutment Screw.

> Fixture level impression.

Meta G UCLA Abutment





> For Screw-Cement or Screw Retained Prosthesis. > Modification to the angulated abutment, customized abutment and telescopic abutment. > CCM alloy core for precise connection. > Cast with non-precious metal or gold alloy. > Connected with the Abutment Screw. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

Angulated Abutment



Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter (Angle)	Ø5 (15°)	Ø6 (15°)	Ø5 (25°)	Ø6 (25°)
Length Cuff	8	8	8	8
2	<b>AAR</b> 152	<b>AAW</b> 152	AAR252	AAW252
3	<b>AAR</b> 153	<b>AAW</b> 153	AAR253	AAW253
4	<b>AAR</b> 154	<b>AAW</b> 154	<b>AAR</b> 254	<b>AAW</b> 254

> Packing unit: 1 Angulated Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Solution for the anterior esthetic zone.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.
- > Fixture level impression.

#### **Temporary Abutment**



Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]	N-Hex	N-Hex
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter	Ø5.4	Ø5.95	Ø5.4	Ø5.95
Length Cuff	12	12	12	12
1.5	THR001	<b>THW</b> 001	<b>TNR</b> 001	<b>TNW</b> 001

> Packing unit: 1 Temporary Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For Screw-Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> For provisional restoration. > Connected with the Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

### Plastic UCLA Abutment



Abutmer	nt Screw
1.2 Hex. 	1.2 Hex.
D	P H

Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Height	Ø2.5	Ø3.0
8	SHR100	SHW100

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

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ure Dia.j	04.1 [03.5 / 04.0 / 04.5]	ט.טש / ט.כשן ו.כש	04.1 [03.5 / 04.0 / 04.5]	ט.טש / ט.כשן ו.כש	
Angle)	Ø5 (15°)	Ø6 (15°)	Ø5 (25°)	Ø6 (25°)	
gth	8	8	8	8	
	<b>AAR</b> 152	<b>AAW</b> 152	AAR252	AAW252	
	<b>AAR</b> 153	<b>AAW</b> 153	AAR253	AAW253	

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x[2.7]	Hex[3.4]	N-Hex	N-Hex	
/ Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	
ð4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	
13	13	13	13	
<b>R</b> 001 <b>N</b>	GHW001N	<b>GNR</b> 001 <b>N</b>	<b>GNW</b> 001 <b>N</b>	

> Packing unit: 1 Meta G UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm. > Fixture level impression.

Hex[2.7] Hex[3.4] N-Hex N-Hex Platform [Fixture Dia.] Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0] Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0] Ø4.5 Ø5.5 Ø4.5 Ø5.5 11.8 11.8 11.8 11.8 **PHR**001 **PHW**001 **PNR**001 **PNW**001

> Packing unit: 1 Plastic UCLA Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Same purpose of use as Meta G UCLA Abutment but the low accuracy of connection.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: Finger light force during wax Pattern fabrication, 30N.cm after casting.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

### Replica



Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Height	Ø4.1	Ø5.1
12	LHR001	LHW001
> Packing unit:	1 Replica.	

> Mimicking of the conical interface of the fixture. > Analog of fixture for the working cast.

### **Prosthetic Procedure II**

**Component Selection Guide for Shoulder Abutment** 

### Pick-up Squared Impression Coping



Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]	N-Hex	N-Hex
latform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.
Diameter Length	Ø5.0	Ø5.8	Ø5.0	Ø5.8
17	IHR500	IHW600	INR500	INW600
<ul> <li>&gt; Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Squared Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.</li> <li>&gt; Connected with the Guide Pin (Regular: UHR115 / Wide: UHW115).</li> <li>&gt; For open tray impression.</li> <li>&gt; Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.</li> <li>&gt; Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.</li> </ul>				









Type[Hex]	Hex[2.7]	Hex[3.4]	N-Hex	N-Hex
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Length	Ø4.8	Ø5.8	Ø4.8	Ø5.8
13.1	IHR510	IHW610	INR510	INW610

> Packing unit: 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (Regular: IHR510S, IHR610S / Wide: IHW610S).

> For closed tray impression.

- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.





### Shoulder Abutment



N Hoy	
IN-LIGY	

Type[Hex] Hex[2.7] Hex[3.4] \* Platform [Fixture Dia.] Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0] Diameter Ø4.8 Ø5.9 \_\_\_\_Length 5.5 7 4 5.5 7 4 1 **SAC**414 **SAC**415 **SAC**417 **SAC**514 **SAC**515 **SAC**517 2 **SAC**424 **SAC**425 **SAC**427 **SAC**524 **SAC**525 **SAC**527 3 **SAC**434 **SAC**435 **SAC**437 **SAC**534 **SAC**535 **SAC**537 4 SAC444 **SAC**445 **SAC**447 **SAC**544 **SAC**545 **SAC**547

Type[Hex]	N-Hex			N-Hex		
latform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.1 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]			.0 / Ø4.5] Ø5.1 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]		)]
Diameter	Ø4.8			ter Ø4.8 Ø5.9		
Length Cuff	4	5.5	7	4	5.5	7
1	<b>SAB</b> 414	<b>SAB</b> 415	<b>SAB</b> 417	<b>SAB</b> 514	<b>SAB</b> 515	<b>SAB</b> 517
2	<b>SAB</b> 424	<b>SAB</b> 425	<b>SAB</b> 427	<b>SAB</b> 524	<b>SAB</b> 525	<b>SAB</b> 527
3	<b>SAB</b> 434	<b>SAB</b> 435	<b>SAB</b> 437	<b>SAB</b> 534	<b>SAB</b> 535	<b>SAB</b> 537
4	<b>SAB</b> 444	<b>SAB</b> 445	<b>SAB</b> 447	<b>SAB</b> 544	<b>SAB</b> 545	<b>SAB</b> 547

> Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Abutment.

> For Cement Retained Prosthesis.

> Dual anti-rotation grip with a single crown for prevention of screw loosening.

> Integrated with screw and abutment.

> Tightened with the Shoulder Ratchet Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.





_	Shoulder Ø4.5	KRR19L		Shoulder Ø5.0	KRW19L	

#### Solid/Shoulder Impression Cap





> Packing unit: 1 Solid/Shoulder Impression Cap. > Connected with the Shoulder Positioning Cylinder. > Confirm locking with abutment by rotation of clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.

### Shoulder Positioning Cylinder





> Insert into the Impression Cap.

### Solid/Shoulder Protection Cap



Shoulder Abutment Diameter	Ø4.8	Ø5.9
Diameter Height	Ø5.4	Ø6.5
6.2	IASR140	<b>IASW</b> 140
7.7	<b>IASR</b> 155	IASW155
9.2	IASR170	<b>IASW</b> 170

> Packing unit: 1 Solid/Shoulder Protection Cap.

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis.

#### Shoulder Lab Analog



Type[Hex] Shoulder Abutmen Diameter Diamete 4 SLC 5.5 SLC 7 SLC > Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Lab Analog.

> Replacement of abutment shape in working cast. > Choose according to width and length of the abutment.

Ø4.8	Ø5.9
8	9
IICR001	<b>IICW</b> 001

Ø4.8	Ø5.9
Ø4.4	Ø5.5
SAPR001	<b>SAPW</b> 001

> Packing unit: 1 Shoulder Positioning Cylinder.

> Inner cutting surface for anti-rotation on the abutment.

7&3.4]	N-Hex		
Ø5.9	Ø4.8	Ø5.9	
Ø5.9	Ø4.8	Ø5.9	
SLCW040	SLBR040	SLBW040	
<b>SLCW</b> 055	<b>SLBR</b> 055	<b>SLBW</b> 055	
SLCW070	<b>SLBR</b> 070	<b>SLBW</b> 070	
	Ø5.9           Ø5.9           SLCW040           SLCW055	Ø5.9         Ø4.8           Ø5.9         Ø4.8           SLCW040         SLBR040           SLCW055         SLBR055	

### **Prosthetic Procedure III**

**Component Selection Guide for Ball Abutment** 





Ø5.0	Ø6.0
4	4
EBAT411R	EBAT511R
EBAT412R	EBAT512R
EBAT413R	EBAT513R
EBAT414R	EBAT514R

Ø3.4	
BATC003C	

	Ø4.0	
	<b>SBAL</b> 400	
Analogs.		

Ratchet	
KRB19L	
chet Driver.	*Extra Product
he Ball Abutment with the Torque Wrench.	

REID

# INNO SUB. FULL SURGICAL KIT [KCA010F]

> For INNO Submerged Implant System (Sub.). > All components are for Sub. / Int. / Ext. except for the Fixture Drivers and the Depth Gauge used for Sub. exclusively.



# INNO INT. FULL SURGICAL KIT [KCA010FI]



> For the INNO Internal Implant System (Int.). > All components are for Sub. / Int. / Ext. except for the Fixture Drivers used for Int. exclusively.



			<b>U</b>
	H		
Path Drill	Point Drill	Ø2.2 X 7	Ø3.5 X 7
2 <b>KTD</b> 18	KPD01S	KPSD2207	2 <b>KTD</b> 3707
			Haraman
Parallel Pin	Parallel Pin	Ø2.2 X 8	Ø3.5 X 8
KPP002	KPP002	KPSD2208	2 <b>KTD</b> 3708
			House
1.2 Hex Driver L	1.2 Hex Driver XL	Ø2.2 X 10	Ø3.5 X 10
KHD1221	KHD1227	KPSD2210	2 <b>KTD</b> 3710
		H	Harmonia
M. Mount Driver. L	R. Mount Driver. L	Ø2.2 X 12	Ø3.5 X 12
KMMD06L	KRMD19L	<b>KPSD</b> 2212	2 <b>KTD</b> 3712
Int, Fixtur	e Driver		
			Harmanne Barrow
M. Fixture Driver. S	R. Fixture Driver. S	Ø2.2 X 14	Ø3.5 X 14
KMMI01S	KHDI01S	<b>KPSD</b> 2214	2 <b>KTD</b> 3714
			H0
M. Fixture Driver. L	R. Fixture Driver. L	Drill Extension	Ø3.5 Counter
KMMI01L	KHDI01L	KDE002	4 <b>KCS</b> 35
Torque Wrench	-1	Depth Gauge	
KTW	/001	KD	G001

110 SURGICAL KITS

SUB. Hexago

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

# INNO EXT. FULL SURGICAL KIT [KCA010FE]

EXT. Hexagoi

> For the INNO External Implant System (Ext.).

> All components are for Sub. / Int. / Ext. except for the Fixture Drivers and the Multi Countersink used for Ext. exclusively.



**O**T **Surgical Tool** 



Path Drill



Length	1			
> Easy to drill even in e				
> Excellent ablation for				
> Used for the	case tha			

Initial Drill



Length 8 **KPSD**2207

4.9

3.3/

2.8



The Initial Drill guides the pathway of the Final Drills. The Final Drill is inserted a half into the hole created by the Initial Drill without additional drilling.

112 SURGICAL KITS

> Primarily used to mark the implant recipient site and determine the spacing. > The point drill has a unique pointed tip, making this an excellent drill for starting the osteotomy

at path modification is required. prce that does not slip in slanted bone. extraction socket without slipping.

	Length	15	5				
		2 <b>KTE</b>	<b>)</b> 18				
	itial stepped d epped drilling					ength band	<ul> <li>7mm Fixture</li> <li>8mm Fixture</li> <li>10mm Fixture</li> <li>12mm Fixture</li> <li>14mm Fixture</li> <li>16&amp;18mm Fixture</li> </ul>
L	.ength	8	9	11	13	15	17&19

KPSD2208 KPSD2210 KPSD2212 KPSD2214 \*KPSD2218 \*Extra product

Stopper with irrigation groove.

Ø4.9 Crestal cutter – Flattens the slopped and sharp crestal ridge which makes crestal bone surround around the whole fixture platform. Ø2.8&3.8 Pilot cutter – The stepped hole guiding guides the pathway of the Ø3.5 /4.0 / Ø4.5 Final Drill.

~ Ø2.2 Path cutter – Determines the orientation of fixture installation.

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### Final Drill



> Ø3.5 / 4.0 / 4.5 / 5.0 / 6.0 fixture's Final Drill. > 7 / 8 / 10 / 12 / 14 / 16 / 18mm fixture's Final Drill.

Fixture Dia. Length	Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0	Ø6.0
8	2 <b>KTD</b> 3707	2 <b>KTD</b> 4007	2 <b>KTD</b> 4507	2 <b>KTD</b> 5007	2 <b>KTD</b> 6007
9	2 <b>KTD</b> 3708	2 <b>KTD</b> 4008	2 <b>KTD</b> 4508	2 <b>KTD</b> 5008	2 <b>KTD</b> 6008
11	2 <b>KTD</b> 3710	2 <b>KTD</b> 4010	2 <b>KTD</b> 4510	2 <b>KTD</b> 5010	2 <b>KTD</b> 6010
13	2 <b>KTD</b> 3712	2 <b>KTD</b> 4012	2 <b>KTD</b> 4512	2 <b>KTD</b> 5012	2 <b>KTD</b> 6012
15	2 <b>KTD</b> 3714	2 <b>KTD</b> 4014	2 <b>KTD</b> 4514	2 <b>KTD</b> 5014	
17&19	*2 <b>KTD</b> 3718	*2 <b>KTD</b> 4018	*2 <b>KTD</b> 4518		
					*Extra product

Tap Drill



Fixture Dia. Ø3. \* 3KMTE

### Countersink

28.6

- > Used to prevent compressive necrosis of dense cortical bone by decreasing torque force (Ø4.0 Fixture: 80N.cm -> 45N.cm / Ø5.0 Fixture: 150N.cm -> 45N.cm).
- > Bone quality 1: high compressive placement of fixtures induces the failure of osseointegration and bone loss.

Fixture Dia.	Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0	Ø6.0
Diameter	Ø3.7	Ø4.2	Ø4.6	Ø5.1	Ø6.0
	4 <b>KCS</b> 35	4 <b>KCS</b> 40	4 <b>KCS</b> 45	4 <b>KCS</b> 50	4 <b>KCS</b> 60



The lower margin of the depth marking indicates exactly the level of the fixture platform.



Multi Countersink





Parallel Pin

> Insert the Parallel Pin after the  $\emptyset$ 2.2 or 3.5 Drill to check the drilling path. hole in the Parallel Pin.



Height 21 **KPP**002



**Drill Extension** 







The triangle mark indicates the cutting surface of the drill shaft.

> Selectively used for hard bones with bone quality 1 or higher.

3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0	Ø6.0
D35A	*3KMTD40A	* 3KMTD45A	*3KMTD50A	*3KMTD60A
				*Extra product

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COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

> In order to prevent losing Parallel Pin in the patient's mouth, be sure to tie floss through the



After the Ø3.5 Final Drill.

> Used for lengthening the Drill when using a Hand-piece. > Do not go over recommended torque when using the Drill Extension.







COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

#### Mount Driver

> Used to install Pre-Mount type fixtures.

> The Machine Drivers are used with a contra-angle, while the Ratchet Drivers are used with the Torque Wrench.



Type Height	Machine
20.5(Short)	* KMMD06S
26.3(Long)	KMMD06L
32.3(X-Long)	*KMMD12X

\*Extra product

Type Height	Ratchet
12(Short)	* KRMD12S
19(Long)	KRMD19L

\*Extra product

#### **Fixture Driver**





20.7 / 19.5 / 19.9 (Shor 25.7 / 24.5 / 24.9 (Long 30.7 / 29.5 / 29.9 (X-Lor

Tvpe

Туре



Hex Driver

> Used to install or remove the Cover Screw, Healing Abutment, and Abutment Screw, etc. > The Machine Drivers are used with contra angle, while the Ratchet Drivers are used with the Torque Wrench.

Туре	Machine		
Height	Hex 0.9	Hex 1.2	
22(Short)	* KMD09S	* KMD12S	
28(Long)	* KMD09L	* KMD12L	

\*Extra product

### Torque Wrench

the second se



Туре	Ratchet		
Height	Hex 0.9	Hex 1.2	
12(X-Short)	-	* KHD1212	
17(Short)	* <b>KHD</b> 0915	* KHD1215	
23(Long)	* KHD0921	<b>KHD</b> 1221	
29(X-Long)	* KHD0927	<b>KHD</b> 1227	

\*Extra product

Depth Gauge



Code



Code



> Used to install No-Mount type fixtures.
> The Machine Drivers are used with a contra-angle, while the Ratchet Drivers are used with

	Machine					
stem	Sub.	Int.	Ext.(Hex 2.7)	Ext.(Hex 3.4)		
ort)	2KMMS01S	KMMI01S	KMME01S	KMME02S		
ng)	2KMMS01L	KMMI01L	* KMME01L			
ong)	* 2KMMS01X	* KMMI01X	* KMME01X			

\*Extra product

	Ratchet				
stem	Sub.	Int.	Ext.(Hex 2.7)	Ext.(Hex 3.4)	
ort)	* 2KHDS01S	KHDI01S	* KHDE01S		
ng)	2KHDS01L	KHDI01L	KHDE01L	KHDE02L	
ong)	2KHDS01X	* KHDI01X	* KHDE01X		

\*Extra product



> Used to control torque force in the fixture and abutment placement.

> Torque force 10, 25, 30 & 35N.cm are able to be controlled by pulling the elastic bar.

> Maximal torque force 120N.cm with pulling the rigid main bar.

### **KTW**001



> Used to measure the drilling depth with the scale rod. > The flat end on the other side measures the 5mm space between adjacent fixtures.

#### **KDG**001



> One side of the Depth Gauge measures the drilling depth and the other side measures the gingival height from the top of the fixture.

#### **KDG**004

\* Exclusive for the Sub.



> Minimal drilling sequence with the Point Drill, Initial Drill and Final Drills (Ø3.5, Ø4.0 and Ø4.5 Fixtures).





Actual length of the Drill: Fixture + 1mm



> Ø5.0 fixture: a series of the Point Drill, Initial Drill, Ø4.0 Final Drill, and Ø5.0 Final Drill. > Ø6.0 fixture: a series of the Point Drill, Initial Drill, Ø4.0 Final Drill, Ø5.0 Final Drill, and Ø6.0 Final Drill.

\* The Countersink and Tap Drill should be used in hard bone quality.



\*Extra product

### \* Sloped edentulous ridge adjacent to tooth



### **Wide** extraction socket

> Absence of the cortical bone & spongy bone. > Use the drill with narrower diameter than the fixture's diameter.

### \* Torque force control

> 0.5mm deeper placement increases the initial torque force of the fixture.



> The pumping action while drilling removes the bone chip in the hole. > In dense bone, the debridement removal decreases the torque force.



### % In maxillary tuberosity with bone quality 4

> No pumping action.

- > 0.5mm deeper placement of the fixture.
- > Wider fixture than the Final Drill.



Ø4.5 Drill

Ø5.0 Fixture

118 SURGICAL KITS

> Use the crestal cutter of the Initial Drill and Final Drill. > Longer drill than fixture's length can be used as well.







Longer Final Drill



0.5mm deeper level.

Fixture placement level						
Level	Crestal Level		0.5mm Deeper Le		r Level	
Density	D1	D2	D3	D1	D2	D3
Torque	34.1	29	15.5	44.4	38.4	19.1

Pumping action while final drilling					
Density	D1	D2	D3		
Non-Debridement	34.1	29	19.6		
Debridement	30	25	15.5		

Level	Crestal level		0.5mm De	eper Level
Debridement	with	without	with	without
Ø4.5 Fixture	4.4	10.2	-	12.9
Ø5.0 Fixture	11.6	19.9	14.1	24.5

REID

# INNO SUB. SMART SURGICAL KIT [KSA002]



> For the INNO Submerged Implant System (Sub. / Diameter: 3.5, 4.0, 4.5 & 5.0mm / Length: 8, 10, 12 & 14mm). > A simper surgical kit mainly used with the Drills and Stoppers.







\* While the Ø2.2 Initial Drill is used at 1,000 rpm with irrigation, the Final Drills from the Ø3.5 to 5.0 should be used at 50 rpm without irrigation.



\* For Pre-Mount type of fixtures, use the Mount Drivers (\*Extra product).



REID

# INNO SUB. SHORT SURGICAL KIT [KSI001]



> For the INNO Submerged Short Implant System (Sub.).







Mount Driver

Hex Driver



Length Marking & Stopper

Actual length of drill: Fixture + 0.5mm.

















🗌 Ø2.0
Ø4.0
Ø4.5
Ø5.0
Ø5.5
Ø6.0



# INNO SUB. NARROW SURGICAL KIT [KNA001]



> For the INNO Submerged Narrow Implant System (Sub-N).





### Fixture Driver





> Used to install No-Mount type fixtures.

Туре





REID

Machine	Ratchet
KMMS01XN	KHDS01XN

> The Machine Driver is used with a contra-angle, while the Ratchet Driver is used with the Torque Wrench. > For Pre-Mount type of fixtures, use the Mount Drivers (\*Extra product).

COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

# **INNO PROSTHETIC PLANNING KIT** [KIPP001]



- > Exclusive for the INNO Submerged and Submerged Narrow Implant System. > Try-in Kit for determining abutment specifications.
- > Insert the Abutment Gauge after INNO Submerged and Submerged Narrow fixture fixation to check the abutment size.



Straight





 Breakaway Stopper Prevents breakaway from intraoral cavity by connection silk. Cuff Marking Marked Cuff 2 or 4.

Select Cuff 2 or 4 according to the case.

• Cuff Height

Diameter

Colored by diameter.

Ø3.8 Ø4.5 Ø5.5 Ø6.5

Abutment Gauge



Abutment Gauge-N



Туре	Regular		
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5
Cuff Length		7	
2	P2SCH4527	P2SCH5527	P2SCH6527
4	P2SCH4547	P2SCH5547	P2SCH6547

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Gauge.

- > Solution for the straight type abutment.
- > Connected with the INNO Submerged Fixture. > Select Ø4.5/5.5/6.5 according to the case.

Туре Narrow Diameter Ø3.8 Ø4.5 Length 7 Cuff 2 PSCH3827N PSCH4527N PSCH3847N PSCH4547N 4

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Gauge-N.

> Solution for the straight type abutment.

> Connected with the INNO Submerged Narrow Fixture. > Select Ø3.8 or 4.5 according to the case.





abutment and crown.



Abutment Gauge



Abutment Gauge-N





> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Gauge. > Solution for the anterior esthetic zone. > Connected with the INNO Submerged Fixture. > Select 15° or 25° according to the case. > Select Hex-A or Hex-B according to the case.

Туре		He	x-A	
Diameter(Angle)	Ø3.8(15°)	Ø3.8(25°)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)
Cuff Length		8	3	
2	<b>PSAH</b> 38152 <b>NA</b>	PSAH38252NA	<b>PSAH</b> 45152 <b>NA</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45252 <b>NA</b>
4	<b>PSAH</b> 38154 <b>NA</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 38254 <b>NA</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45154 <b>NA</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45254 <b>NA</b>

Туре		He	x-B	
Diameter(Angle)	Ø3.8(15°)	Ø3.8(25°)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)
Cuff Length		8	3	
2	<b>PSAH</b> 38152 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 38252 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45152 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45252 <b>NB</b>
4	<b>PSAH</b> 38154 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 38254 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45154 <b>NB</b>	<b>PSAH</b> 45254 <b>NB</b>

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Gauge-N. > Solution for the anterior esthetic zone. > Connected with the INNO Submerged Narrow Fixture.

- > Select 15° or 25° according to the case.

> Predicting Angulated Type Diameter, Cuff, and Length to help select the correct size

Angulated I Beauty-up™ Abutment

	Hex-A			
e)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)		
	8			
	P2SAH45152A	P2SAH45252A		
	P2SAH45154A	P2SAH45254A		

	Hex-B			
e)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(25°)		
	8			
	P2SAH45152B	P2SAH45252B		
	P2SAH45154B	P2SAH45254B		

> Select Hex-A or Hex-B according to the case.

# **INNO PROSTHETIC INSTRUMENT KIT** [KPA004]



> All-in-one kit for all types of the INNO Implant System (Sub. Sub-N. Int. Ext.)



### 1.2 Hex Driver





# Mini Plus Implant system

Mini Plus Implant

Surgical kit

Mini Plus Implant 129



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Lab Analog



Diameter	Ø3.0		
Length Cuff	2.0mm	4.0mm	
10mm	AMC3210S	AMC3410S	
12mm	AMC3212S	AMC3412S	
14mm	<b>AMC</b> 3214 <b>S</b>	AMC3414S	

> Packing unit: 1 Fixture.

> Abutment level impression.

### Impression Coping

> Packing unit: 1 Impression Coping.

- > Used for impression taking of the post of the fixture.
- > Direct impression is recommended when modified/altered.

> Packing unit: 1 Lab Analog.

- > The same adjustment must be made for the Lab Analog when the abutment portion of the fixture is modified/altered.
- > Replacement of the cement post shape in working cast.

iameter	Ø4.0
nm	AMCC001
nm	AMCC002
nm	AMCC003

> Packing unit: 1 Protection Cap.

> Provides temporary protection from mucosa, gingiva, and tongue after implantation.

## **DESIGN OF MINI PLUS FIXTURE (1P-B.)**

> For semi-permanent or temporary solution for overdenture prosthesis.

Ball Type

### **System Flow**





### **Fixture**



Ball Outer Cap D



Ball Inne	er Ca	р		
Block-out Spacer	Ba	ll Inner	Сар	1
0	Red: 10N	Orange: 1	5N Gree	n: 20N

### **Impression Coping / Lab Analog**



### Lab Analog

132 Mini Plus Implant



Ball Inner Cap

12	Diameter	Ø3.0		
1	Length Cuff	2.0mm	4.0mm	
11	10mm	AMB3210S	AMB3410S	
	12mm	<b>AMB</b> 3212 <b>S</b>	AMB3412S	
	14mm	<b>AMB</b> 3214 <b>S</b>	<b>AMB</b> 3414 <b>S</b>	
	> Packing u	nit: 1 Fixture.		

Ø3.4	
BATC003C	

Code	
BATC003I	

> Packing unit: 2 Block-out Spacers + 6 Inner Caps (2 per each color). > Retention force: Red 10N, Orange 15N & Green 20N.

### Impression Coping

> Packing unit: 1 Impression Coping.

> Used for impression taking of the post of the fixture.

> Packing unit: 1 Lab Analog.

> Replacement of the ball post shape in working cast.

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## SURGICAL KIT [KMA003]

### **Point Drill**



### Ø1.3 Twist Drill

### KTWD13S Ø1.3



### Ø1.8 Twist Drill

KTWD18S Ø1.8 Ø2.5 Fixture Final Drill



### Ø2.3 / Ø2.6 Twist Drill



### Tissue Punch \*Extra product





**Drilling Sequence** 





\* For bone quality 4, the Mini Plus fixtures should be self-tapped and placed by making proper adjustments in drilling as they have self-tapping characteristics, and their diameter is narrow.

Ø2.85(Ø2.5 Fixture)

Ø3.35(Ø3.0 Fixture)



> Easy removal of soft tissue for flapless surgery.

> 0.3mm wider than fixture diameter allows more predictable results.

> Allows precise measurement of drilling depth and path.

# **COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS**

Drive yourself to COWELLMEDI's Digital Transformation

### **Digital Guided Surgery Kits**

InnoFit Lodestar Plus Kit InnoFit Lodestar Kit



Exclusive for the INNO Submerged and Submerged Narrow Implant System.

Universal to any implant system.

### **Digital Prosthesis**

### InnoFit Hybrid Ti-Base System

· Sub. Hybrid Ti-Base System · Sub. & Sub-N. Multi Hybrid Ti-Base System · Sub. Lock Hybrid Ti-Base System · Sub-N. Hybrid Ti-Base System · Int. Hybrid Ti-Base System





# InnoFit Lodestar Plus Kit [KLSP001]

A total guided surgery solution applicable to various types of clinical cases.
 Exclusive for the INNO Submerged and Submerged Narrow Implant System.



COWELLMEDI HISTORY

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

### Workflow



### Preparation before Operation



Disinfection must be done before the operation. Immerse the surgical guide template into the alcohol and chlorhexidine solution in a ratio of 9:1 or disinfection fluids such as Cidex OPA, betadine, etc. for more than 20 minutes. Then rinse with the saline solution and install in

• Check if inward of the surgical guide template and outward of teeth are accurately contacted through the windows of mounted surgical guide template. In case of insufficient scan data, delete and adjust the inner side of the surgical guide template to contact precisely.

• Install the surgical guide template while scanning CT to check implantation path and precision before the operation (Implantation path may also be checked in post operation by scanning

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## Comprehension and Usage of Offset

- > The basic length is 9mm from the fixture platform to the top of the Sleeve.
- > In case the gingiva is thick or fixture needs to be placed deeper due to low bone density, use the Sleeve 2 or 4mm upright to the top.
- > The higher the offset value, the less accurate it is, so use 9mm if possible.



offset (In case of placing 8mm Fixture) : In case of offset 9mm(0mm) – Select 8mm Drill.



Selection of the Drill according to the Sleeve offset (In case of placing 8mm Fixture) : In case of offset 11mm(2mm) - Select 10mm Drill.



#### \* Caution

Please note that the actual depth of drilling is 1mm longer than the Drill mark. Ex) Ø4.0 X 8mm Drill - Drilling depth: 9mm.

Selection of the Drill according to the Sleeve offset (In case of placing 8mm Fixture) : In case of offset 13mm(4mm) – Select 12mm Drill.

#### **Tissue Punch**

KLPTP01

Bone Flattening Drill

Ø5.2

KLPBF01

Initial Drill

27 1







Point

> Used for soft tissue elimination (the gingiva in the position where the implant is to be placed can be incised in a circular shape).

> Hemostatic effect, small scar, or fast wound healing effect occurs after the operation due to the small diameter of tissue punch.

> Able to apply offset (9mm, 11mm, 13mm).

> 50rpm without irrigation.

\* Caution The Tissue Punch must be kept clean. Otherwise, it may cause rust or damage on the blade due to residual gingival pieces or others in the Tissue Punch after the operation (remove the residual gingiva piece by explorer, steam etc.).

> Flattens the bone level of the operation site.

> Inclined bone level may glide the Drill and can not drill as planned.

> Eliminates the soft tissue after using the Tissue Punch.

> The point in the middle of the Drill guides the position of the Drill and

helps to the drill in an accurate site.

> Able to apply offset (9mm, 11mm, 13mm).

> 400rpm without irrigation / 800rpm with irrigation.



> High speed, 1,000rpm with irrigation.



Creates the hole on the bone surface so that the axis of the next step Drill is not moved and it guides the Drill position by preventing slip even at the inclined bone level. REID

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

#### Pilot Drill

> Low speed, 50rpm without irrigation / 50N.cm

# Ø3.1/Ø3.3 Fixture







Ø5.0 Fixture KLPPD5007 KLPPD5008 H: 32 H: 33 H: 35 H: 35 H: 35 H: 35 H: 36 H: 36 H: 36 H: 36 H: 37 H: 38 H: 36 H: 36 H: 37 H: 38 H: 38 H: 38 H: 39 H: REID

COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM





#### Countersink



> Able to apply offset (9mm, 11mm, 13mm).

> 50rpm without irrigation.



Adapter Extension

> In case the Implant Adapter is too short to use, connect the Ratchet or Machine Adapter Extension to place the fixture.

> Adapter Extension Implant Adapter

> > Groove for Removal

In case of cold welding,

hang the crown remover

on the groove to remove.



#### Implant Adapter

- > Moves fixture to the Sleeve to implant safely.
- > Matches the depth of laser marks of the Sleeve offset and the Implant Adapter.
- > When implanting the fixture, the direction of the Implant Adapter and directional identification groove of the Sleeve are matched, and it lines with the hex direction of the temporary abutment.
- > In case the Implant Adapter can not be removed by cold welding after placing the fixture, hang the crown remover on the groove to remove.



Fixture Driver - Molar





Abutment Profiler



> Used in case the Implant Adapter can not be used due to the low occlusal height. > After implanting 4~5mm, change to the Implant Adapter to complete the placement.



② Change to the Implant Adapter.



③ Complete placement.

> Used for the elimination of the alveolar bone that interferes with the accurate connection of abutment. Remove residual bone by rotating and drilling 360°. > In case of thick cortical bone, drill higher rpm with irrigation (within 100rpm).

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM



> Used with the 1.2 Hex Driver to fix the surgical guide template to the fixture in such cases as edentulous teeth.



V Anchor - Fix Bone

> Used with the Torque Wrench to fix the surgical guide template into the hole of the bone created after initial drilling in such cases as edentulous teeth.



> Install by aligning to the Sleeve offset of the placed fixture.

> The V Anchors for the offset 11 and 13mm in length are extra products.

1.2 Hex Ratchet Driver



Connect the Adapter

> Used to install or remove the Cover Screw, and Healing Abutment.

Extension if necessary.



Torque Wrench(Square)

KTW001LP



KLPS01 \* Packing Unit: 5 Sleeves

**Closed Sleeve** 

KLPS02 \* Packing Unit: 5 Sleeves

Anchor System

15 33 8.5 9.5 Ø1.3



23

18

KLSAS18





- > Used to control torque force in the fixture and abutment placement.
- > Used with the Implant Adapter, 1.2 Hex Driver, and V Anchor, etc.
- > Torque force 10, 25, 30 & 35N.cm are able to be controlled by pulling the elastic bar.
- > Maximal torque force 120N.cm with pulling the rigid main bar.







Drilling Sequence (7~10mm) INNO Sub Fixture Ø5 x 10mm



A Drill contact



Drilling Sequence (12~14mm) INNO Sub Fixture Ø5 x 14mm



8~10mm drilling should be done in advance for the sleeve contact.

# \* Precaution when irrigating

> Irrigate enough to the end of the drill hole.





Χ

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

\* Drilling method > Make sure with drilling in the desired direction without a change in the path through the primary drill contact (A) with the hole created by the previous drilling and the secondary contact (B) with the sleeve.

> Create the hole using the initial drill and insert the next drill into the hole made during the previous step and drill after achieving the drill and sleeve contact (A&B).

> If drilling only with the sleeve contact (B) without the drill contact (A), the path may not be correct.



COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

# Drilling Sequence



> Total drilling sequence with the Tissue Punches, Bone Flattening Drills, Initial Drills, and Pilot Drills, Abutment Profilers, and Implant Adapters.



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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

# InnoFit Lodestar Kit [KL5001]

> A cost-effective guided surgery solution applicable to various types of clinical cases.

> Universal to any implant system.



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# Anchor System

KLSAD13 KLSAS18 KLSMD23 KLSRD16 Anchor Drill Anchor Screw Anchor Driver



**Tissue Punch** 

> The gingiva in the position where the implant is to be placed can be incised in a circular shape and can also be used in inclined bones (50rpm without irrigation).

Pilot Drill

> Ø2.0 / Ø2.7 / Ø3.4 / Ø4.2.









# Ø2.7 / Ø3.4 / Ø4.2: Low Speed - 50~200rpm / 50N.cm

# Initial Drill

> The Drill combined with Bone Flattening Drill and Point Drill which no separate Bone Flattening Drill is required provides a simpler procedure and shorter chair time (1,000rpm with irrigation).





so that the axis of the next step Drill is not moved and it guides the Drill position by preventing slip even at the inclined bone level.







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Pilot Drill 23mm(13mm) KLSPD2014



COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

## **Abutment Profiler**

> Used for the elimination of the alveolar bone that interferes with the accurate connection of abutment.

V/6-15

11.8



#### \* Comprehension and Usage of Offset

- > The basic length is 10mm from the fixture platform to the top of the Sleeve. > In case the gingival is thick or fixture needs to be placed deeper due to low bone density,
- use the Sleeve 2 or 4mm upright to the top.
- > The higher the offset value, the less accurate it is, so use 10mm if possible.









23

18

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COWELLMEDI HISTORY

Optional

5.3

Ø4.5





\* Packing Unit: 5 Sleeves





# Guide Reamer Extra

Used for precise contact of Drill and Sleeve (Sleeve / Non-Sleeve). Use the 4.5mm Guide Reamer for Non-Sleeve, and the 5.3 Guide Reamer for Sleeve (800rpm without irrigation).









Revises imprecisely formed hole after the guided template fabrication using the 4.5 Guide Reamer to create the hole to be in exact contact with the Drill.



Revises imprecisely formed hole after the guided template fabrication using the 5.3mm Guide Reamer to precisely insert the Sleeve.

COWELLMEDI HISTORY









19mm

Drilling Sequence

# Drilling Sequence (without sleeve)



# Drilling Sequence (with sleeve)



## \* Use 10mm Drill prior to 14mm Drill



## \* Drilling method

- with the hole created by the previous drilling and the secondary contact (B) with the Sleeve.
- achieving the Drill and Sleeve contact (A&B).
- > If drilling only with the Sleeve contact (B) without the Drill contact (A), the path may not be correct.



\* Precaution when irrigating

> Irrigate enough to the end of the drill hole.





> Make sure with drilling in the desired direction without a change in the path through the primary Drill contact (A) > Create the hole using the Initial Drill and insert the next drill into the hole made during the previous step and Drill after

# For the use of the 14mm Drill with accurate contact to the Sleeve, use the Ø2.0x10mm Drill before using the 14mm Drill.

COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

REID



# Drilling Sequence

> Total drilling sequence with the Tissue Punches, Initial Drills, Pilot Drills, and Abutment Profilers.







After removal of the guided template

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM



# Component selection guide for the Sub. Hybrid Ti-Base System

SUB. Hexagoi



Model-scanning





N-Hex



	Hex		N-Hex
Ø4.0	Ø5.0	Ø6.0	Ø4.0
3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
5LH404	2 <b>SLH</b> 504	2 <b>SLH</b> 604	2 <b>SLN</b> 404
5LH424	2 <b>SLH</b> 524	2 <b>SLH</b> 624	2 <b>SLN</b> 424
SLH434	2 <b>SLH</b> 534	2 <b>SLH</b> 634	2 <b>SLN</b> 434

> Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown.

> Right angled (Ø4.0) and humped design (Ø5.0, Ø6.0) for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

	Hex		N-Hex
Ø4.0	Ø5.0	Ø6.0	Ø4.0
5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
<b>LH</b> 415	2 <b>SLH</b> 515	2 <b>SLH</b> 615	2 <b>SLN</b> 415
<b>SLH</b> 425	2 <b>SLH</b> 525	2 <b>SLH</b> 625	2 <b>SLN</b> 425
<b>SLH</b> 435	2 <b>SLH</b> 535	2 <b>SLH</b> 635	2 <b>SLN</b> 435

> Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown.

> Cutting surface (Ø4.0) and humped design (Ø5.0, Ø6.0) for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

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# Hybrid A Ti-Base



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Diameter	Ø4.0	Ø4.0
Length Cuff	3.75	3.75
0.8	2 <b>SLH</b> 404 <b>A</b>	2 <b>SLN</b> 404 <b>A</b>
2	2 <b>SLH</b> 424 <b>A</b>	2 <b>SLN</b> 424 <b>A</b>
3	2 <b>SLH</b> 434 <b>A</b>	2 <b>SLN</b> 434 <b>A</b>

#### > Packing unit: 1 Hybrid A Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw.

- > For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment.
- > Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown.
- > For Fabrication of Angulated Screw Channel up to 25°.
- > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others.
- > Connected with the Stargrip Abutment Screw (2SLAH100, 2SLAH200 & 2SLAH300).
- > Tightened with the Torx A Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench.

10

CSHH10S

> Packing unit: 1 Hybrid Ti-Block + 2 Abutment Screws.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment. > Block abutment for CAD/CAM customized abutment.

> Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (2SSHR100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.

> Fixture level impression.

- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.
- > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
- > Fixture level impression.

#### \* Torx A Ratchet Driver

Туре

Diameter

20

1.2 Hex

2.45

	Height Type	Ratchet
	24(Short)	KRBUD15
	29(Long)	KRBUD20
·····•		

> Stable to internal slip or fracture due to wide contact area of the Torx A Driver and the dedicated Stargrip Abutment Screw.

14

CSHH14S

10

CSHN10S

N-Hex

12

CSHN12S

14

CSHN14S

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm (50N.cm Max.).

Hex

12

CSHH12S





# Pick-up Impression Coping





(Short) (Short)

0

Hex



0

Hex

Hybrid Ti-Block



0

N-Hex

Туре	Hex(Short)	Hex(Long)
Diameter	Ø4.3	Ø4.3
Height	6	11
Length Cuff	4	9
2	2 <b>SSB</b> 4325	2 <b>SSB</b> 4329

> Packing unit: 1 Scanbody + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For both, model-scanner and intra-oral scanner.

- > Made of 100% titanium alloy with a special coating applied.
- > No need to spray.
- > Connected with the Abutment Screw.
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.



Hex(Short)	Hex(Long)	Hex(X-Long)
Ø4.5	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
2	4	6
2 <b>SBIC</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2SBIC45L	2 <b>SBIC</b> 45 <b>X</b>

> Packing unit: 1 Bite Impression Coping (Inbuilt Guide Pin).

> Designed to simultaneously take bite and impression.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

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	Hex			N-Hex	
5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5
54 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 554 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 654 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 454 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 554 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 654 <b>S</b>
5 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 65 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>SIN</b> 65 <b>S</b>
5 <b>L</b>	2 <b>SIH</b> 55L	2 <b>SIH</b> 65L	2 <b>SIN</b> 45L	2 <b>SIN</b> 55L	2 <b>SIN</b> 65L

> Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

InnoFit Hybrid Ti-Base System: Sub. Hybrid Ti-Base 169

# Transfer Post



Туре		Hex			N-Hex	
Diameter Length / Cuff	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø6.5
9 (Short) / 2	2 <b>STH</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STH</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STH</b> 65 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 45 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 55 <b>S</b>	2 <b>STN</b> 65 <b>S</b>
11 (Long) / 4	2 <b>STH</b> 45L	2 <b>STH</b> 55L	2 <b>STH</b> 65L	2 <b>STN</b> 45L	2 <b>STN</b> 55L	2 <b>STN</b> 65L

> Packing unit: Hex - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Hex - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type). > For closed tray impression.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (2STH001SS / 2STH001SL).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

1 Piece > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# Abutment Screw



@\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Ø1.8

leight
8.5
10.7
Packing unit: 1 Abutmen
2SSHR100: Hybrid Block a
2SSHR200: Hybrid S Ti-Ba

> Diameter

Ti-Ba > 2SSB100S: Scanbody (2SS

> Tightened with the Hex [

Height	
Ø2.15	

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> Exclusive for the Hybrid A Ti-Base (2SLAH100 for 2SLH404A, 2SLAH200 for 2SLH424A & 2SLAH300 for 2SLH434A). > Tightened with the Torx A Driver and Torque Wrench.

# **Digital Analog**



 Height	Ø3.9	
12	2 <b>SDR</b> 001	

> Packing unit: 1 Digital Analog.

> Analog of fixture for the working cast.

> Used for both 3D printed model (RP) and stone model.

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Ø2.45	Ø2.15	Ø2.15
2 <b>SSHR</b> 100	2 <b>SSHR</b> 200	
		2 <b>SSB</b> 100 <b>S</b>
nt Screw. and Scanbody (2SSB4 ase and Hybrid L Ti-Ba: SSB4325). Driver and Torque Wre	se.	

2	3.2	4.2
2 <b>SLAH</b> 100	2 <b>SLAH</b> 200	2 <b>SLAH</b> 300

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Hex2.1[Sub-N.]	Hex2.5[Sub.]		
Ø4.5 [Ø3.1 / Ø3.3]	Ø4.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 /	Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	
Ø4.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	
2	2	2	
SMS451N	2 <b>SMS</b> 451	2 <b>SMS</b> 551	
SMS452N	2 <b>SMS</b> 452	2 <b>SMS</b> 552	
SMS453N	2 <b>SMS</b> 453	2 <b>SMS</b> 553	
SMS454N	2 <b>SMS</b> 454	2 <b>SMS</b> 554	
	2 <b>SMS</b> 455	2 <b>SMS</b> 555	

> Titanium base for the Multi Hybrid Ti-Base.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & others.

> Integrated with the screw and abutment (solid screw)

> Tightened with the S Machine or S Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm (Sub.) / 20~25N.cm (Sub-N.).

• SMAN45 SMAN45

Hex						
Hex2.1[Sub-N.]			Hex2.5[Sub.]			
Ø4.5 [Ø3	8.1 / Ø3.3]	Ø4.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 /	Ø4.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]		Ø5.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	
Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)	Ø5.5(15°)	Ø5.5(30°)	
2	2	2	2	2	2	
★ SMAH45152N		• 2 <b>SMAH</b> 45152				
• SMAH45153N	★ SMAH45303N	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 45153	• 2 <b>SMAH</b> 45303	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55153	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55303	
• SMAH45154N	• SMAH45304N	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 45154	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 45304	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55154	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55304	
				★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55155	★ 2 <b>SMAH</b> 55305	

N-Hex						
Hex2.1[Sub-N.]			Hex2.5[Sub.]			
Ø4.5 [Ø3.1 / Ø3.3]		Ø4.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]		Ø5.5 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5 / Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]		
Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)	Ø4.5(15°)	Ø4.5(30°)	Ø5.5(15°)	Ø5.5(30°)	
2	2	2	2	2	2	
* SMAN45152N		• 2 <b>SMAN</b> 45152				
• SMAN45153N	★ SMAN45303N	*2 <b>SMAN</b> 45153	• 2 <b>SMAN</b> 45303	* 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55153	* 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55303	
• SMAN45154N	• SMAN45304N	★ 2 <b>SMAN</b> 45154	★ 2 <b>SMAN</b> 45304	★ 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55154	★ 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55304	
				* 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55155	★ 2 <b>SMAN</b> 55305	

> Packing unit: 1 Multi A Abutment + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Titanium base for the Multi Hybrid Ti-Base.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & others.

> Use the A Holder for a more stable position.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR200N: ★ SSHR300N: ● / 2SSHR300: ★ 2SSHR400: ●).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm (Sub.) / 20~25N.cm (Sub-N.).

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#### Abutment Screw



Height Diameter	8.7	9.3	7.5	6.5
1.95	★ SSHR200N	• SSHR300N		
2.15			★ 2 <b>SSHR</b> 300	• 2 <b>SSHR</b> 400
5	1 Abutment Screw. e Multi A Abutment.			

Multi Transfer Post



Multi Digital Analog



> Packing unit: 1 Multi Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin. > For closed tray impression.

- > Connected with the Guide Pin (2SMTHS100).
- > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

Multi S & A Abutment Diamete

Diamete 2

## Multi Protection Cap



Multi S & A butment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Diameter Height	Ø5.2	Ø6.2
5	2 <b>SMPC</b> 45	2 <b>SMPC</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Protection Cap.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

- > Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.
- > Prevention of gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin for the abutment.

> Alternative usage for sub-structure of the temporary prosthesis. > Tightened with the Hex Driver.

> Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.

# Multi Scanbody



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5 & Ø5.5	Ø4.5 & Ø5.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
9	2SMB001H	2SMB001N

- > Packing unit: 1 Multi Scanbody + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.
- > For both, model-scanner and intra-oral scanner.
- > For the Multi Hybrid Ti-Base.
- > Made of 100% titanium alloy with a special coating applied.
- > No need to spray.
- > Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# Multi Pick-up Impression Coping

ł	D H	
O Hex	O N-Hex	

-

Туре	Hex		N-H	lex
Multi S & A Abutment Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.65	Ø5.65	Ø4.65	Ø5.65
16	2 <b>SMIH</b> 45	2 <b>SMIH</b> 55	2 <b>SMIN</b> 45	2 <b>SMIN</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.
> For open tray impression.
> Connected with the Guide Pin (2SMGP012).
> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.





- > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others.
- > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.
  - > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
  - > Abutment level impression.

# Multi Cylinder Screw

N-Hex





Diameter Height

- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 20N.cm.

174 InnoFit Hybrid Ti-Base System: Sub. & Sub-N. Multi Hybrid Ti-Base

# Multi Hybrid Ti-Base

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He	ex	N-Hex				
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5			
Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5			
MTH45	2 <b>SMTH</b> 55	2 <b>SMTN</b> 45	2 <b>SMTN</b> 55			

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

Ø4.5	Ø5.5
Ø4.5	Ø5.5
2 <b>SMLA</b> 45	2 <b>SMLA</b> 55

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Digital Analog.

> Replacement of the Multi S or A Abutment shape in working cast.

> Used for both 3D printed model (RP) and stone model.

> Select according to the dimension of the Multi S or A Abutment.

	Hex			N-Hex	
.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5	Ø4.5	Ø4.5	Ø5.5
5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
	2 <b>SMHT</b> 45H	2 <b>SMHT</b> 55 <b>H</b>		2 <b>SMHT</b> 45N	2 <b>SMHT</b> 55N
<b>T</b> 40 <b>H</b>			2 <b>SMHT</b> 40N		

> Packing unit: 1 Multi Hybrid Ti-Base + 1 Multi Cylinder Screw.

> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment.

> Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown.

> Gold color for more translucent restoration.

> Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

> Connected with the Multi Cylinder Screw (2SMCS100).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

Ø2.25

2**SMCS**100

> Connected with the Multi Scanbody and Multi Hybrid Ti-Base.

# Component selection guide for the Sub. Lock Hybrid Ti-Base System



 Intra-oral scanning • Model-scanning



Lock Protection Cap

D

			LOCKI
		2.15	
0.5		2 <b>SLA</b> 400	
1		2 <b>SLA</b> 410	
2		2 <b>SLA</b> 420	
3		2 <b>SLA</b> 430	
4		2 <b>SLA</b> 440	
Dacking unit:	1 Lock Abutr	mont	

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Abutment > For Screw-Retained Prosthesis. > Titanium base for the Lock Hybrid Ti-Base. > Gold color for more translucent restoration. > Integrated with screw and abutment.

> Tightened with the Lock Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm. > Abutment level impression.

4

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Protection Cap.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver. > Tightening torque force: 5~10N.cm.





> For both, model scanner and intra oral scanner.

- > For the Lock Hybrid Ti-Base.
- > No need to spray.
- > Connected with the Lock Cylinder Screw (2SLCS200).

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Ø3.5	
Ø4.3	
2 <b>SLP</b> 45	

> Protection from cheek and tongue for gingival healing period.

> Prevention of gingival retraction for prosthodontic margin for the abutment.

Ø3.5	
Ø4.3	
2 <b>SLB</b> 001 <b>H</b>	

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Scanbody + 1 Lock Cylinder Screw.

> Made of 100% titanium alloy with a special coating applied.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS

# Lock Pick-up Impression Coping



Lock Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter Height	Ø4.3
16	2 <b>SLIH</b> 45

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin. > Connected with the Guide Pin (2SLIH45S). > For open tray impression.

# Lock Cylinder Screw





> Packing unit: 1 Lock Cylinder Screw. > Connected with the Lock Scanbody and Lock Hybrid Ti-Base. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

# Lock Digital Analog



Lock Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter Length	Ø3.5
2.2	2 <b>SLLA</b> 35

> Packing unit: 1 Lock Digital Analog. > Used for both 3D printed model (RP) and stone model.



## Lock Hybrid Ti-Base



Lock Abutment Diameter	Ø3.5
Diameter	Ø4.5
Length Cuff	5
0.5	2SLHT40N

- > Packing unit: 1 Lock Hybrid Ti-Base + 1 Lock Cylinder Screw.
- > For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment.
- > Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown.
- > Gold color for more translucent restoration.
- > Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.
- > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & Others.
- > Connected with the Lock Cylinder Screw (2SLCS200).
- > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.
- > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm. > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
- > Abutment level impression.

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

# Ø2.3

## 2**SLCS**200

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

Ratchet					t	het	Ratc	R					
KRLRD18					8	D18	RLR	K					
KRLRD28					28	D28	RLR	K					

> To install and remove the Lock Abutment with the Torque Wrench.

# Component selection guide for the Sub-N. Hybrid Ti-Base System

SUB-N. Hexagon System



• Intra-oral scanning

• Model-scanning



Hybrid S Ti-Base

Туре Diameter \_\_\_\_Length Cuff 0.8 2 3

> Packing unit: 1 Hybrid S T > For Screw-Cement or Cer > Titanium base for the stre customized abutment or crown. > Gold color for more translucent restoration.

Hybrid L Ti-Base



Туре	
Diameter	
Length Cuff	
1	
2	
3	

> Packing unit: 1 Hybrid L > For Screw-Cement or Ce > Titanium base for the str customized abutment > Gold color for more trans

> Cutting surface for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

Hex

Hybrid A Ti-Base

Hex



> Titanium base for the str customized abutment of > For Fabrication of Angulated Screw Channel up to 25°. > Right angled for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

\*Torx A Ratchet Driver

0.8

2

3



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	Hex
	Ø4.0
	3.75
	SLH404N
	SLH424N
	SLH434N
Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw. ement Retained Abutment. rength of CAD/CAM	<ul> <li>&gt; Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® &amp; Others.</li> <li>&gt; Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR100N).</li> <li>&gt; Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.</li> </ul>

- > Lingual surface hole for more esthetic restoration.
- > Right angled for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

> Tightening torqu	e force: 20~25N.cm.
> Use the Scanboo	ly for 3D Work.

> Fixture level impression.

	Hex
	Ø4.0
	5.5
	SLH415N
	SLH425N
	SLH435N
L Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw. Tement Retained Abutment. trength of CAD/CAM or crown. inslucent restoration. i-rotation of the prosthesis.	<ul> <li>&gt; Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® &amp; Others.</li> <li>&gt; Connected with the Abutment Screw (SSHR100N).</li> <li>&gt; Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.</li> <li>&gt; Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm.</li> <li>&gt; Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.</li> <li>&gt; Fixture level impression.</li> </ul>

N-Hex

Ø4.0	Ø4.0	
3.75	3.75	
SLH404AN	SLN404AN	
SLH424AN	SLN424AN	
SLH434AN	SLN434AN	
A Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw. Lement Retained Abutment. trength of CAD/CAM or crown.	<ul> <li>&gt; Library available for EXOCAD*, 3Shape* &amp; Others.</li> <li>&gt; Connected with the Stargrip Abutment Screw (SLAH100N, SLAH200N &amp; SLAH300N).</li> <li>&gt; Tightened with the Torx A Ratchet Driver</li> </ul>	

and Torque Wrench.

- > Tightening torque force: 20~25N.cm. > Use the Scanbody for 3D Work.
- > Fixture level impression.

Height Type	Ratchet
24(Short)	KRBUD15
29(Long)	KRBUD20

> Stable to internal slip or fracture due to wide contact area of the Torx A Ratchet Driver and the dedicated Stargrip Abutment Screw. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm (50N.cm Max.).

## Scanbody



Туре	Hex(Short)	Hex(Long)
Diameter	Ø4.3	Ø4.3
Height	6	11
Length Cuff	4	9
2	SSB4325N	SSB4329N

> Packing unit: 1 Scanbody + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For both, model-scanner and intra-oral scanner.

> Made of 100% titanium alloy with a special coating applied.

> No need to spray.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# **Digital Analog**





> Packing unit: 1 Digital Analog. > Analog of fixture for the working cast. > Used for both 3D printed model (RP) and stone model.

# Pick-up Impression Coping



Туре	Hex	N-Hex		
Diameter Length/Cuff	Ø4.5	Ø4.5		
14 (Short) / 2	SIH45SN	SIN45SN		
16 (Long) / 4	SIH45LN	SIN45LN		
<ul> <li>Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.</li> <li>For open tray impression.</li> </ul>				

> Connected with the Guide Pin (SIS001SN / SIS001LN).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

#### Abutment Screw



> SSHR100N: Hybrid S Ti-Ba

SSHR100N



D

Height Diameter Ø2.25

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw.

> Exclusive for the Hybrid A Ti-Base (SLAH100N for SLH404AN, SLAH200N for SLH424AN & SLAH300N for SLH434AN). > Tightened with the Torx A Ratchet Driver and Torque Wrench.



Туре	Hex	N-Hex
Diameter Length / Cuff	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
9 (Short) / 2	STH45SN	STN45SN
11 (Long) / 4	STH45LN	STN45LN

> Packing unit: Hex - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Hex - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type).

> For closed tray impression. > Connected with the Guide Pin (STH001SN / STH001LN).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# Ø3.9

## **SDR**001**N**

Diameter Height	Ø2.25	Ø1.95
10.2	SSHR100N	
12.3		SSB100SN
<ul> <li>&gt; SSHR100N: Hy</li> <li>&gt; SSB100SN: Sca</li> <li>&gt; Tightened wit</li> </ul>	I Abutment Screw. 'brid S Ti-Base, Hybrid L Ti-Base, and Scanbody (S anbody (SSB4325N). h the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. 'que force: 20~25N.cm.	SB4329N).

10.2	11.4	12.4
SLAH100N	SLAH200N	SLAH300N

# Component selection guide for the Int. Hybrid Ti-Base System

- Intra-oral scanning
- Model-scanning





Crown

Hybrid S Ti-Base 1.2 Hex → | |----2.3 |----| Туре D Ø5.1 Ø6.2





> For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment. > Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown. > Gold color for more translucent restoration. > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & others. > Right angled (Ø5.1) and humped design (Ø6.2) for anti-rotation of prosthesis. > Connected with the Abutment Screw (ILHS100). > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Use the Scanbody for digital workflow. > Fixture level impression.

Hybrid L Ti-Base



N-Octa

Туре	Octa		N-Octa	
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter	Ø5.1	Ø6.2	Ø5.1	Ø6.2
Length Cuff	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
0.8	ILO4815	ILO5915	ILN4815	ILN5915
2	ILO4825	ILO5925	ILN4825	ILN5925
3	ILO4835	ILO5935	ILN4835	ILN5935

> Packing unit: 1 Hybrid L Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw. > For Screw-Cement or Cement Retained Abutment. > Titanium base for the strength of CAD/CAM customized abutment or crown. > Gold color for more translucent restoration. > Library available for EXOCAD®, 3Shape® & others. > Cutting surface (Ø5.1) and humped design (Ø6.2) for anti-rotation of the prosthesis.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (ILHS100).

> Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

> Use the Scanbody for digital workflow.

> Fixture level impression.

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Octa		N-Octa	
5/Ø4.0/Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Ø5.1	Ø6.2	Ø5.1	Ø6.2
4	4	4	4
<b>O</b> 4814	ILO5914	ILN4814	ILN5914
<b>O</b> 4824	ILO5924	ILN4824	ILN5924
<b>O</b> 4834	ILO5934	ILN4834	ILN5934

> Packing unit: 1 Hybrid S Ti-Base + 1 Abutment Screw.

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.



Туре	Octa(Short)	Octa(Long)
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 & Ø5.9 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5/ Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]	Ø4.8 & Ø5.9 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5/ Ø5.0 / Ø6.0
Diameter	Ø4.5	Ø4.5
Height	6	10
	<b>ISB</b> 406	<b>ISB</b> 410

> Packing unit: 1 Scanbody + 1 Abutment Screw.

> For both, model-scanner and intra-oral scanner.

> Made of 100% titanium alloy with a special coating applied.

> No need to spray.

> Connected with the Abutment Screw (ISHR110).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# **Digital Analog**





> Packing unit: 1 Digital Analog. > Analog of fixture for the working cast. > Select according to fixture platform.

# Pick-up Impression Coping



Туре	Octa				
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]			
Diameter Length	Ø5.5	Ø6.6			
13.7	IIOR001	<b>IIOW</b> 001			

> Packing unit: 1 Pick-up Impression Coping + 1 Guide Pin.

> For open tray impression.

> Connected with the Guide Pin (IIOR001S).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

# Abutment Screw



\_\_\_\_ Diameter Height 8.6

> Packing unit: 1 Abutment Screw. > Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench. > Tightening torque force: 30N.cm.

#### Transfer Post



Туре	Octa		N-Octa	
Platform [Fixture Dia.]	Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5] Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]		Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Diameter Length	Ø4.8	Ø5.9	Ø4.8	Ø5.9
11.6	ITOR400	ITOW500	ITNR400	ITNW500

> Packing unit: Octa - 1 Transfer Post + 1 Guide Pin / N-Octa - 1 Transfer Post (Solid Type).

> For closed tray impression. > Connected with the Guide Pin (Regular: ITOR400S / Wide: ITOW500S).

> Tightened with the Hex Driver and Torque Wrench.

> Tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.

186 InnoFit Hybrid Ti-Base System: Int. Hybrid Ti-Base

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Ø4.8 [Ø3.5 / Ø4.0 / Ø4.5]	Ø5.9 [Ø5.0 / Ø6.0]
Ø4.8	Ø5.9
IDR001R	IDR001W

> Used for both 3D printed model (RP) and stone model.

Ø2.3

ILHS100

# **COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS**

# An Expert knows what makes the results

# MFS Kit (Multi-Functional Sinus Kit)

Designed to perform maxillary sinus lifting. The Aqua Membrane Lifter, Drill designs, and Stopper Systems prevent perforation of the sinus membrane. The kit includes all the instruments required for both crestal and lateral approaches.

# Easy Sinus Lift Kit

This revolutionary kit contains US Patented Tap Drills and Spreaders, allowing any user to easily lift, split or condense surrounding bone with simple drilling. Users can expect more predictable results, and patients can enjoy less traumatic surgeries with shorter chair time.

# MFR Kit (Multi-Functional Removal Kit)

An ideal solution for removing fixtures, abutments, and screws without trauma and bone loss. The kit includes all the instruments required to remove fixtures, abutments, and screws.

# InnoGenic GBR Kit

An all-in-one solution for various types of GBR procedures. The InnoGenic GBR (Guided bone regeneration) kit offers all the tools that can fix barrier membranes, block bones, and collect autogenous bone.

## InnoGenic Autobone Harvester

Devised to harvest autogenous bone not only from the general site but also from the site where the implant will be placed. More than 1cc of bone chips can be harvested within 10 seconds.

## COWELL BMP Trephine Kit

An easy-to-use kit with drills and instruments for block-type bone collection, failed fixture removal, crestal and lateral (window) approach for the sinus lift, and bone chip extraction.

# **Atraumatic Extraction Kit**

Used for the immediate and effortless extraction of the root of the tooth with simple procedures.

# AO4 Surgical Stent

An excellent guide template to place implant precisely, especially for AO4 or AO6 technique.

# Volume-up Guide System

Devised for preventing food penetration and forming natural cervical area by restoring contracted buccal alveolar bone & gingiva to the original shape and width.



# COWELL EXPERT INSTRUMENTS





> A comprehensive kit to approach direct & indirect maxillary sinus lift simply.



# **Crestal Approach - Components**

1. Point Drill 800~1.000rpm

> Use to mark the point of perforation on cortical bone.

> In case the remaining bone height is as low as 3.5mm, pay more attention when drilling.





# 2. 2.2 Twist Drill 800~1,000rpm

> Use for making guide hole before using the Crestal Drill.

> Connect the Crestal Drill Stopper according to the height of the remaining bone.





0mm

1mm

2mm

3mm

4mm

5mm

# 3. Crestal Drill 400~800rpm

- > Use the Crestal Drill sequentially according to the diameter of the fixture to be placed.
- > Can also be used if sinus floor is flat, incline, and septum.
- > The Crestal Drill can be used about 50 times (depending on bone quality).



Fixture Dia.	Ø3.3	Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5 / Ø5.0
Diameter	Ø2.8	Ø3.3	Ø3.7	Ø4.2
	KSCD28	KSCD33	KSCD37	KSCD42





\* Flat floor edges minimize damage to membrane.

Bone Height : 6mm

# 4. Crestal Drill Stopper

> Connected with a stopper to be drilled to the same length of the cartilage height of maxillary sinus which is measured by CT. > If not equipped with CT, fasten the stopper one step lower than expected and gradually increase the length.



# 5. Depth Gauge

> Measure thickness of the residual bone after checking the perforation of the cartilage of the maxillary sinus (do not open completely, only the entrance side should be opened). > The stopper is attached to the base of the residual bone to separate the cartilage and membrane from the maxillary sinus.



# 6. Aqua Membrane Lifter System

> After confirming elevation of the cartilage of maxillary sinus, elevate membrane with the Aqua Membrane Lifter System.

- 1) Connect the Aqua Lifer to the Guide Holder.
- (2) Connect the Aqua Tube to syringe using the Aqua Syringe Connector (SC).

③ Inject saline solution equal to the amount of bone graft material Membrane is elevated by to be used for syringe. injecting saline solution ④ Tube connection to the Aqua Lifter Drill using the Aqua Ratchet Connector (RC). (0.1cc inject -> elevation (5) Inject saline solution. height 1mm). Agua Lifter \* After injecting 0.2~0.5cc and pressure is applied, Aqua Lifter. KSAL02 measure the volume of injection Code Guide Holder Aqua Ratchet Connector ④ and height of elevation. Aqua Tube Agua Lifter Silicon \* After elevation, injected saline solution and blood are mixed. ② Aqua Syringe Connector Code KSALS04 ③ Syringe Agua Ratchet Connector ALC: NO. Code KSAL01RC KSRGH01 Code Guide Holder Aqua Syringe Connector and and and and SC Code KSAL01SC Aqua Tube

**KSALT**030 Code

nm	5mm	6mm	
<b>)S</b> 04	<b>KSDS</b> 05	<b>KSDS</b> 06	
nm	11mm	12mm	
<b>)S</b> 10	KSDS11	KSDS12	

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# 7. Torque Wrench



# 10. Implant Drill (Final)

> Drill 1~2mm more deeply than steps of the Crestal Drill.

# 11. Implant Placement

> If the residual bone is less than 3mm, do not implant the fixture, but bone graft only.



# **Crestal Approach - Drilling Sequence**

> Placing implant over Ø4.0 is highly recommended.

# 1. Ø3.3 Narrow Fixture



# 2.Ø3.5 Fixture



# 3. Ø4.0 Fixture



# 4. Ø4.5 Fixture



\* Ø5.0 Fixture Normal Bone : Drilling with the Final Drill before placing implants are required. X Use a Drill that is one step shorter than the implant (E.g. 10mm implant, 8~9mm Drill).











Normal Bone



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# Lateral Approach - Components

1. Ø6 Lateral Reamer 800~1.000rpm

> Drill after fastening the stopper according to the height of the bone. > Round shape to prevent membrane perforation.





# > CSE-02 : as stepwise, after using CSE-01, used for elevation of sinus membrane. **KSSE**02 Code > CSE-03 : as stepwise, after using CSE-02, used for elevation of sinus membrane. Code **KSSE**03

# 2. Ø6 Lateral Round Drill 800~1,000rpm

> Drill after fastening the stopper according to the height of the bone.

- > Round shaped edge.
- > The residual bone should be replaced in the original position after drilling, sinus lifting & augmentation.



# 3. Lateral Stopper



# 4. Sinus Elevator

> CSE-01 : Initial elevation of sinus membrane.





5. Ø4 Side Cutter 800~1,000rpm



6. Sinus Bone Graft



7. Implant Drill (Final)



8. Implant Placement











> When expanding window, Ø4 Side Cutter must be connected with the stopper.



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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

# Easy Sinus Lift Kit [KSA001]

> Easy Sinus Lift Kit is the world's most innovative kit for performing maxillary sinus lift, ridge splits, and bone condensing cases. This revolutionary kit contains US Patented modified Tap Drills and Spreaders in order to allow any dentists to easily lift, split, or condense surrounding bone with simple drilling. Dentists can expect more predictable results, and patients can enjoy less traumatic surgeries with shorter chair time.



# **Spreader**

- > Used in bone condensing or
- > Also used in maxillary sinus lift &





# **Sinus Lift**

# • Tap Drill (Ø3.6,Ø4.6)

> The usage of the Tap Drill is at low speed and high torque to grind through the maxillary bone, and safely elevates sinus without membrane perforation. > Must be used at 20~30 rpm / 45 N.cm.





# • Twist Drill (Ø3.6, Ø4.6)

> The Twist Drill is used after tapping as final drill for dense bone (bone quality 2 or greater) or to eliminate tapping thread in order to facilitate bone grafting. > Must be used at 100~500 rpm / 45 N.cm. > No irrigation is required.



# **Spreader**

# · Tap Drill (Ø3.2, Ø3.8, Ø4.2, Ø4.8, Ø5.1)

> The Spreader Drill is used to condense and/or spread the bone in either sinus lift or ridge split cases. > Must be used at 20~30 rpm / 45 N.cm. > No irrigation is required.







Ø3.2	Ø3.8	Ø4.2	Ø4.8	Ø5.1
KMTD32S	KMTD38S	KMTD42S	KMTD48S	KMTD51S

	Can be used with COWELLMEDI Torque Wrench using Ratchet Adapter.
- 12 - 10 - 8	Can be used with COWELLIMEDHorque wiench using Ratcher Adapter.
- 6 - 4	Tip of the drill has U.S. Patented blades that crush through the cortical bone, and separate the sinus membrane without perforations.

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# **Sequence - Sinus Lift**

• Only use of Sinus Lift Drill

# **1** Sinus Lift (Ø4.0 Fixture)



▶ Immediate Implantation and Sinus Lift Technique with Tap Drill (Ø4.0 Fixture)





▶ Immediate Implantation and Sinus Lift Technique with Tap Drill (Ø5.0 Fixture)



· Recommend to use Sinus Lift Drill and Spreader Drill together





# Note

- > Recommend to use Sinus Lift Drill and Spreader Drill together during the Sinus Lift operation.
- > Easy operation by using Ø3.2 Spreader rather than Point Drill.
- > Avoid to over press surrounding alveolar bone using Final Drill before fixture placement in D2.







# Sequence - Spreader











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> Easy removal of fractured fixture / screw / abutment.



# - Abutment Removal System Abutment Remover (0) (ii) Abutment R M1.6 M2.0 M2.5 **Tap Repair** M1.6 M2.0 M2.5 Machine Slot Adapter Driver 1 Machine Adapte KRA13

# **Fixture Removal System**



# Screw Removal System

Revers Drill Talor Drill Screw Remover M1.6 M2.0 Talon Dril verse Gi Drill Claw Drill M2.5 Guide \*Red Silicon O-Ring KSRIGO01



# **MFR Kit - Components**

# 1. Fixture Removal System

① Connect the F/R Screw to the FRS Driver.

2 Connect the F/R Screw mounted FRS Driver to the fixture (clockwise 40~60N.cm) and remove the FRS Driver. ③ Connect the Fixture Remover to the F/R Screw (counterclockwise). ④ Remove the fixture after connecting the Torque Wrench (counterclockwise, 100~400N.cm). (5) To remove the fixture from the Fixture remover, use such device as vise to fix the Fixture Remover and connect to the Torque Wrench. (6) After connecting the FRS Driver to the F/R Screw, use the Torque Wrench to remove the F/R Screw (counterclockwise).



- \* One-time use of the F/R Screw is recommended (bending or fracture may happen if more than 100N.cm and using twice may be possible if less than 100N.cm).
- X Sufficient irrigation is required when removing the fixture.

\* When the maximum torgue is exceeded, the fixture may be bent or fractured. \* If the fixture can not be removed even with maximum torque, remove the Fixture Remover & F/R Screw, remove bones around the fixture using round bur and retry to remove.

# 2. Screw Removal System

# **Talon Drill**

① Check the broken screw size inside the fixture.



\* If the I Guide and fixture could not be correctly connected, the path is not correct.

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# **Reverse Drill & Screw Remover**

If the screw could not be removed by the Talon Drill

① Form the hole on the fractured screw (depth 1~2mm / counterclockwise / 1,200~1,400rpm).

② Use the Screw Remover according to the created drill hole, remove the screw by pressing force (counterclockwise, 80N.cm).



\* If the path of the I Guide and fixture did not match, It would be difficult to remove the screw because the drill hole is away from the center of the screw.

✗ Reverse drilling requires removal of chips by irrigation & suction. ▮

- \* The fractured screw may be removed during reverse drill hole creation.
- X If necessary, fasten to the Machine Adapter and use the hand or Torque Wrench.



# 3. Abutment Removal System

# **Abutment Remover**



# **Tap Repair**

① Used when the thread inside the fixture is occluded and damaged. (2) Reproduce the thread using the Tap Repair.



# **Slot Driver**

1 Used for damaged solid type abutments, healing abutments, and cover screws. (2) Form a slot on the surface of the damaged abutment using a round bur.



4. Torque Wrench







Place the fixture (clockwise, 40~80N.cm).

Remove the fixture (counterclockwise, 100~400N.cm). COWELLMEDI HISTORY

# InnoGenic GBR Kit [KIGBR001]



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# InnoGenic GBR Kit 209

# Screw Kit KIGICS001

- Used without removing the Screw Kit from the inside of the kit tray (Remove to use if necessary only).
- Made of special material for autoclaving.
- \* Rotate the upper lid to take out the selected product.



# Composition

Classification	Product	Code		Quantity
			KIGFS03	5
	Fixing Screw (Fixing)	himmon-	KIGFS05	5
	(HAIIIg)	The second se	KIGFS07	5
Bone			KIGTS07	4
Done	Tenting Screw		KIGTS10	4
	(Tenting)		KIGTS13	4
			KIGTS15	4
	Tenting Cap (T/Cap)		KIGTC32	3
	Fix Connector (F/Connector)	for our	KIGFC4505	2
		and the second	KIGFC4510	2
			KIGFC4515	2
		and the second s	KIGFC4520	2
Fixture	Cover Cap (C/Cap)		KIGCC45	2
			KIGHC453	2
	Healing Cap		KIGHC454	2
	(H/Cap)	inter-	KIGHC553	2
			KIGHC554	2

Empty Screw Kit KIGICS





# Bone Fixing Screw (Fixing)

• Used to fix the membrane to the bone.

- Place slowly using the Fixing Driver (Machine/Handle).
- 3, 5 and 7mm length can be selected according to the bone quality. In hard bone, use after forming a basic drill hole using the Fixing Screw Drill.
- The wedge-shaped design is advantageous for self-tapping, allowing it to be fixed without drilling in normal bone.
- The double thread shortens the placement time.

	D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
2.0	0.6	3.0	3.6	KIGFS03	
		5.0	5.6	KIGFS05	
			7.0	7.6	KIGFS07

# Bone

# Tenting Screw (Tenting)

- Used when a large area of vertical / horizontal GBR is required. Leave space for bone grafts.
- Place slowly using the Tenting Screw Driver (Machine/Handle). • Recommended placement depth : Hard bone-3mm, Normal bone-5mm, Soft bone-more than 5mm.
- Initial fixation of at least 15~25N.cm is required. Tightening more than 35N.cm may cause fracture of the Tenting Screw so it must be fixed below 35N.cm.
- In normal bone, it is recommended to form a hole at least 3mm deep
- using the Tenting Screw Drill before placing the Tenting Screw. • The wedge-shaped design is advantageous for self tapping, allowing it to be used without drilling in normal bone.
- The double thread shortens the placement time.
- Use the Tenting Cap if necessary.

D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
	2.5	7.0	9.5	KIGTS07
3.2		10.0	12.5	KIGTS10
5.2	2.5	13.0	15.5	KIGTS13
		15.0	17.5	KIGTS15

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# Bone Tenting Cap (T/Cap)

• Used to fix membrane on the Tenting Screw.

• Tightened with the 0.9 Hex Driver.

• Recommended tightening torque force : 5~8N.cm.

D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
3.2	0.3	2.8	3.1	KIGTC32





# Fixture Cover Cap (C/Cap)

• Used to fix membrane over the Fix Connector.

For submerged surgery in case of sufficient soft tissue.

• Tightened with the 0.9 Hex Driver.

• Recommended tightening torque force: 5~8N.cm.

D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
4.5	0.3	3.4	3.7	KIGCC45

# Fixture Fix Connector (F/Connector)

- Used to fix the membrane along with the Cover Cap or Healing
- Cap after connecting to the fixture.
- Tightened with the 0.9 Hex Driver.
- Recommended tightening torque force: 12~15N.cm.
- Available for the INNO Submerged, Submerged Short Fixtures and other fixtures compatible with them only.

D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
	0.5	5.7	6.2	KIGFC4505
4.5	1.0		6.7	KIGFC4510
ч.5	1.5		7.2	KIGFC4515
	2.0		7.7	KIGFC4520





# Fixture Healing Cap (H/Cap)

• Used to fix membrane over the Fix Connector.

For non-submerged surgery in case of insufficient soft tissue.

• Connect by using the 0.9 Hex Driver.

Recommended tightening torque force: 5~8N.cm.

D(Ø,mm)	C(mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code			
4.5	3.0	3.4	6.4	KIGHC453			
4.5	4.0		7.4	KIGHC454			
5.5	3.0		6.4	KIGHC553			
	4.0		7.4	KIGHC554			

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Healing Cap (H/Cap) -

Fix Connector (F/Connector)


Fixing Screw Drill & Tenting Screw Drill
--

- Used to place the Fixing Screw / Tenting Screw mainly in hard bone.
- Also used to perforate cortical bone when blood supply is required.
- For normal bone, drill only 3mm deep if necessary.
- Drill before placing the Fixing Screw / Tenting Screw.
- Laser-marked at 3, 5, and 7mm long from the tip of the drill and the length can be controllable using the Drill Stoppers.
- Color-banded for distinction (Red : Fixing Screw Drill, Blue : Tenting Screw Drill). • Recommended drilling speed : 1,000~1,200rpm.

Classification	D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code	Color band	7mm
Fixing Screw Drill	1.0	10	31.5	KFSD10		5mm 3mm
Tenting Screw Drill	1.4	10		KTSD14	Fixing Screw Drill Tenting Screw Drill	_

#### **Drill Stopper**

• Used by connecting to the Fixing Screw Drill / Tenting Screw Drill. • 3mm : Yellow, 5mm : Red, 7mm : Blue



Classification	D(Ø,mm)	H(mm)	Code
3mm		13.5	KIGDS03
5mm	3.5	11.5	KIGDS05
7mm		9.5	KIGDS07

#### 0.9 Hex Driver (Ratchet)

• Used to install the Tenting Cap, Fix Connector, Cover Cap and Healing Cap.

D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
1.2	8	15	*KHD0915
	14	21	KHD0921
	20	27	*KHD0927
			* Optional





Classification	D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
Fixing Screw Driver	1.6	6.0	24.0	KFSMD24
Tenting Screw Driver	2.2	0.0	24.0	KTSMD24

#### Fixing Screw Driver & Tenting Screw Driver (Handle)

• Used to place the Fixing Screw / Tenting Screw using the Driver Handle. Color-banded for distinction (Red : Fixing Screw Driver, Blue : Tenting Screw Driver).



Classification	D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
Fixing Screw Driver	1.6	6.0	70.0	KFSHD70
Tenting Screw Driver	2.2	0.0	/0.0	KTSHD70

#### **Driver Handle**

the Driver Handle.



D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
19.8	75	135.0	KIGH

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#### **Round Bur**

• Used to perforate cortical bone when blood supply is required. • Recommended drilling speed : 1,200~1,500rpm.

н	<b>\</b>
1-15-	+
A.R.	<b>↑</b>

D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
1.0	9.5	34.0	KIGRB10



#### **Bone Trimmer**

- Used to perform osteoplasty on the outer wall of remaining bone all during GBR and to flat the bone surface for improving the fit of membrane.
- Used to remove remaining granulation tissue of bone defect part (use instead of surgical curette).
- Recommended drilling speed : 1,200~1,500rpm.



D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code
5.0	13	34.0	KIGBT50



#### Harvesting Drill & Drill Stopper

• Drill for convenient harvesting of autogenous bone in the form of bone chip in a short period of time • The Silicon Shield of the Ø3.5 Harvesting Drill makes sure with no bone chip loss while drilling (Bone chip can be collected at implant site).

- 6 Silicon Shields are included in the Kit (1 is assembled with the Ø3.5 Harvesting Drill and 5 are packed in the lower tray).
- •The maximum drilling depth of the Ø3.5 Harvesting Drill is 12mm, so it needs to be drilled slowly.
- Remove while rotating the drill.
- Recommended drilling speed : 300~500rpm.

D(Ø,mm)	L(mm)	H(mm)	Code	
3.5	9.5	39.2	KBH35	
5.0	6.5	36.5	KBH50	
	D(Ø,mm)	H(mm)	Code	
Drill Stopper	<b>D(Ø,mm)</b> 5.6	<b>H(mm)</b> 9	Code KBHD3540	

#### **Bone Carrier**

 Narrow tip is beneficially handled in most of the bone graft techniques. • Bone graft particles can be accurately and safely injected without contamination.



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\* For the details of InnoGenic Autobone Harvester, refer the pages 218~222.



\* Bone Carrier length is 94mm and the total length after stretching is 114mm.

COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

### CLINICAL CASE

#### Fixing Screw Bone



Buccal view of the bone defect.



14mm high defective part from the gingiva.

A Fixing Screw with 5mm in

length was connected to

the Fixing Screw Driver

coupled to the Driver Handle.



7mm high defective part from the gingiva.

the bone through the Wifi-Mesh

after placing the Wifi-Mesh.



Drill with 1.0mm in diameter.



Primary closure.

#### Fix Connector / Cover Cap Fixture





INNO Sub. Ø4.5x12mm Fixture A Fix Connector with 2mm in cuff which Super-hydrophilised (SLA-SH) was installed on the INNO Sub. surface on surface treated was placed at the site of #37 with 3mm high buccal bone defect around.

Fixture.





The Cover Cap and the Wifi-Mesh were installed on the Fix Connector using the 0.9 Hex Driver.

Postoperative radiographic view of #37.

#### Fix Connector / Healing Cap Fixture





Buccal defect.

Defect height from gingival crest to INNO Sub. Ø5.0x12mm Fixture which A Fix Connector with 1mm in cuff buccal wall was checked.





the INNO Sub. Fixture.

The Fix Connector was placed in The INNO-CaP was grafted up to the A hole for the Healing Cap fixation The Healing CaP with 5.5mm in top of the Fix Connector. was formed in the centre of the Wifi-Mesh.





Installation of the Healing Cap and the Wifi-Mesh using the 0.9 Hex Driver on the Fix Connector placed in the INNO Sub. Fixture.



Dimension of the graft with 2.2mm in height and 2.6mm in width.



Bone graft with the INNO-CaP.

CT scan image showed that the Fixing Screw was successfully done

vertical augmentation with the

# Tenting Screw / Tenting Cap Bone

Buccal view after extraction of #36 showed severe vertical defect.





length was fixed instead of an implant for socket preservation at the site of #36.





Mattress key suture was carried out in order to decrease the possibility of exposures.



Panoramic view showed that the vertical augmentation with the Tenting Screw was successfully done.







After forming a hole on the

Wifi-Mesh and applying the

Wifi-Mesh, the Tenting Screw Cap

was fixed to the Tenting Screw

through the hole the Wifi-Mesh.





### CLINICAL CASE



Bone graft with the INNO-CaP.



A hole for the Cover Cap fixation was formed in the centre of the Wifi-Mesh.





Super-hydrophilised (SLA-SH) surface was installed on the INNO Sub. on surface treated.





Fixture.



diameter and 3mm in cuff.



Suture.

### InnoGenic Autobone Harvester [KIAH001]

> Maximize Your Return On Minimal Investment, Guaranteed!



#### Harvesting Drill









**Drill Stopper** 





Silicon Shield \* 1EA assembled with the Drill Stopper (KBHD3540). 5EA placed in the lower tray.



Safe The non-slip point design plays a guide role in anti-slip while drilling.

#### **Key Concepts**

#### Maximize your return on minimal investment

The key concept of the Autobone Harvester is to harvest a large amount of the autogenous bone chips from the implant site that can be wasted into the suction during implant drilling procedure.

Longer

#### **Features: Drill**



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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

Manufactured after numerous times and various types of test; Use longer and more times, compared to other products in the market.

#### Diverse

Diverse dimensions (Ø3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0 & 6.0mm) allow to harvest different volume of bone chips according to clinical indications.

#### Easy to identify

The colored band helps choose the right drill easily.

5		Ø4.0	Orange	Ø4.5	Green
0	Blue	Ø6.0	Purple		

#### Simple

The Stopper Holder is fastened with the Stopper and moves forward and backward when drilling, and it is simple to control drilling depth up to 5 to 7mm.

#### No Loss

The propeller shaped Drill design brings the bone chips into the Stopper without the bone chip being lost.

COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

#### Features: Stopper & Silicon Shield

#### For Ø3.5 & 4.0 Drill

#### Stopper

Used by fastening to the Stopper Holder of Ø3.5 & 4.0 Drill.

#### +



#### Silicon Shield (\*Exclusive for Ø3.5 & 4.0)

- Used by fastening to Ø3.5 & 4.0 stopper.
- Prevents deviation of bone chips.
- Allows bone chip harvesting from the implant site. - Reusable transparent silicon material allows checking drilling position and bone chips being harvested.



into close contact with the bone and makes sure with no bone chip loss while drilling.

#### Harvesting sequence:

Implant Site using Ø3.5/4.0 Harvesting Drill with the Silicon Shield





• Point drill to mark harvesting and implant site.

on the Ø3.5&4.0 Stopper.





• Disassemble the Silicon Shield, the Stopper and collect the bone chips for bone grafting.



• Apply the harvested bone chips on the site.

#### For Ø4.5 & 5.0 Drill

Stopper Used by fastening to the Stopper Holder of Ø4.5 & 5.0 Drill.

# Drilling Depth

#### For 6.0 Drill



Stopper Used by fastening to the Stopper Holder of Ø6.0 Drill.





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• Use Final Drill (equal to or over Ø3.5/4.0) according to the drilling protocol of the manufacturer and treatment planning.



• Drill at 300 to 500rpm with irrigation and harvest bone chips.



• Place the implant.

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#### Harvesting sequence:

**Buccal Bone Harvesting** using Ø3.5/4.0/4.5/5.0/6.0 Harvesting Drill

Select the drill according to its diameter and clinical indications.









• Drill at 300 to 500rpm with irrigation and harvest autogenous bone chips.

• Apply the harvested bone chips on the site.

### A Clinical Case using Ø3.5/4.0 Harvesting Drill





Drilling at 300rpm with irrigation was carried out after marking implant and harvesting position.



The Silicone Shield was brought into close contact with various types of bone levels and prevented bone chip loss.



The amount of bone taken was easily ascertained through the transparent Silicone Shield.





The bone was transferred to a bone dish after disassembling the Silicon Shield and Stopper The amount of the bone was much more than expected.



After the implant placement, healing abutments were connected and carried out GBR in the defective area.

\* 2 Step Harvesting : Drilling to 7mm is recommended after transferring bone chips to bowl since the Stopper & Silicon Shield are fully filled with bone chips while 4mm drilling.

### COWELL BMP Trephine Kit [KBT001]

> An easy-to-use kit with drills and instruments for block-type bone collection, failed fixture removal, crestal & window approach for sinus lift and bone chip extraction.



#### Trephine Drill I: Block Bone Extraction

uide & B







#### Trephine Drill II:

Failed Fixture Removal

#### **Fixture Removal**



Ø4



#### Trephine Drill III: Window Opening for Lateral Window Approach





07

04.5 00		01		
Product	Diameter	Code		
	Ø 6.0 (Inner)	KBGT60		
Block Bone Guide Drill	Ø 7.0 (Inner)	KBGT70		
	Ø 8.0 (Inner)	KBGT80		
	Ø 6.0 (Inner)	KBT60		
Block Bone Trephine Drill	Ø 7.0 (Inner)	KBT70		
	Ø 8.0 (Inner)	KBT80		
	Ø 4.2 (Inner)	KFRT40		
Fixture Removal Trephine Drill	Ø 4.7 (Inner)	KFRT45		
	Ø 5.2 (Inner)	KFRT50		
Window Trephine Drill	Ø 7.0 (Outer)	KWTT60		
	Ø 3.5 (Fixture)	KTIS35		
	Ø 4.0 (Fixture)	KTIS40		
Implant Site Drill	Ø 4.5 (Fixture)	KTIS45		
	Ø 5.0 (Fixture)	KTIS50		

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COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

#### Trephine Drill | Block Bone Extraction

This Drill allows the collection of block-type autogenous bone with a required size in the case of regenerating a wide bone defect and severe bone resorption.



#### Trephine Drill II Failed Fixture Removal



#### Trephine Drill III Window Opening for Lateral Window Approach





#### Implant Site Drill Sinus Lift & Bone Chip Extraction Prior to Implant Placement







Ø 5.0	
<b>KTIS</b> 50	

- > Used before the Final Drill is used (simplified drilling sequence).
- > Advantageous for securing autogenous bone.
- > Less rpm drilling leads to low bone heating.





### Atraumatic Extraction Kit [KAE001]

> Used for the immediate and effortless extraction of the root of the tooth with simple procedures.



#### (1) Diversity

A root extraction can be done regardless of whether residual amount of root is large or small.

#### (2) Safety

A root extraction without the risk of damaging adjacent teeth is possible using the Rest Plate, Elevator, etc.

#### (3) Convenience

A very simple and convenient root extraction is possible, compared to the existing extraction method.

#### (4) Reduced Procedure Time

The procedure time is reduced due to the simple procedure.

#### Composition



#### 1. Extraction Drill

> The Extraction Drill is composed of three types of Drills (Ø1.3 / Ø1.7 / Ø2.1) that can be selected according to the case.



#### 2. Extraction Screw

> The Extraction Screw is fastened into the hole that was created by the Extraction Drill via the Screw method, and it is stably fixed to the remaining root. It is composed of the Ø1.8 / Ø2.2 / Ø2.6 Screws that can be selected according to the Extraction Drill.
 > The Ø1.8 Screw is used for vital root of which canal is not treated, after using the Ø1.7 Drill.





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COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION

#### 3. Post Driver

> After connecting the Post Driver to the Extraction Screw, turn the Torque Wrench in a clockwise direction in order to fix it to the hole that was created by the Extraction Drill (recommended torque : Min. 20N.cm ~ Max. 35N.cm).



#### 4. Rest Plate

> The Rest Plate is connected between the Extraction Screw and the Torque Head. It protects the part with silicon that comes into direct contact with the adjacent teeth in order to prevent teeth damage. It also serves as a support for the Elevator and Torque Wrench.



#### 5. Torque Head

- > The Torque Head is connected to the Extraction Screw that is fixed in the tooth to be extracted. It fixes the gap of the Rest Plate and it can be used with the Elevator.
- > If the root to be extracted has both distal and mesial adjacent teeth, it will be extracted with the Torque Wrench (recommended torque : 100N.cm or less).





#### 6. Elevator

direction.



#### How to Use

- 1. Extraction Drill
- Create a hole on the tooth to be extracted using the Extraction Drill.



Caution A

- if the Drill and Screw penetrate the root.
- 2. Extraction Screw

Connect the Extraction Screw to the Post Driver and fix it to the hole created by rotating it clockwise (recommended torque: Min. 20N.cm ~ Max. 35N.cm).



#### Caution B

- Fix the Screw with 20~25N.cm.

Connect Post Driver to the Extraction Screw

#### > The Elevator is used by connecting it with the Torque Head and extracting the root by applying force toward a distal or mesial

- The Extraction Drill must follow the neural root canal during drilling. - Drill down to at least 10mm because extraction is possible even





- Drill to a depth of 10~12mm and insert the Extraction Screw at a depth of 10mm.

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#### \* Drilling Sequence

Root Canal Preparation



#### Atraumatic Extraction kit



#### Caution C

- Fix the screw with a torque of 20~25N.cm. If it is not applied, use a thicker Screw.
- The low torque force causes the Screw to fall out during the extraction, and the over torque force fractures tooth root.

#### 3. Rest Plate

After removing the Post Driver, connect a Rest Plate to the Extraction Screw by taking into account the adjacent teeth.



Rest Plate

#### 4. Torque Head

Connect the Torque Head to the Extraction Screw projected above the Rest Plate by rotating it clockwise.



Connect Torque Head to Screw

#### 5. Torque Wrench

Extract the tooth by rotating the Torque Head clockwise using the Torque Wrench.



Extraction Root

#### Caution E

- If there are adjacent teeth with 2 or higher swaying degrees, upward pulling or downward pressing should be applied using the Elevator so that the teeth will not receive force during extraction.



Caution F

- If there is an adjacent tooth projected to the mesiodistal root, it must be extracted using the Elevator.

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- Extraction using the Torque Wrench is possible in a root with mesiodistal root.

### AO4 Surgical Stent [KDSS001]

> Guide the position of Implant and Drill.



Characteristic

- > Guide the position of the implant and drill during implant placement.
- > It improves the stability and accuracy in surgery, and it can shorten the time.
- > By preventing the loss of healthy gums as much as possible, pre-fabricated prostheses can be placed immediately after surgery without the need for gum restoration.
- > Angled line allows more precise and predictable surgery.

#### Eligible for

- > A toothless patient.
- > Patient who do not want long-period of surgery.
- > Patients suffering from adult diseases such as hypertension and diabetes.
- > Patients who need precise implant treatment.

#### Instruction









Lock Abutment



234 AO4 Surgical Stent

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Place the AO4 Surgical Stent	<ul> <li>Make an incision for flap lift.</li> <li>Place the AO4 Surgical Stent using Ø2mm Twist Drill.</li> <li>* It is needed to check the position of mental foramen.</li> </ul>
Place the INNO Fixture	• Drill with reference to the angled line and place the fixture.
Place the Multi S&A Abutment or	<ul> <li>After placing the INNO fixture, connect the Multi S&amp;A Abutment according to the site.</li> <li>* Posterior site: Place the Multi A abutment (30°) with 30N.cm torque force.</li> <li>* Anterior site: Place the Multi A abutment (15°) or the Multi S abutment with 15N.cm torque force (it is possible to allow emergence of the prosthetic screw).</li> </ul>

**Placement** • After placing the INNO Fixture, connect Lock Abutment according to the site. \* If implant placement at an angle is not appropriate or not desired, using the INNO Sub. Short Implant is highly recommended.

### **Volume-up Guide System**

> Devised for preventing food penetration and forming natural cervical area by restoring contracted buccal alveolar bone & gingiva to the original shape and width.

#### 1. CONCEPT

• Peri-implant inflammations represent serious diseases after dental implant treatment, which affect both the surrounding hard and soft tissue.



To achieve long term success of implant without complications like peri-implantitis, right position of fixture with min. 2mm of buccal bone width for buccal gingival regeneration and alveolar bone regeneration at min. 3mm lower position to maintain gingival height is extremely essential.

Min. 2mm of buccal bone regeneration to maintain having buccal gingiva. (Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent 2005)

Alveolar bone regeneration at minimum 3mm lower position to maintain gingival height. (Clin Oral Implants Res 2000;11: 1–11.)



The Volume-up Guide System helps place implant in the right position according to 2 abovementioned clinical factors and helps select right dimension of the Healing Abutment to be used as a scaffold while gingival forming.

#### 2. SPECIFICATION

Volume-up Gauge



\* Actual diameter is 2mm larger than the diameter marked on the Volume-Up™ Gauge (E.g. Ø6.5 marked on the Gauge is actually Ø8.5).

- to keep the cervical portion of the implant prosthesis at the natural tooth width.
- > Used with the Volume-up Parallel Pin for multiple units or bridge.
- > Used with Point Drill (Ø2.1mm or less).
- > Laser marking identifiable from any position.

\* For the selection of the Healing Abutment, refer the pages 34, 63, 81 & 100.

#### Volume-up Parallel Pin





> Used to guide the position of implant placement and to guide the election of the Healing Abutment dimensions in order

> Used for bridge or multiple units with the Volume-up Gauge.

- > For Ø3.5, Ø4.5 and Ø5.5, place the fixture and use the Healing Abutment instead



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#### 3. PROCEDURE

#### I. Single Implant



Set the Volume-up Gauge on the implant site according to the diameter line marked on the Volume Up Gauge.



Drill and place the implant in accordance with the manufacturer's implantation sequence.



Position the Point Drill in the drill insertion groove of the Volume-up Gauge.



If implant placement torque is equal to or over 20~30N.cm, connect the Healing Abutment. If not, connect the Cover Screw and do primary closure.

#### **4. CLINICAL CASE**



Preoperative view of the healed ridge.







The Ø8.5 Healing Abutments were placed after initial & finial drilling and fixture placement and bone grafting, and the site was sutured.



food permeation.

II. Multiple Implants & Bridge



Set the Volume-up Gauge and position the Point Drill.



Insert the Volume-up Parallel Pin into the hole formed after point drilling.



Carry out the same as the previous step.

\* For the selection of the Healing Abutment, refer the pages 34, 63, 81 & 100.

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COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

line and point drilling was carried out.



The Ø8.5 Volume-up Parallel Pin was inserted into the hole formed by point drilling and point drilling was done at the next site guided by the Volume-up Gauge.

shape and width were restored, which will allow esthetically and functionally great prosthesis fabrication preventing

COWELL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

### **COWELL REGENERATIVE SOLUTION**

#### Inspire confidence through a comprehensive approach

#### INNO Oss B

InnoOss IB

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Carmelin

A xenograft composed of 100% bovine cancellous bone with 3-Dimensional structures that allow optimal cell attachment and blood penetration.

#### • INNO CaP

An osteoconductive resorbable synthetic bone graft material composed of 100% calcium phosphate to be progressively replaced by normal-structured bone in the healing period.

20

contuit moderate" Wifi-Mesh testate interaction PTCL

#### Mega Derm Plus

An acellular dermal matrix that resists resorption much longer than collagen membranes as the world's first basement membrane layer removed matrix to maximize the transplant engraftment rate.



An allograft composed of 50% cortical bone and 50% cancellous

bone made of FDBA whose efficacy and safety have been verified

with the highest pharmacological standard of AATB.

**INNO Oss Allo** 

#### COWELL BMP

The WORLD'S FIRST E.rhBMP-2-based bone graft material that induces bone and cartilage formation as a retinoid mediator that plays a key role in osteoblast differentiation.

#### → PTFE-Mesh

CONTRACT.

A cost-effective, non-resorbable PTFE barrier membrane to be applied over intraoral defects, especially tooth extraction and bone-augmented sites. As it is pre-sterilized, no more sterilization is required.

INNOGE

InnoGenic" PTFE-Plast







#### Wifi-Mesh

A non-resorbable barrier membrane reinforced with Wifi symbol-shaped titanium frame between PTFE layers of which efficacy and safety have been proven through numerous clinical trials and registered in CE, TGA, MFDS, etc.

### **COWELL BMP**

### Osteoinductive Bone Graft rhBMP-2 + BCP/DCP

The world's first E.rhBMP-2 (E.Coli derived Recombinant Human Bone Morphogenetic Protein type 2), as a growth factor that induces bone and cartilage formation. It is a retinoid mediator that plays a key role in osteoblast differentiation.

#### Composition

COWELL BMP is bone graft material based on the E.rhBMP-2, developed for the first time in the world. It is supported by 10 years of clinical data and over 40 studies.
BCP/DCP as a carrier allows maintenance of space.

#### Features

- Primary closure for soft tissue regeneration is not required.
- Regenerates adherent gingiva.
- Simplifies challenging bone grafting and soft tissue regeneration.
- Acts directly on stem cells.
- Induces bone regeneration without infection in extraction socket.
- Contains 1mg of bone morphogenic protein per 1g of the particle (1g of autologous bone contains 2ng of bone morphogenic protein).



### **Development Background**

Triad of Tissue Engineering



#### Autologous stem cell transplantation

• Less effective due to difficulty of the engraftment in early stage of tissue regeneration

• Cell cultivation causes enormous expense

#### However, Stem cell growth factors

Effective in tissue regeneration for all vertebrates
Even human growth factor is effective in both human and animals

#### Stem cell transplantation VS rhBMP-2



Stem cell transplantation







## Mechanism of Action of COWELL BMP



Mesenchymal Stem cell

1. rhBMP-2 bonds with BMP-2 receptor of Stem cell to activate intracellular phosphorylating enzyme.



3. VEGF promotes cell growth by inducing angiogenesis to nourish Stem cell.



5. Proliferated Stem cells, differentiate into various cells according to surrounding tissues.







6. Differentiated cells form neoplastic tissues and remodel them according to the surrounding environment.

### **Product Type**

#### COWELL BMP (One vial)



• Dose and particle size of the COWELL BMP



X A vial of 0.1g can be used for less than one extraction socket, while 0.25g/0.5g can be used for maxillary sinus or for the wide bone defect area.



#### COWELL BMP Plus (Two vials)



• Dose and particle size of the COWELL BMP Plus.

BMP 0.1mg				
Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size	
EBB0125	0.1mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB0105	0.1mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB1110	0.1mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB1220	0.1mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm	

MP	0.5mg	

BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
0.5mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
0.5mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
0.5mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
0.5mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm
	0.5mg 0.5mg 0.5mg	0.5mg         0.25g           0.5mg         0.5g           0.5mg         1g

BMP 2mg				
Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size	
EBB2025	2mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB2050	2mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB2011	2mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm	
EBB2012	2mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm	

#### BMP 0.25mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
EDDOGOG	0.05	0.05	0.44.4.0
EBB2525	0.25mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB2505	0.25mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB1125	0.25mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB1225	0.25mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm

#### BMP 1mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
EBB1025	1mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB1050	1mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB1011	1mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
EBB1012	1mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm



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#### INNO GF Kit (Two vials + Saline Solution + Syringe)



• Dose and particle size of the INNO GF Kit.

#### BMP 0.1mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
IBB0125	0.1mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB0105	0.1mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1110	0.1mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1220	0.1mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm

#### BMP 0.5mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
IBB0525	0.5mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB0505	0.5mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1150	0.5mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1250	0.5mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm

#### BMP 2mg

BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
2mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
2mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
2mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
2mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm
	2mg 2mg 2mg	2mg         0.25g           2mg         0.5g           2mg         1g

#### BMP 0.25mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
IBB2525	0.25mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB2505	0.25mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1125	0.25mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1225	0.25mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm

#### BMP 1mg

Product Code	BMP Dose	Particle Dose	Particle Size
IBB1025	1mg	0.25g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1050	1mg	0.5g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1011	1mg	1g	0.41~1.0mm
IBB1012	1mg	2g	0.41~1.0mm



### **User Guide COWELL BMP**

A. Method I



a. Transfer DCP graft material (Vial I).



c. Mix BMP solution with DCP or plus autogenic / allograft and, apply to the recipient site.

#### B. Method II





a. Transfer DCP graft material (Vial I) into a container.



d. Mix rhBMP-2 with distilled water (saline solution) and wait for 10 to 15 seconds before using.





b. Inject distilled water into vial II with lyophilized rhBMP-2 power in it and mix with the powder.





d. Cover the defect area using a barrier membrane or suture natural soft tissue without membrane.



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#### C. Method III



a. Inject distilled water into vial  $I\!I$  with lyophilized rhBMP-2 power in it and mix with the powder.



c. Hydrate BMP-2 solution into membrane.



b. Aspirate the mixture using a syringe.



d. Apply BMP-2 solution socked membrane to damaged site.

#### Dose of distilled water to make the mixture (BMP-2 Solution)

BMP Dose	Distilled Water Dose	BMP Dose	Distilled Water Dose
0.1mg	0.1ml	2mg	1.6ml
0.25mg	0.2ml	5mg	4ml
0.5mg	0.4ml	10mg	8ml
1mg	0.8ml	20mg	16ml

### Video

#### 1. Mixture with bone graft material

#### Full dose of COWELL BMP

Douse bone graft material immediately before the graft to minimize the time for rhBMP-2 protein to adsorb to bone graft calcium ingredient.





Particle bone graft

Collagen Plug

#### <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> dose of COWELL BMP

Even if the solution leaks out of the gingival after the injection, the effect is the same since the minimum effective drug dose has reached the stem cells.





General Syringe

Lidocaine Syringe

#### 3. COWELL BMP coated implant

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> dose of COWELL BMP

The bone marrow stem cells are directly activated by placement of rhBMP-2 coated implant.





INNO Implant\_1

INNO Implant\_2

\* Scan above QR code to watch videos of user guide of COWELL BMP

Excess leakage of COWELL BMP





Bone matrix

#### 2. Injection into bone graft site

Moderate leakage of COWELL BMP



Moderate leakage of COWELL BMP



### Safety of COWELL BMP

#### Q: Bone overgrowth by rhBMP-2?

A : rhBMP-2 is safe from bone overgrowth because Twist-2 is synthesized in Stem cells to stop cell division when bone formation period is completed.



Cell, Vol. 112, 169–180, January 24, 2003 European Journal of Endocrinology (2000) 142 9–21



Cell proliferation Cell differentiation

Bonding to BMP-2 receptor

#### · Signal pathway

· Nuclear activation

#### VEGF, BMP Synthesis

#### Q : Swelling occurrence after using rhBMP-2?

A : Relief incision may cause swelling due to angiogenesis proliferation in muscle but it is pain-free. Also, swelling is a transitional phenomenon and it is not a side effect.



#### Q : Seroma occurrence after using rhBMP-2?

A : After sinus lift surgery, excessive secretion of exudate during healing period may undertow in the grafted site of sealed maxillary sinus and develop into seroma but soon disappear. To limit the use to a maximum of 0.25 mg is safer rather than a high dose.



### Q : Correlation between cancer incidence and usual dose of rhBMP-2?

A : Generally, rhBMP-2 may be related to cancer incidence only when total dose is over 40mg. Countless research has proven that the safety standard dose is 4.2~8.4mg. COWELL BMP is supplied below the safety standard dose only.

(E.g. COWELLBMP 0.25g contains 0.25mg of rhBMP-2 which is 15 to 30 times lower than the safety standard.)



### **Effectiveness of COWELL BMP**

#### Critically Defected Model

### Bone Graft Type

Without rhBMP-2

With rhBMP-2









### rhBMP-2 Coated Implant

Vertical Defect



### Dehiscence Defect

**Bone Graft** 



\* Bone is safely formed without barrier membrane after rhBMP-2 bone graft, however, when use of general bone graft, barrier membrane is essential

# COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM



8 weeks after surgery

4 weeks after surgery

At Surgery

rhBMP-2 Bone Graft



COWELL BMP 255

### **Effectiveness of COWELL BMP**

#### Comparison with other materials

Both Calcium Pyrophosphate, CPP(Ca/P=1) and Biphasic Calcium Phosphate, BCP(Ca/P=1.55) are very effective for early osteoanagenesis. CPP, however, has higher absorption rate than BCP and is slightly more effective for osteoanagenesis.





There is no difference in the ratio of new bone generation. However, Graft B forms hard fibrous tissue between particles and the COWELL BMP fills bone marrow tissue. The Graft B received site has high resistance against drilling while the COWELL BMP has excellence in bone remodeling by bone.





COWELL BMP

### CLINICAL CASE

#### Case 1.

Bone Regeneration and Gingival Improvement Using Bone Augmentation using COWELL BMP



Dr. Claudio Sotomayor Julio, D.D.S. Chille



Pre-operative



2 layers of membrane placement with COWELL BMP BCP powder



INNO implant placement



COWELL BMP injection



Post-operative



4 months healing period and removal of adhesive provisional tooth



5 months



Pre-operation (18.08.02)

Post-operation (18.08.02)

REID



1 month



2 weeks after connection surgery

5 month after surgery : final rehabilitation



4 months (18.12.03)



1 year (19. 08. 06)



### CLINICAL CASE

Case 2.

Bone regeneration in combination of rhBMP-2 and autogenous bone



Preoperative 2010.04.05

62 years old, Female



Postoperative 2010.04.05



10 months 2011.02.25



8 years 2019.01.18 63 years old, Male

Preoperative **.** 2010. 04. 06



9 months 2011.01.19



8 years 2019.01.08

### CLINICAL CASE

Case 3. Staged implantation in healed ridge and extraction socket







COWELLMEDI HISTORY

### Scientific Proofs of COWELL BMP's Effectiveness

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20. The effect of anodized implants coated with combined rhBMP-2 and recombinant human vascular endothelial

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31. Soft and hard tissue changes when socket preservation using rhBMP-2, PRP and Non-Resorbable dPTFE

### INNO-CaP Calcium Phosphate , Synthetic Bone Graft

#### Osteoconductive resorbable synthetic bone graft material

- INNO-CaP is an osteoconductive synthetic resorbable bone graft material consisting of Calcium Phosphate.
- INNO-CaP is completely resorbed and progressively replaced by normal-structured bone in the healing period.

#### **Excellent Biocompatibility and Conductivity**

• The characteristic biocompatibility and conductivity of the INNO-CaP represent the most safety.

#### Cell culture SEM images (14 days)



X1,000



X1,000



#### A porosity for new bone ingrowth

• The porosity promotes ingrowth of osteoblast, osteoclast, and growth factors.

#### Particle surface SEM image



X50

#### Indications Sinus graft surgery

- For sinus graft, INNO-CaP is used alone or in combination with the other graft materials.
- Healing periods residual bone height.

residual bone height	less than 1mm	2~4mm	more than 4 mm
implant placement	post operation 9~12 months	post operation 6 months	simultaneous placement

#### **GBR** (Guided Bone Regeneration)

- Minimize the amount of autogenous bone.
- Sub-graft materials.
- Vertical and lateral augmentation.
- It is highly recommended to use with COWELL BMP.

#### **Dose and Particle Size**

Product Code	Particle Size	Particle Dose
IG1025	0.4~1.0mm	0.25g
IG1050		0.5g
IG1001		1g
IG1002		2g
IG1425	1.0~1.4mm	0.25g
IG1450		0.5g
IG1401		1g
IG1402		2g

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X500

### CLINICAL CASE 1





INNO CaP



Post-OP



Pre-OP



Post-OP



POD 10 weeks

POD 10 weeks



POD 1 year 6 months





Pre-OP

Severe defect



Horizontal defect

INNO CaP



Healing period

POD 11 weeks



Pre-OP CT





Post-OP CT



POD 11 weeks



POD 12 weeks



### CLINICAL CASE 2





Vertical defect

MegaDerm Plus







POD 11 weeks



POD 1 year 9 months



POD 1 year 9 months

COWELLMEDI HISTORY

### **INNO OSS Allo**

Allograft FDBA, Cortical 50% Cancellous 50%

#### **Product Features**

- This product is made up of human tissue from trusted donors whose gender, age, and medical history were checked to ensure that their tissue could be used safely.
- It is an ideal combination of 50% cortical powder and 50% cancellous powder for bone induction.
- The 50% cortical powder maintains the space of the transplanted area during the new bone formation due to the delayed absorption rate. [OsteoConduction]
- 50% cancellous powder is rich in minerals and collagen that promote cell adhesion, bone remodeling, and vascular re-formation. [OsteoInduction]
- To prevent cross-infection by a different donor, the process is done by a single donor.
- Under the higher-level pharmacological standards (medical criteria) of the American Association of Tissue Banks (AATB), we sampled, processed, and distributed the allograft tissue.
- We recommend use of this product with the COWELL BMP.
- INNO OSS Allo is classified as a MEDICAL DEVICE.

#### **SEM Image**



#### **Specifications**

Туре	Particle Size	Particle Dose
OSS3A	0.4 ~ 1.0mm	0.3g
OSS6A	0.4 ~ 1.0mm	0.6g

#### Method of Use









Turn and pull out the syringe cap to remove it. Graft

Graft it in the desired area.

### INNO OSS B Bovine Bone Substitute

#### A Bone 100% fused to Natural Human Bone

- Fast blood penetration.
- Super-hydrophilicity.
- 3D structure.
- Fast and easy to handle.
- Maximizes bone fusion.
- Mutually connected porosity.
- Optimal cell attachment and blood absorption.
- Stimulates the activity of osteoclasts and osteoblasts.



50X Magnification

1000X Magnification 1500X Magnification

#### Safe & Trustable Material

- Made of 100% bovine cancellous bone.
- Cleansing more than 30 times to completely remove organic matter.
- Firmed bone formation as highly dense.
- 100% pure HA & 99.73% of bone crystallization.





Graft test 1

Raw material

(New bone formation clearly observed around grafted bone site)

#### **Specifications**

Product Code	Particle Size	Volume
G2015	0.25~1.0mm	0.15g
G2025	0.25~1.0mm	0.25g
G2050	0.25~1.0mm	0.5g
G2100	0.25~1.0mm	1g

rubber cap.







Fast and Perfect Blood Permeation by Super-Hydrophilicity



Product Code	Particle Size	Volume
G5015	1.0~2.0mm	0.15g
G5025	1.0~2.0mm	0.25g
G5050	1.0~2.0mm	0.5g
G5100	1.0~2.0mm	1g

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### CLINICAL CASE 1



Fig 01. Preoperative radiograph.



Fig 02. Preoperative CBCT image. Sinusitis in bone sinus cavities.



Fig 03. Incision and flap elevation. Removal of granulation tissue.



Fig 04. Suction of pus from the sinus.



Fig 05. Bone grafting with InnoOss B. Resorbable membrane application.



Fig 06. Postoperative radiograph.



Fig 07. Preoperative CBCT image.



Final restoration delivery.



Fig 08. Postoperative radiograph at week 6. Fig 09. CBCT image of postoperative 10 month.



Fig 01. Preoperative radiograph. 3months after extraction in lower left posterior.





Fig 04. Bone grafting with InnoOss B and InnoOss Allo.





Fig 07. Postoperative radiograph.

Fig 08. Postoperative CBCT image of #35(Lt), #37(Rt).



Fig 10. Clinical view of postoperative 4months. Final restoration delivery.





Fig 02. Incision and flap elevation.



Fig 03. Implant placement on #35, 37.



Fig 05. Non-resorbable membrance application.



Fig 06. Suture.





Fig 09. Clinical view of postoperative 2weeks.

Fig 11. Radiograph of postoperative 4 months.



Fig 12. 4 month postoperative CBCT image of #35(Lt), #37(Rt).

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COWELLMEDI HISTORY

### MEGA DERM PLUS Acellular Dermal Matrix

#### **Product Features**

- This product can carry out the functional blocks of the membrane (soft tissue penetration protection) due to its long absorption period, and has excellent manipulability.
- This product is produced under the stringent standards of the MFDS.
- The world's first E-Beam sterilization can induce safe and prompt engraftment.
- E-Beam is safe and can be effectively sterilized without destroying the collagen tissue structure.
- This product is the first in the world with the basement membrane layer removed (patent pending) to maximize the transplant engraftment rate.
- This shows the high engraftment rate after the transplant by maximizing the influx of fibroblasts and/or the neovascularization. (Patent Application No. 10-2012-0026616)

### 60 M C G A DERM PLUS X





Normal skin

#### The world's first 'E-Beam' sterilization that does not destroy the collagen structure





#### **Application**

- Mucogingival defect.
- Soft tissue formation around the implant area.
- Wide perforation in the Schneiderian membrane.

**SEM Images** (They have kept the collagen structure after the E-Beam sterilization.)









A. SEM (x200)

B. SEM (x20,000)

C. TEM (Transverse section)

D. TEM (Cross section)

#### **Specifications**

Product Code	Size	Thickness
D1520P	15x20mm	0.5~0.7mm
D1525P	15x25mm	0.5~0.7mm

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#### MEGA DERM PLUS three-dimensional structure of the dermis





Other product

### CLINICAL CASE 1



Pre-OP



MegaDerm Plus



Post-OP



POD 3 months



Pre-OP



Post-OP



POD 3 months





Pre-OP



INNO implant





POD 9 months

POD 9 months





Pre-OP CT

Post-OP CT



POD 1 year 6 months



### CLINICAL CASE 2





Pre-OP

MegaDerm Plus





POD 3 weeks



POD 9 months



POD 1 year 6 months

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### InnoGenic Non-resorbable Membranes

#### InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh and InnoGenic PTFE-Mesh

• The InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh, PTFE-Mesh and Ti-Mesh are non-resorbable barrier membranes to be applied over intraoral defects, especially, tooth extraction and bone augmented sites. The InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh and PTFE-Mesh are made of proprietary 100% PTFE, the polytetrafluoroethylene (teflon) sheet which is a biologically inactive and tissue compatible material and the InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh is reinforced with titanium frames (Titanium Gr II, ASTM F 67) embedded between two layers of PTFE sheets.

#### InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh

> Packing unit: 1ea





Product Code	Size	Thickness
BTP1424AA	14X24	0.25
BTP1424AB	14X24	0.25
BTP1525BB	15X25	0.25
BTP1725CA	17X25	0.25
BTP2030AB	20X30	0.25
BTP2530AB	25X30	0.25
BTP3040AB	30X40	0.25







BTP1424AA

BTP1424AB

BTP1525BB

BTP1725CA



#### **Clinical Case using the Wifi-Mesh**





 Periodontitis with local osteomyelitis of #45 & 47 Bone graft using INNO-OSS Allo

3 months later

#### InnoGenic PTFE-Mesh

> Packing unit: 5ea



#### Features

• Non-resorbable: Made of 100% non-resorbable material for users to modulate healing period.

#### • Non-porous (0.0 µm) + Open Membrane Sheet Technique: Prevention of infection or other possible defects caused

Technique

- · Prevention of Displacement: Not only being sutured along with gingiva but also being fixed with components from the InnoGenic GBR Kit to prevent displacement of the product.
- · Close to Transparency: Observation of the healing of the underlying tissue through almost transparent PTFE surface allows more predictable result and helps determine removal time easier.
- Easy to be Customized: Easy to modify the shape according to shape and dimension of the defect.
- Easy to be Removed : Put a hook in the hole of the titanium frame of the InnoGenic Wifi-Mesh and in any center part of the InnoGenic PTFE-Mesh and remove.



 Shielding soft tissue penetration using Wifi-Mesh



Removal of Wifi-Mesh



Dense periosteum laver has been



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Product Code	Size	Thickness
<b>TS</b> 24301	24 x 30	0.1

- from passage or integration of bacteria through the porosity of plaster and it even allows to application of the Open Membrane Sheet

#### Indications



### CLINICAL APPLICATION Wifi-Mesh





Pre-op





Clinical occlusal view of #45 and #46 showed severe bone defects.

Buccal bone graft technique with Wifi-mesh of #45



Wifi-Meshes were applied to the defect.



#### Case 1

Implant placement



Implant placement





Wifi-Mesh trimming



Open membrane technique in extraction socket of #46





COWELLMEDI HISTORY

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### CLINICAL APPLICATION Wifi-Mesh

### CLINICAL APPLICATION Wifi-Mesh

#### Case 2 \_ Dr. Hoyeol Jang



Pre-OP panorama





Flap reflection



Drillina



Implant placement of #43, 44, 45 & 46



Wifi-Mesh



Wifi-mesh preparation \*It must be bent to form a shape, and If it is bent incompletely, it can spread inside the gingiva.



Wifi-mesh placement

Bone graft



Implant placement of #33, 34, 35 & 36



Releasing incision



Wifi-Mesh placement



Membrane holding suture

Primary suture



Post OP panorama







2 months after the 1st surgery

2nd surgery and Wifi-Mesh removal





The defect area was fully filled with the new bone.



Membrane removal



2nd OP panorama

# COWELLMEDI HISTORY

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CT scan images after GBR shows significant amount of alveolar bone regeneration.



The Wifi-mesh was easily removed.

Installation of healing abutments



Incision of #43 and 44



Both horizontal and vertical bone regeneration was noticed clinically.



POD 3 months Temporary loading



Uncovering surgery of Lower jaw

COWELL IMPLANT SYSTEM

### CLINICAL APPLICATION PTFE-Mesh

#### Case 1

Open membrane technique and immediate implant placement in maxillary molars







The maxillary molars were extracted. The PTFE-Mesh was covered over the bone graft of socket preservation and implants.



3 weeks. 3 weeks after the graft operation, the PTFE-Mesh was removed. The new keratinized gingiva was regenerated on the bone graft particles.



4 months. 4 months after the graft operation, the keratinized gingiva was regenerated in the defect of socket.



At visit.



Surgery.



6 months.



32 months.

After 6 months of implant placement, the splinted crown was placed. There was no loss of marginal bone at the 32 months follow-up visit.

As result, the immediate implant placement and the open membrane technique with socket bone graft could make the new keratinized gingiva.

### CLINICAL APPLICATION PTFE-Mesh

Lateral bone graft with immediate implant placement in mandibular molars





Lateral bone graft with implant placement was done in mandibular 1st molar.





3 weeks after the graft operation, the PTFE-Mesh was removed. The new keratinized gingiva was regenerated on the bone graft particles.





At visit.





4 months.

keratinized gingiva.

During healing period, the crestal bone level was decreased in the site of lateral bone graft. From 4 months to 31 months of follow-up visit, there was no the loss of marginal bone. As result, lateral bone graft with implant placement and open membrane technique in extraction socket could make the new

Case 2



The extraction sockets of 2nd molar and 2nd premolar were grafted with the open membrane technique.



3 months after the graft operation, the keratinized gingiva was regenerated in the defect of socket.



InnoGenic Non-resorbable Membranes 283

Lateral bone graft.

31 months.

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COWELL VERATIVE SOLUTION

### CLINICAL APPLICATION PTFE-Mesh

#### Case 3

Socket preservation with immediate implant placement in mandibular premolars







Socket bone graft with implant placement was done in the buccal wall defect of mandibular premolars. The extraction sockets of premolars were grafted with the open membrane technique.



3 weeks after the graft operation, the PTFE-Mesh was removed. The new keratinized gingiva was regenerated on the bone graft particles.







At visit.



15 months.



Surgery.



28 months.



3 months.

28 months of follow-up visit, there was no the loss of marginal bone.

As result, the open membrane technique with implant placement in he buccal wall defect of premolars could make the new keratinized gingiva.

#### MEMO



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